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*Emor H. Harding, Secretary*  
*6 Beacon Street, Boston*

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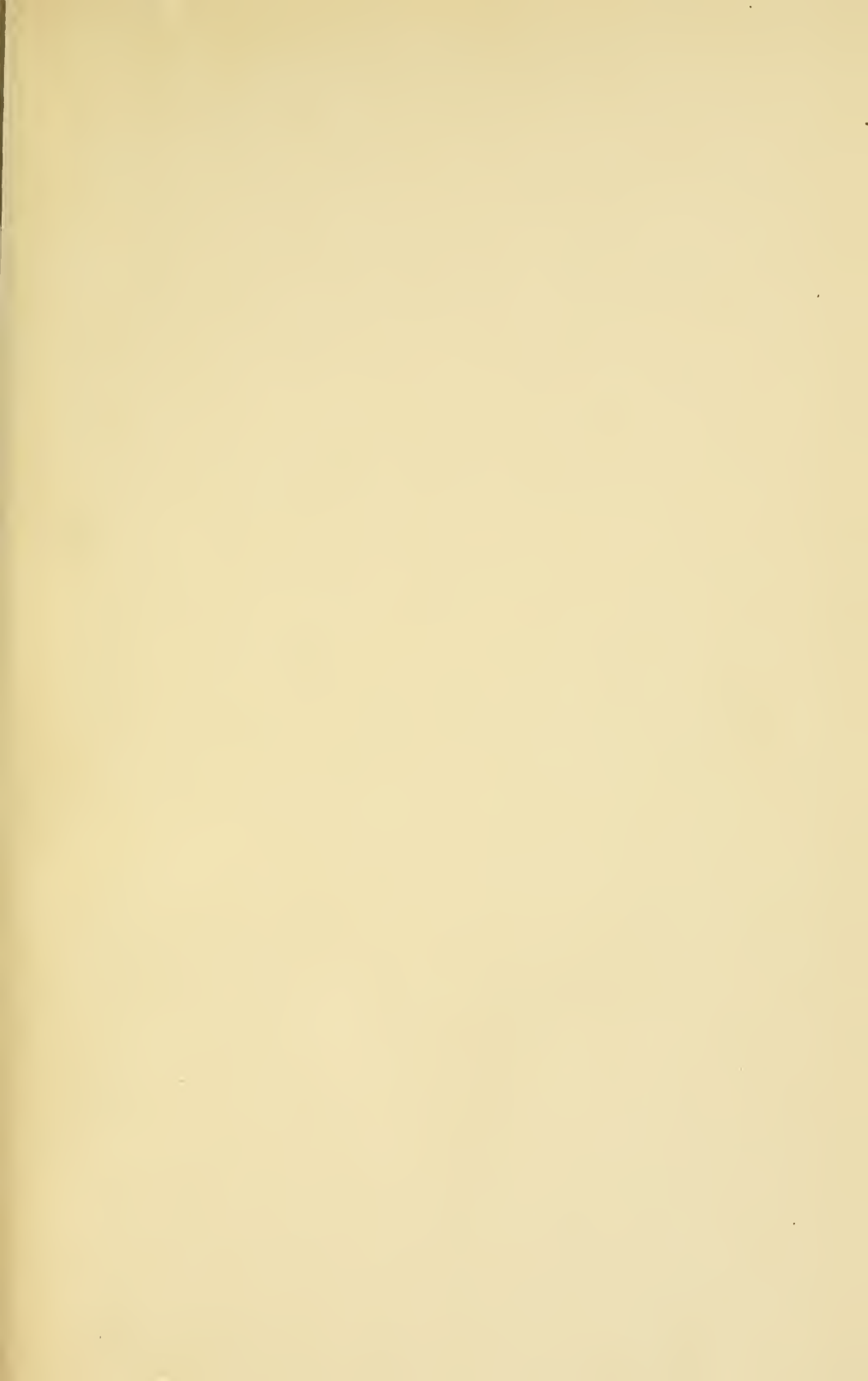




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HARVARD COLLEGE  
THE CLASS OF 1876







Yours truly  
Mervyn C. Williams



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HARVARD COLLEGE  
THE CLASS OF 1876  
NINTH REPORT OF THE SECRETARY  
1876-1916

PRINTED FOR THE USE OF THE CLASS  
THE UNIVERSITY PRESS, CAMBRIDGE, 1916

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CLASS COMMITTEE

HARCOURT AMORY

WILLIAM MASON BRADLEY

ALEXANDER WADSWORTH LONGFELLOW

CLASS SECRETARY

EMOR HERBERT HARDING

6 BEACON STREET, BOSTON



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MEMBERS OF THE CLASS





## CLASS OF 1876

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <p><i>Daniel Webster Abercrombie</i><br/> <i>Harcourt Amory</i><br/>           *<i>Daniel Carpenter Bacon</i>,<br/>             *1901<br/> <i>Thurlow Weed Barnes</i><br/>           *<i>Frank Wheeler Barrett</i>,<br/>             *1878<br/> <i>Charles Henry Barrows</i><br/>           *<i>Charles John Bell</i>, *1903<br/> <i>Marcus Percival Bennett</i><br/> <i>John King Berry</i><br/> <i>Edward Bicknell</i><br/>           *<i>Samuel McCully Black</i>,<br/>             *1909<br/>           *<i>Frederick Addison</i><br/>             <i>Blandy</i>, *1880<br/>           *<i>Henry Johnson Blandy</i>,<br/>             *1879<br/> <i>Joel Carlton Bolan</i><br/> <i>John Franklin Botume</i><br/> <i>Henry Sherman Boutell</i><br/> <i>Alfred Bowditch</i><br/>           *<i>George Hillard Bradford</i>,<br/>             *1890<br/> <i>Robert Stow Bradley</i><br/> <i>William Mason Bradley</i><br/>           *<i>Henry Hobart Brown</i>,<br/>             *1899</p> | <p>*<i>William Albert Brownlow</i>, *1905<br/> <i>James Hovey Bullard</i><br/> <i>William Harry Burbank</i><br/> <i>Frank Wesley Burnham</i><br/> <i>Frank Woodruff Chapin</i><br/> <i>Frank Eugene Chase</i><br/>           *<i>William Leverett Chase</i>,<br/>             *1895<br/>           *<i>James Edwin Cleaves</i>,<br/>             *1915<br/>           *<i>William Branford Shubrick Clymer</i>, *1903<br/>           *<i>Walter Stow Collins</i>,<br/>             *1893<br/> <i>Richard Smith Culbreth</i><br/> <i>George Miller Cumming</i><br/> <i>Ralph Wormeley Curtis</i><br/> <i>Simon Davis</i><br/> <i>William Davis</i><br/> <i>Lafayette Hoyt DeFries</i><br/>           *<i>Charles Albert Dickinson</i>, *1907<br/> <i>Loren Griswold DuBois</i><br/>           *<i>William Frederic Duff</i>,<br/>             *1911<br/>           *<i>Willard Knowlton Dyer</i>,<br/>             *1915<br/> <i>Adoniram Judson Eaton</i></p> |
|--|---|

- \**Arthur Stearns Eddy*,  
     \*1908  
 \**George Homans Eldridge*,  
     \*1905  
     *Harold Clarence Ernst*  
     *Henry Theophilus Finck*  
 \**Samuel Tucker Fisher*,  
     \*1911  
     *James Henry Flint*  
     *Thomas Trueman Gaff*  
     *Robert Hallowell Gar-*  
         *diner*  
     *Jabez Edward Giles*  
     *John Garretson Gopsill*  
     *William Henry Gove*  
     *Egbert Henry Grandin*  
 \**George Walton Green*,  
     \*1903  
     *Herbert Green*  
     *Frederick Lewis Greene*  
 \**Robert Wheaton Guild*,  
     \*1880  
     *Edward Cunningham*  
         *Hall*  
     *Emor Herbert Harding*  
 \**Azariah Boody Harris*,  
     \*1892  
 \**Edmund Pitts Harrison*,  
     \*1913  
 \**Roe Hasbrouck*, \*1879  
 \**Edmund Trowbridge*  
     *Hastings*, \*1886  
 \**Holmes Hinckley*, \*1891  
     *David Blakely Hoar*
- \**Rockwood Hoar*, \*1906  
     *Henry Dexter Brewer*  
         *Hobson*  
 \**John Charles Holman*,  
     \*1898  
 \**Horace Nathaniel*  
     *Hooper*, \*1897  
     *Charles Isham*  
     *George Burnham Ives*  
 \**Oscar Roland Jackson*,  
     \*1916  
     *George Edward Jacobs*  
     *Henry Percy Jaques*  
 \**Stephen Henry Jecko*,  
     \*1896  
     *Glidden Wood Joy*  
     *William Mitchell Kendall*  
 \**Frederic Henry Kidder*,  
     \*1915  
 \**William Fargo Kip*,  
     \*1905  
     *Samuel Dana Kittredge*  
     *Elliot Cabot Lee*  
 \**Edward Brown Le-*  
     *favour*, \*1889  
 \**Willis Daniels Leland*,  
     \*1902  
     *Frank Shalter Livingood*  
     *George Ashley Long*  
     *Alexander Wadsworth*  
         *Longfellow*  
 \**Francis Cabot Lowell*,  
     \*1911  
     *Percival Lowell*

- \*Frank MacArthur,*  
*\*1889*  
*Frederick Clement*  
*McDuffie*  
*\*Daniel Cady McMartin,*  
*\*1895*  
*Leonard Jarvis Man-*  
*ning*  
*Philippe Belknap Marcou*  
*\*William Mason, \*1892*  
*\*Hiram Roberts Mills,*  
*\*1906*  
*\*Francis Minot, \*1883*  
*William Henry Moody*  
*\*Frank Hatch Morgan,*  
*\*1910*  
*William Russell Morse*  
*\*Arthur St. John New-*  
*berry, \*1912*  
*\*George Augustus Nicker-*  
*son, \*1901*  
*John Bartow Olmsted*  
*Walter Joseph Otis, S.B.*  
*\*William Reynolds Page,*  
*\*1904*  
*\*Cyrus Tracy Peckham,*  
*\*1905*  
*\*Benjamin Osgood Peirce,*  
*\*1914*  
*George Stevenson Pine*  
*\*Silas Allen Potter, \*1892*  
*David Jay Richards*  
*William Phillips*  
*Richards*
- William Corcoran Riggs*  
*Alden Sampson*  
*George Amory Sargent*  
*Henry Sargent*  
*\*David Theodore Selig-*  
*man, \*1907*  
*\*Samuel Sherwood, \*1905*  
*Thomas Hammond Silver*  
*\*Frank Henry Sleeper,*  
*\*1898*  
*\*Edward Stetson, \*1913*  
*Milan Fillmore Stevens*  
*\*Charles Wade Stickney,*  
*\*1904*  
*Sumner Burritt Stiles*  
*Frederic Jesup Stimson*  
*\*Charles Pratt Strong,*  
*\*1893*  
*Thomas Lincoln Talbot*  
*Newell Aldrich Thomp-*  
*son*  
*Alonzo Lilly Thomsen*  
*Charles Franklin Thwing*  
*Arthur Butler Twombly*  
*James Alexander Tyng*  
*Eugene Wambaugh*  
*\*Samuel Gray Ward,*  
*\*1900*  
*Charles Eliot Ware*  
*\*William Fletcher Weld,*  
*\*1893*  
*Francis Lewis Wellman*  
*\*John Elliott Wetherbee,*  
*\*1885*

*Alfred Allison Wheeler*  
 \**Edmund March Wheel-*  
*wright, \*1912*  
*John Tyler Wheelwright*  
 \**Theodore Chickering*  
*Williams, \*1915*

\**John Flack Winslow,*  
 \*1913  
*Charles Bryant Witherlee*  
 \*60+83=143

#### TEMPORARY MEMBERS

*Walter Scott Andrews*  
 \**William Henry Atkinson,*  
 \*1915  
 \**John Richard Baldwin,*  
 \*1897  
 \**Charles Joseph Bellamy,*  
 \*1910  
 \**Walker Blaine, \*1890*  
 \**Charles Albert Blymyer,*  
 \*1897  
 \**George Gilbert Blymyer,*  
 \*1882  
*Lawrence Bond*  
*William Edmundstone*  
*Boynton*  
*John Fletcher Burris*  
 \**Edmund Walstein Davis,*  
 \*1908  
 \**Orrando Perry Dexter,*  
 \*1903  
*Augustus Reynolds Dillon*  
*Frank Haynes Drew*  
 \**Frank Herbert Eaton,*  
 \*1908  
 \**William Daniel Ellet,*  
 \*1874

*Arthur Ossoli Fuller*  
*Frederick Wood Griffin*  
 \**Albert Swan Hancox,*  
 \*1879  
*Charles Francis Hodges*  
*William Lawrence Hu-*  
*mason*  
 \**Alfred Henry Jones,*  
 \*1873  
 \**Charles Abbot Kebler,*  
 \*1887  
*Samuel Wilson Kerr*  
 \**Charles Lowell, \*1906*  
*Walter Emerson Lufkin*  
*Melvin Everhart Lynn*  
 \**Octavius Warren Meeks,*  
 \*1876  
*John Davis Mercur*  
*Lawrence Vernon Mil-*  
*ler*  
 \**Thomas Hollingsworth*  
*Morris, \*1876*  
 \**William Radcliffe Mor-*  
*ris, \*1900*  
 \**Henry Gilman Nichols,*  
 \*1900

*Robert Henry Oliphant, *1873	*Gardner Thomas, *1880
*Howard Lawrence Os- good, *1909	*Isaiah Thomas, *1890
*Edward Everett Parker, *1896	*Frank Pemberton Ward, *1915
Harold Parker	George Curwin Ward
William Henry Parsons	James Edward Welch
*Nelson William Perry, *1898	*James Howard Welles, *1909
*Charles Warner Plum- mer, *1908	Benjamin Willis Wells
Frank Morris Porter	Barrett Wendell
*James Dixon Roman, *1875	Addison Herbert Weth- erbee
William Henry Smiley	*Kendrick Wheeler, *1912
*Walter Tappan, *1887	*John Wiggins, *1894
Nathan Augustus Taylor	William Le Moyne Wills
	George Edward Wood- berry
	*31 + 27 = 58

#### LAWRENCE SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

*Bancroft Chandler Davis      Edwards Roberts*

ADDED BY VOTE OF THE CLASS COMMITTEE

FEBRUARY 23, 1909

<i>Arthur French Clarke</i>	<i>Seth Perkins</i>
<i>Charles Frederic Mabery</i>	Totals *91 + 115 = 206



RECORD OF THE CLASS  
1876-1916





## RECORD OF THE CLASS

### DANIEL WEBSTER ABERCROMBIE

*Son of Milo Bolling and Sarah Carroll (Greenleaf) Abercrombie; born at Bolling Green, Alabama, November 25, 1853; prepared for college at the Cambridge Latin School.*

HE was, after graduation, at Harvard Law School until February, 1877, when he went to St. Mark's School, Southboro, Massachusetts, as instructor, until June, 1878. In September, 1878, he began to teach at the Vermont Academy, Saxton's River, Vermont, and taught there until March, 1882, when he was appointed classical instructor in the Worcester Academy, Worcester, Massachusetts, of which, in November, 1882, he was elected acting principal, and in June, 1883, was elected principal. In June, 1883, received honorary degree of A.M. from Brown University; in 1898, the degree of LL.D. from Colby College; and, in 1911, the degree of Litt.D. from Dartmouth College. He is a member of the Headmasters' Association, New England Conference of Colleges and Secondary Schools, Harvard Teachers' Association, Brown Teachers' Association, and of the Board of Trustees of the Worcester Academy, of Brown University, and of the Newton Theological Institution. Married December 23, 1878, to Emily Foote Brainerd, of St. Albans, Vermont. Children: Edith Brainerd Abercrombie, now Mrs. Benjamin Bigelow Snow; Ralph Abercrombie; Esther

Greenleaf Abercrombie, now Mrs. Dean Putnam Lockwood; Daniel Webster Abercrombie, Jr.

He wrote in 1901: "My published literary work consists only of occasional papers and addresses on educational subjects which have appeared in various magazines.

"I made eight different visits to Europe between the years 1885 and 1901. On two occasions I remained abroad a year, and during one of these years I was representative (honorary) of the United States Department of Education to inspect secondary educational institutions in England, Germany, and France. Four months were spent in examining the methods and equipment of secondary schools in Germany. An equal amount of time was spent in travel and study in Italy and Greece. While in Greece I was, by courtesy, a member of the German Imperial Archæological Institute in Athens, and accompanied Dr. Wilhelm Dörpfeld on an expedition, largely on horseback, through Central Greece and Peloponnesus."

He wrote from Venice, April 25, 1908: "Your circulars about the class reached me here where I have been a few days since my arrival from Greece. My year abroad has passed very delightfully in travel and study, and in two months more we shall be sailing for home. My wanderings have included much of Italy and Sicily, a mighty interesting journey on the Nile, where nearly a month was spent between Cairo and Assuan and return, a run through Palestine, and a month of absorbing interest in Greece."

On June 11, 1907, the twenty-fifth anniversary of Abercrombie's becoming head of Worcester Acad-

emy was celebrated.' After the Alumni dinner, he was presented with a silver punch bowl by the Alumni of the Academy.

He is honorary Phi Beta Kappa, Harvard, Alpha Chapter, June, 1901; has been president Harvard Teachers' Association, 1900-01; president Massachusetts Schoolmasters' Club of Boston, 1906-07; president Brown Teachers' Association, 1906-07; president Worcester Harvard Club, 1915-16.

## HARCOURT AMORY

*Son of James Sullivan and Mary Copley (Greene) Amory; born at Brookline, Massachusetts, February 10, 1855; prepared for college at Mr. G. W. C. Noble's School, Boston.*

HE travelled with Percival Lowell in Europe for a year after graduation, and made a few other short visits at different times. His occupation continues to be cotton mill business, as treasurer of the Lancaster Mills and of the Indian Head Mills of Alabama. Was formerly a member of the First Corps Cadets, M. V. M., finally retiring as first sergeant, after over nine years' service from 1877 to 1887, partly as captain on staff of the general of Second Brigade. Is a director of State Street Trust Co., American Mutual Liability Insurance Co., Saco-Lowell (Machine) Shops, Mutual Boiler Insurance Co., and the above-mentioned mills; a trustee of the Episcopal Theological School, at Cambridge; a warden of Trinity Church, Boston; and a trustee of the Boston Lying-in Hospital. He was married in 1891 to Gertrude Lowndes Chase, of Boston, and they have three children: Gertrude

Livingston Amory, 1892, married April 17, 1915, to Constantine Hutchins; Harcourt Amory, 1894; John Singleton Amory, 1900.

\*DANIEL CARPENTER BACON \*1901  
*Son of Eben and Susan G. (Low) Bacon; born at Jamaica Plain, Massachusetts, July 2, 1854; prepared for college at Boston Latin School.*

AFTER graduation went into the office of Lee, Higginson & Co., Boston, but soon went West to engage in banking and stock-raising in Wyoming. He was president of the First National Bank of Laramie, Wyoming, of the First National Bank of Rock Springs, Wyoming, of the Laramie Electric, Gas Light, and Fuel Company, of the Wyoming Central Land and Improvement Company, and of the Riverside Livestock Company.

Bacon travelled extensively both in the United States and Europe, making Laramie, Wyoming, his headquarters.

A long ride in a rainstorm brought on congestion of the kidneys, which caused his death on November 4, 1901.

During all his life in the West he had the free, open existence which he enjoyed as a boy. He was a singularly engaging man, frank, hearty, and sincere, resourceful and full of vigorous life. In college he rowed, in his Freshman year, starboard stroke on the University Crew in the regatta at Springfield, and he continued to row in that position in the Saratoga regattas of 1874 and 1875, in which year he was captain of the last six-oared crew sent from Harvard. He was second marshal of the Class on our Class Day.

## THURLOW WEED BARNES

*Son of William and Emily (Weed) Barnes; born at Albany, New York, June 28, 1853; prepared for college at Cambridge, Massachusetts.*

JOINED the class, June, 1873. After graduation went on the staff of the "Evening Journal" at Albany, New York, and was active in editorial and political work until 1883, when he wrote a life of Thurlow Weed, which was published in 1884 by Messrs. Houghton, Mifflin & Co. In 1884 and 1885 he made a tour of the world. Returned to Albany in 1886 and was elected chairman of the Republican General Committee. In December, 1887, went to Boston, joining the firm of Houghton, Mifflin & Co. as a partner, April 1, 1888. In 1891 and 1892 travelled extensively in the Far East, and in 1893 took up his residence in New York City, where he now lives. Active in local politics; leader of the 25th Assembly District in 1895; member of Republican state, county, and congressional committees; delegate to Republican National Convention in 1896. He then withdrew from politics. In April, 1898, negotiated for the so-called "Brice Syndicate" contracts with the Chinese Government for a railway from the city of Hankow to the city of Canton and other important concessions in China; is the only American who succeeded, up to that date, in securing such concessions. Organized a new China syndicate in 1899, and in 1900, when the "Boxer" troubles began in China, his engineers, headed by Auguste Mathez, of Denver, narrowly escaped from Mongolia, where they had begun work, under grants for minerals. Since that time has been around the world again (1905-06), and engaged in various business

negotiations of large magnitude ; gives his occupation facetiously as a " Philanthropist," on the ground that he has made and is making fortunes for his associates, without getting paid for doing so. Is president of the Circumnavigators Club, president of the Union Society of the Civil War, councillor general of the United Military Order of America, and one of the oldest members of the Metropolitan Club, New York.

\*FRANK WHEELER BARRETT \*1878

*Son of Richard and Lois Jane (Wheeler) Barrett; born at Manchester, Vermont, March 10, 1855; prepared for college at Concord High School; died at Concord, Massachusetts, September 18, 1878.*

At time of his death he was studying law at the Boston University. He was prominent in social affairs in his town, and greatly interested in its history. Was fond of outdoor life and took great pleasure in working on his father's farm during vacation. He was an active member of Concord Artillery, Company C, Fifth Regiment M.V.M., at the time of his death, and had been for several years. He was very fond of music, and, while not a trained singer, had a good voice, and often took part in concerts and entertainments. While not active in athletics at college, he was greatly interested in them, and in his own town was quite celebrated in this line. He frequently took part in rowing contests, and at an athletic meet, July 4, 1876, he won the hundred-yard dash and mile run, both in good time, from many competitors.

Barrett was modest, of retiring disposition, and was much beloved by those who knew him intimately.



## CHARLES HENRY BARROWS

*Son of Charles Barrows and Lydia (Smith) Barrows ; born at Springfield, Massachusetts, August 4, 1853 ; prepared for college at the high school of Springfield.*

GRADUATED at the Harvard Law School, June, 1878, and was admitted to the bar, March 19, 1879. Practises law in Springfield. August 1, 1881, appointed assistant attorney-general of Massachusetts, which position he held to 1883. He was president of the International Young Men's Christian Association Training School.

Memberships : College Society — Everett Athenæum ; O. K. ; Signet (honorary) ; Phi Beta Kappa, delegate from Harvard to National Council of Phi Beta Kappa, 1898 ; American Economic Association ; Republican Club of Massachusetts.

Travels : Spent summer of 1895 in Great Britain with wife. Wrote letters of travel to the "Springfield Republican," to which he has contributed more or less editorially, mainly on legal, economic, and political topics, for twenty years. Has written somewhat for legal periodicals, contributing to the "American Law Review" "The Maxim, 'Res inter alios acta': its Place in the Law of Evidence," reprinted in the "Irish Law Times" and "Solicitor's Journal."

Some cases: Gleason, State Treasurer, *vs.* McKay, 134 Mass. 149 (constitutional law); Com. *vs.* Costello (murder; for defence); "The Andover Case" (heresy), in which he was one of the counsel for the professors.

Has found some outlet for patriotism in the national campaigns, in which he has with two exceptions taken some active part. He is an

opponent of imperialism, and sees now at work the same causes that brought about the downfall of Rome.

In 1908, "is no longer a member of the American Economic Association. Was a delegate to the National Councils of the  $\Phi$ BK in 1901. Is on the contributing staff of the "Springfield Republican," and wrote, in the summer of 1905, a letter from Europe to the same paper. Is president of the Springfield Home for Aged Men and of the Springfield Improvement Association." He writes: "My vocation is still the law, my avocation literature, and my amusement following the example of Dan Martin and watching children,—my own and other people's."

Continues (1916) to practise his profession in Springfield, Massachusetts, and has long since abandoned politics because of its exactions; but has now and then turned aside from it as a contributing editorial writer in the "Springfield Republican" and as author of the following books: "The Personality of Jesus," Houghton, Mifflin & Co., also an English edition; "Poets and Poetry of Springfield"; "History of Springfield for the Young." The last two are published by the Connecticut Valley Historical Society. The "History of Springfield" is adopted into the curriculum of the public schools of Springfield and adjoining towns. The "Address at the 275th Anniversary of the Settlement of Springfield" is now in press.

Has served as president of the Springfield Young Men's Christian Association, of the International Young Men's Christian Association Training School (now College), and of the Springfield Improvement



Association. Is president of the Springfield Home for Aged Men and of the Horace Smith Fund. The income of the latter corporation (\$10,000) is expended in aid of local students in obtaining an advanced education, and not a few have made an excellent record in Harvard College, winning with others from Springfield High School, in 1915, the Phi Beta Kappa trophy for the best secondary school record.

He is a member of the Curtis Club, of Boston, the Sons of the American Revolution, and the Society of Colonial Wars,—the latter by descent from William Pynchon, the founder of Springfield.

**\*CHARLES JOHN BELL** \*1903

*Son of Luther V. and Frances Clark (Pinkerton) Bell; born at Somerville, Massachusetts, October 2, 1854; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

AFTER graduation he studied chemistry in Berlin, Munich, and Vienna, until August, 1881. In that year he became a fellow of Johns Hopkins University. Was professor of chemistry in Pennsylvania State College, 1882-85. Fellow by courtesy, Johns Hopkins University, 1885. He was a member of a number of scientific societies. He was married on December 3, 1902, to Ragna Hoegh, and he died on January 3, 1903, at the home of his brother, Dr. William A. Bell, 26 Bow Street, Somerville, from heart and kidney disease.

**MARCUS PERCIVAL BENNETT**

*Son of James and Sarah (Heselden) Bennett; born at Peabody, Massachusetts, July 22, 1854; prepared for college at Chauncy Hall School, Boston.*

LEFT Boston for California in November, 1876, by sailing ship, via Cape Horn; arrived in San Francisco in April, 1877; and have since resided in California except about fifteen months spent in Denver, Colorado, from July, 1879, to November, 1880. From the last date to the present time my residence has been at Placerville, in El Dorado County, about eight miles from Coloma, where gold was discovered. I have followed law as my profession, serving two years as district attorney of the county, and fourteen years as superior judge, leaving the bench in 1904. I am now retired from practice.

I was married in January, 1881, to Mary Cordelia Anderson, of Placerville. Eight children have been born to us, seven girls and one boy. Of these, six girls survive, four of whom are married. We have three grandchildren.

### JOHN KING BERRY

*Son of Nehemiah Chase (Dartmouth, 1839) and Hannah Howe King (daughter of John King, Harvard, 1802) Berry; born at Randolph, Massachusetts, November 8, 1854; prepared for college at Roxbury Latin School.*

ADMITTED to bar of Suffolk County, Massachusetts, January, 1880; admitted to practice in United States courts and in the courts of Montana. Member of American, Massachusetts, and Suffolk Bar associations. Member of Berry and Upton, lawyers, 1891-1911; member of Massachusetts Senate, 1902. Past master of Washington Lodge, F. and A. M., and member of other Masonic bodies. Member of Harvard Club, of Boston, and of Apollo Club, of Boston (musical).

Married Ellen Mary Brown, of Providence, Rhode Island, March 1, 1881. Children: Harold Hail, born in 1883, graduate of Harvard, 1904; Stanton King, born in 1889, graduate of Exeter, 1907; Francis Brown, born in 1892, graduate of Harvard, 1914; John King, Jr., born in 1898, member of Harvard, 1918.

Removed residence from Boston to Providence in 1911.

## EDWARD BICKNELL

*Son of William Emery and Rebecca Jane (Richmond) Bicknell; born at Boston, Massachusetts, October 22, 1855; prepared for college at Boston Latin School.*

ENTERED Harvard Law School, September, 1876; received degree of LL.B. in 1878. Stayed an extra year in the Law School, and received degree of A.M. in 1879. Entered the office of Proctor, Warren, and Brigham, September, 1879, and was admitted to the bar in Suffolk County in Supreme Court, November 15, 1879. Opened an office in Boston, October, 1880. Moved to Orange, Massachusetts, in 1891; trial justice for Franklin County, 1891-94. Returned to Boston, 1894. Moved to Hartford, Maine, 1895, and to Lewiston, Maine, in 1906, and was connected with the Windsor Spring. Is now book-keeper and office man in a sheet metal concern, 101 Main Street, Auburn, Maine. Besides some contributions to local periodicals, has contributed an article to "Appleton's Popular Science Monthly" and published "The Territorial Acquisitions of the United States." Was a member of Π Η in college.

\*SAMUEL McCULLY BLACK \*1909

*Son of Josiah and Elizabeth (McCully) Black; born at Amherst, Nova Scotia, January 28, 1846; prepared for college at Amherst Academy and at Horton's Collegiate Academy, Wolfville, Nova Scotia.*

RECEIVED degree of A.B., Acadia (Nova Scotia), in 1874. The winter after graduation he spent at Newton (Massachusetts) Theological Seminary. In November, 1877, he became pastor of the Baptist Church, Berwick, Nova Scotia; then at Liverpool, Nova Scotia; then at Westport; then, in 1885, Kentville. He received the degree of M.A., in 1883, from Newton Theological Institute; and in 1885 from Acadia College. He was made editor of the "Messenger and Visitor," at St. John, New Brunswick, in 1890.

He died at St. John, New Brunswick, August 23, 1909, after several years of illness from tuberculosis.

\*FREDERICK ADDISON BLANDY \*1880

*Son of Frederick John Lenord and Julia Anna (Johnston) Blandy; born at Zanesville, Ohio, August 4, 1852; prepared for college at Phillips Andover Academy.*

REMAINED at Cambridge two years, and graduated from the Harvard Law School, June, 1878. In November of 1878 went to Cincinnati, Ohio, and began to practise law. Died in 1880.

\*HENRY JOHNSON BLANDY \*1879

*Son of Frederick John Lenord and Julia Anna (Johnston) Blandy; born at Zanesville, Ohio, March 16, 1854; prepared for college at Phillips Andover Academy.*

WAS at the Harvard Medical School the first year after graduation, when his health broke down. He died in 1879.

### JOEL CARLTON BOLAN

*Son of Joel Rich and Henrietta Amelia (Biornberg) Bolan; born at Charlestown, Massachusetts, January 5, 1854; prepared for college at Charlestown High School.*

HE writes: "In college rowed on the winning Sophomore Crew, the winning Holworthy Club Crew in '75, on the 'Varsity Eight against Yale at Springfield in '76, and in the last Intercollegiate Regatta at Saratoga, in the Six Oar.

"Adopted teaching as a profession, and have continued in service in the public schools of Boston.

"Am a member of the Odd Fellows, Masons, Bunker Hill Monument Association, Boston Yacht Club, Rovers' Cycle Club, Harvard Teachers' Association, Harvard Graduation Association, Massachusetts Schoolmasters' Club, etc. Organist and director of music, First Parish Church, Charlestown, since June, 1878.

"In 1878 married Mary Eliza Willet, who died in 1910. Of three children, one survives, Dr. Harry Rich Bolan.

"In 1912 married Martha Luetta Choate."

### JOHN FRANKLIN BOTUME

*Son of John, Jr., and Elisabeth Augusta (Lord) Botume; born at Boston, Massachusetts, November 21, 1855; prepared for college at the Boston Latin School.*

SPENT the first year after graduation in the Harvard Law School; the second year was in Boston reading law and teaching music; the next year was passed in

Cambridge teaching music. Was admitted to the bar in Suffolk County, June, 1881; taught singing and practised law until the fall of 1885; and since has devoted himself to music rather than the bar, teaching in Boston and New York City. Spent summers of 1889 and 1891 in Paris, London, and Munich studying singing. In 1891 and 1892, resident director Boston Branch American Academy of the Dramatic Arts, and in 1892 and 1893 principal of the operatic department of the American Academy of Dramatic Arts in New York. Has published "Exercises in Vocal Technique," a valuable professional book; also "Modern Singing Methods, their Use and Abuse" (5 editions), "Respiration for Advanced Singers" (2 editions), also "The Trill," and various pieces of music, some for solo voice with piano accompaniment, some for chorus. At present choir master at St. James Church (Episcopal), Roxbury.

#### HENRY SHERMAN BOUTELL

*Son of Lewis Henry (H. L., 1847) and Anna (Greene) Boutell; born at Boston, Massachusetts, March 14, 1856; prepared for college at Evanston, Illinois.*

AFTER graduation remained at Cambridge one year, studying for A.M. in history; received degree at Commencement, 1877. Entered law office of Boutell and Waterman, Chicago, Illinois, July, 1877. Admitted to the Illinois Bar, September, 1879, and Supreme Court of United States, 1885, and has practised law in Chicago since that time. Was secretary of the Harvard Club of Chicago from 1882 to 1884. Elected president of the club in 1884 and reëlected in 1885. In November, 1884, was elected



member of the Illinois House of Representatives as a Republican. From September, 1885, to April, 1894, was attorney for the Chicago and Great Western Railroad Company. Has been president Illinois Society Sons of American Revolution, vice-president Chicago Literary Club, and for three years president of the University Club, of Chicago. Member Illinois Commandery, Military Order Loyal Legion, and Society of Colonial Wars, also Union League, Marquette, Germania, and Chicago clubs. Has been three times elected to Congress from the Sixth Illinois District as a Republican, the last time in 1900.

He wrote in 1908: "I came to the 55th Congress, and have been reelected to each subsequent Congress; am now a member of the Committee on Ways and Means, chairman of the Committee on Expenditures in the Navy Department, chairman of the Select Committee to investigate the charges of corrupt methods in securing legislation for appropriations for submarine boats.

"I have had three children, all living. Roger Sherman Gates Boutell, born at Chicago, October 21, 1881, Harvard, 1903. He entered the diplomatic service, July, 1903, as Secretary of the American Legation at Berne, Switzerland, and was resident there and at The Hague, Holland, until April 1, 1907, when he resigned to take up the general practice of the law in Washington and Chicago, with special reference to private international law. He married, June 1, 1904, Miss Avis Burley, of Chicago, and has two sons: Henry Sherman Boutell, the second, born at Berne, Switzerland, August 11, 1905, and Clarence Burley Boutell, born at Washington, February 8, 1908.

"Our second son, Hugh Gates Boutell, was born at Chicago, March 9, 1890. He has just finished his Freshman year at the University of Illinois.

"Our third child is a daughter, Alice Gates Boutell, born September 3, 1891. She graduates this month from the Bristol School at Washington.

"I have been elected as a delegate to the Republican National Convention to be held in Chicago on June 16."

He now (1916) writes: "I retired from Congress, March 4, 1911, and the same day received President Taft's commission as United States Minister to Portugal. En route to my post, I was appointed Minister to Switzerland, and remained there till August, 1913. Since leaving the diplomatic service, I have lived and continued my law practice in Washington. In 1914 I was appointed professor in constitutional law in Georgetown University Law School. This year I am also lecturing on Statutes and The History of Law.

"Our daughter was married in Washington, November 28, 1912, to John Wood Brooks Ladd, Harvard, 1911. They have a son, Arnold Boutell Ladd, born July 20, 1913. Our son Roger, Harvard, 1903, has a third son, Roger Sherman Gates Boutell, Jr., born April 10, 1914. Our son Hugh was married, September 14, 1915, to Miss Mary Maling Bourne, of Kennebunk, Maine."

#### ALFRED BOWDITCH

*Son of Jonathan Ingersoll and Lucy Orne (Nichols) Bowditch; born at Jamaica Plain, Massachusetts, September 6, 1855; prepared for college at E. S. Dixwell's School, Boston.*



SPENT the first year after graduation at the Harvard Law School, and then went into business, having the care and management of trusts and trust property; is also connected with various charitable institutions. Was treasurer of the Farm and Trades School from 1883 to 1901, and is now president of the school. Travelled in Europe with his family in 1901, 1906, and 1914.

Two of his daughters are married. Margaret I. was married, in 1901, to N. Penrose Hallowell, and has five children. Rosamond was married, in 1911, to Augustus P. Loring, Jr., and has three children.

**\*GEORGE HILLARD BRADFORD** \*1890  
*Son of Charles F. and Eliza E. (Hickling) Bradford; born at Roxbury, Massachusetts, February 16, 1854; prepared for college at the Roxbury Latin School.*

AT school, Bradford was always a leader at play and in work. He did well all that manly boys love to do; his friendship was eagerly sought, and his was the first place in the critical republic of boys. And in college, as all of us can testify, a like place was accorded the modest and kindly youth. A deep interest in his class and college marked his course. He did well in his studies, but he excelled in his performance of the many social duties which are not reckoned in the rank-list. Every kind of position of trust was given to him by his college mates, and he did his duty in each cheerfully and well; in maturer life the same trust in his fidelity was shown by all who met him.

He travelled in Europe for a few months after graduating, and returned to the Harvard Law School in the autumn of 1876. He took his degree of

L.L.B. in 1879, and began the practice of his profession in Boston the same year, making a specialty of conveyancing. In 1883 he formed a partnership with Mr. S. Parkman Blake, Jr., for the management and sale of real estate in Boston, and he continued in the successful prosecution of this business until the day of his death, February 17, 1890, when he was instantly killed by an electric car while he was riding on Beacon Street.

Bradford's rare grace of manner, which sprang from a sincere heart, endeared him to all who knew him.

### ROBERT STOW BRADLEY

*Son of William L. and Frances M. (Coe) Bradley; born at West Meriden, Connecticut, February 22, 1855; came to Boston in 1863; prepared for college at Chauncy Hall School, Phillips Exeter Academy, and Mr. Noble's School, entering Harvard from Noble's in 1872.*

UPON graduation, in 1876, he entered the office of his father, who was engaged in the manufacture of chemical fertilizers in Boston and in mining mineral phosphates in South Carolina. In 1878 became treasurer of the Bradley Fertilizer Co., which had succeeded to the fertilizer business of William L. Bradley. In 1883 he assumed the management of the Bradley Fertilizer Co. and its associated companies, and in 1894 became president and treasurer of the company.

In 1899 he was instrumental in bringing about a consolidation of the Bradley Fertilizer Co. with about twenty other companies, which were amalgamated under the corporate name of the American

Agricultural Chemical Co., of which he became first vice-president and chairman of the executive committee, and in 1906 became chairman of the board of directors and chairman of the finance committee.

In 1905, he was one of the organizers of the Columbia Trust Co., of New York, and became its first president.

In 1909 he made the basic contract in Berlin which led to the "Potash Controversy" between Germany and the United States, and, as chairman of the "American Potash Buyers' Committee," conducted the campaign for two years for the observance of the American contracts — then aggregating \$75,000,000 — which the German Government threatened to invalidate, and which it did finally invalidate by a special law, enacted over the earnest protest of the United States Government, President Taft refusing to apply the remedy, provided in the Payne-Aldrich Act, of imposing the maximum tariff on all German imports, notwithstanding the written assurance of his Secretary of State, Mr. Knox, that "an arrangement between the parties to the contracts would not be satisfactory to this Government unless entered into voluntarily by the American contractors."

He has travelled extensively abroad, having taken fourteen trips to Europe, of from three to six months each during the past twenty-five years.

Is now chairman of the board of directors of The American Agricultural Chemical Co.; vice-president of the Bradley Pulverizer Co.; director in the Charlotte Harbor and Northern Railway Co., Jacksonville Electric Co., Merchants National Bank

of Boston, Puget Sound Traction, Light, and Power Co., Remington Typewriter Co., Tamarack Mining Co., and United States Smelting, Refining, and Mining Co.; partner of firm of Peter B. and Robert S. Bradley.

Married at Arlington, Massachusetts, to Leslie Newell, December 15, 1881. Children: Robert Stow, Jr. (Harvard, 1907), born October 26, 1883, died November 18, 1907. Rosamond, born July 9, 1888. Leslie, born March 24, 1890, married at Boston, December 14, 1912, to Roger W. Cutler. Frances, born October 21, 1895.

#### WILLIAM MASON BRADLEY

*Son of George L. and Martha J. (Cunningham) Bradley; born at Bucksport, Maine, November 11, 1853; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

RECEIVED degree of LL.B. from Harvard Law School in 1878, then went into office of Hon. W. L. Putnam, in Portland, Maine. Admitted to the bar, February, 1879; has since been engaged in the practice of law; now member of law firm of Bradley and Linnell; of late years has been connected with electrical companies and street railways.

Married, October 22, 1896, Anne Patience Waterhouse. Has one son, George Bradley, born September 2, 1897. Member of Cumberland Club, Maine Historical Society, Portland Yacht Club, and Harvard Club in Maine.

#### \*HENRY HOBART BROWN

\*1899

*Son of Henry and Margaret Jane (Ross) Brown; born at Radnor, Pennsylvania, March 6, 1854; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

WAS a member of the Institute of 1770, the Hasty Pudding Club, and rowed on his class and club crew.

On August 17, 1899, Henry Hobart Brown died at Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania, after a brief illness. By his death the class loses one of its strong men, and one who had done, and was doing at the time of his death, a great work for education in the city of Philadelphia. After years of hard work he had established a school for fitting boys for college, which is a credit to the city as well as to its founder, and he had built a school building equal, if not superior, to any building of its type in the country. Brown had a ready wit, unfailing good spirits, and a vigorous, manly nature. Generous, open-hearted, free from all cowardice, either mental or moral, he could not fail to impress those with whom he came in contact; his influence over the boys of his school was always helpful, and he inspired them with great affection while holding their highest respect. His precept as well as his example pointed to manliness and courage in things both great and small.

That he was appreciated in his home city may be seen from the following extract taken from an editorial notice of him in one of the daily papers of Philadelphia:

"The whole community, as well as the cause of education, has suffered a heavy loss in the sudden death of Henry Hobart Brown, in the fulness of his activities and his powers. In itself, to create a great school is no small achievement. In the face of many discouragements, fighting against heavier odds than any one ignorant of the peculiar difficulties of the task can readily appreciate, Mr. Brown,

by the sheer force of his own personality, built up from small beginnings a school which stands with the best institutions of its kind. He did this with no help from outside, without an endowment, and without the support of any especial class in the community. He had able assistants, indeed, who seconded his efforts, and who caught something of his own courageous spirit and lofty aims, but the work was accomplished by him alone; its success, after all, was due to a man who gave to his life-work courage, singleness of purpose, an undeviating adherence to high standards, and an enthusiasm which over-rode defeat. It was an honest success in a day when much that we call success is specious; the legitimate result of a great work honestly and quietly done.

"Mr. Brown carried the same high qualities into the world beyond the school-room, seeing the right thing clearly, and doing the right as he saw it without fear."

H. G. N.

**\*WILLIAM ALBERT BROWNLOW \*1905**  
*Son of Joseph and Mary Brownlow; born at Cambridge, Massachusetts, May 19, 1854; prepared for college at Cambridge High School.*

GRADUATED from Harvard Law School in 1878. Was admitted to the bar, November 15, 1879. In 1885 he gave up the practice of law and entered the Boston Custom House, where he was assistant weigher in one of Boston's three districts. Was a member of several Masonic bodies.

He died in Brookline in November, 1905. At the time of his death he was weigher in the Custom House, and was a member of Aberdeen Lodge, A. F. and A. M.



## JAMES HOVEY BULLARD

*Son of Henry and Berthia (S.) Bullard; born at Holliston, Massachusetts, March 1, 1856; prepared for college at Phillips Andover Academy.*

AFTER graduation entered Harvard Medical School. Received degree of M.D. in 1881, and served as house surgeon at Boston City Hospital. Went abroad in January, 1882, and remained until November, 1883, studying medicine in Berlin, Paris, Edinburgh, Dublin, and London. Went to California in April, 1884; first settled in Anaheim, Los Angeles County, Southern California. Was president of the Orange County Medical Society and health officer. Has made a thorough study of the flora of California.

In 1908 he wrote: "I gave up the practice of medicine several years ago, and have done a little in business ventures since."

In 1916 he writes: "I have nothing to add to the report of 1908, since nothing of consequence has entered into my way of living, of interest either to myself or anyone else."

## WILLIAM HARRY BURBANK

*Son of William H. and Elizabeth (Kendal) Burbank; born at Lowell, Massachusetts, October 18, 1853; prepared for college at Boston Latin and Cambridge (Massachusetts) high schools.*

THE first year after graduation was spent in travelling; after that was a student at the Episcopal Theological School, Cambridge, where he graduated and was duly ordained. Was rector of the Episcopal Church at Woodsville, New Hampshire; from 1889 to 1891 was rector of St. Paul's Church, Brunswick, Maine.

Had no parish from November, 1891, to May, 1892, when he went to St. Paul's Church, Columbus, Ohio, as assistant. In November, 1892, took charge of mission work in Bellaire and Martin's Ferry, Ohio. In June, 1893, became rector of St. Luke's Church, Cincinnati. Received degree of S. T. B., Episcopal Theological School, Cambridge, Massachusetts, in 1880. Since leaving Cincinnati has served the parishes of Christ Church, Williamsport, Pennsylvania; St. Peter's, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania; and St. Stephen's, Florence, New Jersey. In June, 1900, accepted the rectorship of St. Peter's, Phoenixville, Pennsylvania.

Left Phoenixville in 1909. Rusticated one year at Havre de Grace, Maryland. Went to Kansas, in 1911, as rector of St. Paul's Church, Manhattan. Returned to Massachusetts, in 1913, taking service at St. Stephen's Church, Lynn. In September, 1913, accepted the rectorship of St. Luke's Church, Malden, Massachusetts. Has been dean of the Convocation of Norristown, Pennsylvania, and secretary of the Diocese of Kansas, and is a member of the Sons of the Revolution and of the Order of the Founders and Patriots of America.

Married Clara Maria Foster, daughter of Theodore R. Foster, of Fitchburg, Massachusetts, in 1880. Children: William Henry, deceased; Theodora, married Herbert Lowell Rich, M.D., Attleboro, Massachusetts; Mary Augusta, married Howard Terry, Jr., M.D., Phoenixville, Pennsylvania; Monica; Foster Cloyes; Kendall Brooks.

#### FRANK WESLEY BURNHAM

*Son of Wesley and Mary (Douglas) Burnham; born at Boston, Massachusetts, September 13, 1855.*



TAUGHT in private school in Manlius, New York, from fall of 1876 till fall of 1878. Taught in private school in Cincinnati till summer of 1880, and for a year or two after assisted numerous sub-freshmen in the capacity of "coach." Received degree LL.B., Cincinnati Law School, May, 1881, and the same month was admitted to the bar at Columbus, Ohio, practising law afterwards for a number of years.

In 1901 he wrote: "When I came to New York State from Ohio, I was admitted to the bar of this State at Special Term of Supreme Court at Utica in March, 1887. Have always kept my position as attorney at law, in good standing, but for a number of years attended strictly to other business and did not practise. I find myself now attending the courts more regularly. Have been postmaster for nearly fourteen years, have held some town offices, and am looking forward to office of county clerk before long.

"I own a large tract of land here and two good-sized farms. I am interested in the wood acid business and in the growth of hardwood timber."

In 1916 he writes: "I am still living in Chiloway, and am now farming more extensively and raising Holstein-Frisian cattle and Berkshire swine."

## FRANK WOODRUFF CHAPIN

*Son of Marvin and Marion (Cumins) Chapin; born at Erie, Pennsylvania, March 3, 1854; prepared for college at Erie High School.*

AFTER graduation he entered Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York, graduating in 1879. Was appointed assistant physician to Riverside

Hospital, New York; in 1880 made resident physician; in 1882 resigned, and was appointed to a sanitary inspectorship. During 1883-84 was abroad for travel and study, and was afterwards diagnostician or inspector of contagious diseases in New York City Health Department for a year or more. Physician to the Out-Patient Department of the Presbyterian Hospital in 1888; assistant to the chair of practice at Bellevue, 1886-89, and clinical assistant. Practised in Astoria, Long Island, for a year. Was associate medical director of the United States Life Insurance Company for two years, and since 1892 has been medical director of the Home Life Insurance Company. Was associated with Dr. Edward G. Janeway for ten years. Has been a member of the Harvard Club of New York, Harvard Club of New Jersey, Academy of Medicine, New York County Medical Society, Manhattan Medical and Surgical Society, and Association of Life Insurance Medical Directors. Was president for one year of the Alumni Association of Bellevue Hospital Medical College.

Medical Director of the Home Life Insurance Company of New York.

#### FRANK EUGENE CHASE

*Son of James Haines and Elvira Dodge (Godfrey) Chase; born at Boston, Massachusetts, March 16, 1856; prepared for college at G. W. C. Noble's School, then at 40 Winter Street, Boston.*

IN 1901 he wrote: "Published writings, merely newspaper stuff and fugitive periodical and pamphlet matter. Nothing of the least importance or note.

"Clubs: Union and St. Botolph (Boston), Uni-

versity (New York), at present. Players (New York), University, Athletic, Roxbury, and Press (Boston), in the past.

"Nothing else. No wife, no children, no distinction, no political services, no journeys, nothing of interest. Yours, still contentedly, F. E. CHASE."

(1916) "I hesitate to disturb the above account of me and of my doings, which seems, to my later judgment, a little masterpiece of luminous condensation and a real credit to my newspaper training. I am still a publisher of highly unimportant books, at the same old address. I am an amateur of medical advice, of which I have a considerable collection of doubtful value. Through the interference of this unhappy avocation, my literary and journalistic industry has been considerably abated. I was married on July 2, 1912, to Jennie Campbell Frazier, but have no children. I cannot now be sure whether the above unabashed proclamation regarding the matter of my clubs was solicited, or whether it was a spontaneous outburst of vanity; if the former, I will say that since the date of the last report I have acquired membership in the University Club of Boston, and in the Club of Odd Volumes, also of Boston. If it were possible for me to be more obscure or unimportant than I was in 1908, I would claim this achievement, but I lack the immodesty that would make such a claim possible.

"Still happy and contented, F. E. CHASE."

\*WILLIAM LEVERETT CHASE \*1895

*Son of Henry Savage and Sarah (Leverett) Chase; born at Grafton, Massachusetts, December 4, 1853; prepared for college at Brookline High School.*

COLONEL WILLIAM LEVERETT CHASE, who died at his home in Brookline on October 7, 1895, after a long and distressing illness, was the son of Henry Savage Chase, who was born at Washington, District of Columbia, in 1825, graduated from Harvard in the class of 1848, and was, like his son, secretary of his class until his death. William's peculiar qualities of energy and kindliness early made him known to his classmates; and at his graduation, no member of his class was known and liked by a larger number of his classmates. He took high rank in college, where he was an editor of "The Magenta," afterwards "The Crimson," thus early evincing a taste for literary pursuits; but, upon graduation, the extensive manufacturing business founded by his father, which he was soon left to conduct alone, claimed for many years his exclusive attention. There is probably hardly a man in Boston who, having an extensive and complicated business thrust upon him at so early an age, has proved himself more equal to the responsibility and more successful in enlarging it.

He had in some respects the ideal of an older day; the church and the army were his main interests, though he never ceased to have a taste for letters, which, had he lived, it is more than probable would have guided him to some original work himself; for he had written in his leisure, and had been president of the Papyrus Club of Boston. But for many years before he had been junior warden of St. Paul's Church in Brookline, and trustee of the Church Home for Orphans and Destitute Children, and of the Society for the Relief of the Widows and Orphans of Deceased Clergymen. He entered the

First Corps of Cadets as a private, April 15, 1886, and gave much study to military affairs, particularly ordnance, tactics, and marksmanship; he wrote two treatises—on “Outpost Duty” and on “Marksmanship”—which attracted wide attention. He was soon appointed to the governor’s staff, and the appointment in his case was more than a political compliment; probably no officer in the state militia of recent years did more work and was of more actual service. His merits were so recognized that his appointment was renewed through one, if not more, changes of political parties, and followed by successive promotions until he became acting inspector-general. It was his custom frequently to go to England to witness the military manœuvres, where he met the officers highest in the British service; and his expert knowledge on many points was recognized and appreciated by officers of the regular army. At his death he was president of the Massachusetts Society of Sons of the Revolution. He had hardly left his military office when he was offered and accepted membership in the Metropolitan Park Commission; and the rapid and successful prosecution of that unequalled state work, which we are now only beginning to appreciate, was due in part to his energy. About the same time, while his name was being considered by the governor for a state directorship on the Fitchburg Railroad, he was elected by the stockholders a director; and his business abilities and judgment are further shown by the number of other important corporations of which he was an officer or director. Just before his death he was elected president of the Boston Commercial Club. Not yet twenty years

out of college when he died, it is rare for any man to have done so much and in so many directions as did Colonel Chase. If one were to name the dominant notes of his character, they would be energy and kindness; that kindness which rises not only to generosity with money, but to intimate and active interest in all men who were known to him and seemed worthy, and to self-sacrificing labor for all high causes or works of public weal. His will contained many public bequests: his valuable collection of war medals to the Independent Corps of Cadets, an interesting library to the Papyrus Club, and many others, showing not only his generosity, but his peculiar thoughtfulness in all relations of life. Under certain circumstances, Harvard College becomes a residuary legatee to a very large amount, and receives immediately five thousand dollars to establish a scholarship, to be known as the Charles B. Porter Scholarship, in the Medical School. F. J. S.

**\*JAMES EDWIN CLEAVES**

\*1915

*Son of Edwin N. and Abigail Littlefield (Eaton) Cleaves; born at Somerville, Massachusetts, July 5, 1853; prepared for college at high school, Medford, Massachusetts.*

GRADUATED at the Harvard Medical School in 1879, and practised during August and September in Amesbury, Massachusetts.

In November, 1879, he settled in Medford, Massachusetts, and practised there as physician and surgeon. He was a member and councillor of the Massachusetts Medical Society; member of the Medford Board of Health for ten years.



He was married, July 18, 1882, to Emmie S. Nelson, and had three children.

In 1908 he wrote: "I am still practising medicine, and thus far have been able to keep out of the hands of my fellow practitioners. I have been blessed with health, good friends, and a good family. Ruth graduated in June, 1907, from Boston Normal School of Gymnastics; Edwin N. is in the class of 1911 at Harvard; James H. is a Senior at Worcester Academy."

He died at Medford, June 30, 1915.

\*WILLIAM BRANFORD SHUBRICK  
CLYMER \*1903

*Son of George Clymer (Medical Director, U. S. N.) and Mary (Shubrick) Clymer; born at Washington, D. C., March 19, 1855; prepared for college at the Emerson Institute, in Washington, D. C.*

WILLIAM BRANFORD SHUBRICK CLYMER died at Cambridge, May 9, 1903, after a distressing illness of more than a year. He was descended on his father's side from George Clymer, a signer of the Declaration of Independence, and on his mother's from Rear-Admiral Shubrick, a name illustrious in the annals of the American Navy. Commodore Shubrick, as he was usually called, was born in South Carolina. Two of his brothers served in the army of the United States and three in the navy. As a lieutenant he received a medal for his gallant conduct in the *Hornet*, and was placed in command of the *Épervier* to bear home the treaty of peace after the war with Algiers. He stayed in the service during the Civil War, and left, in the words of the Secretary of the Navy, at his death "the conspicu-

ous example of a life of wisdom, courtesy, courage, and spotless honor." W. B. S. Clymer, after graduation, studied architecture in the office of Ware and Van Brunt, Boston, and at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and later in Paris. On returning to this country in 1880, he stayed in Washington and engaged in literary studies, and he was instructor in English at Harvard College, 1883-90. He published "Selections from the Writings of Walter Savage Landor" (Athenæum Press Series), 1898, and "James Fenimore Cooper" (Beacon Biographies), 1900. He married June 1, 1882, Katherine McClure Livingston, who, with a son, George Clymer, Harvard, 1905, survives him.

\*WALTER STOWE COLLINS

\*1893

*Son of William and Jane (Kelly) Collins; born at Cleveland, Ohio, July 12, 1854; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

SEPTEMBER, 1876, began the study of law in the office of his father, the Hon. William Collins, at Cleveland, Ohio, and at the end of September, 1877, entered as a second-year student in the Harvard Law School in the academic year; was admitted as attorney and counsellor at law by the Supreme Court of Ohio at Columbus, Ohio; engaged in law practice in the office of Otis, Adams, & Russell, of Cleveland, Ohio, until May, 1880, when he went abroad and travelled for five months. On his return he opened an office with A. J. Williams in Cleveland. Was a member of the Civil Service Reform Association, both of New York and Cleveland. He took an interest in politics, and did considerable literary work. He died in 1893. He was secretary



of the Bethel Associated Charities and treasurer of St. Paul's Church.

### RICHARD SMITH CULBRETH

*Son of Richard Smith and Mary Ann (Schwarz) Culbreth; born at Smyrna, Delaware, June 7, 1856; prepared for college at Smyrna Seminary, Delaware.*

AT Cambridge, and tutor at St. Mark's School, Southborough, Massachusetts, 1876-77; on staff "Evening News," Baltimore, 1877-78; University of Law, Baltimore, 1878-79. September, 1879, began practice of law in Baltimore with C. Ridgely Goodwin, under firm name of Goodwin and Culbreth, and has since practised his profession there, except from January, 1904, to June, 1909, during which interval he was in St. Louis, Missouri. November 4, 1891, married Clara Snowden, daughter of John Thomas and Maria Louisa Snowden.

### GEORGE MILLER CUMMING

*Son of Benjamin Wilson and Emma (Washburn) Cumming; born at Pottsville, Pennsylvania, October 4, 1854; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

ENTERED Harvard Law School in the fall of 1877, and stayed there only a few months. Studied for two years in Germany. Returned to this country in 1879; admitted to the New York Bar in 1881. Went on professional business to Winnipeg, Manitoba. Became instructor at Columbia College, and was a graduate of the Columbia Law School. Was later at St. Paul, and practised law at Omaha. Returned to New York as professor at Columbia Law School and general solicitor and first vice-president of the Erie Railroad. Was for a while a vice-presi-

dent of the American Telephone and Telegraph Co., and, later, president of the United States Mortgage and Trust Co., New York.

### RALPH WORMELEY CURTIS

*Son of Daniel Sargent and Ariana Randolph (Wormeley) Curtis; born at Boston, Massachusetts, August 28, 1854; prepared for college at G. W. C. Noble's School, Boston.*

WAS in college the founder of the Harvard "Lam-poon" in February, 1876. Just after graduation he went abroad and worked in several ateliers in Paris for some years. Has exhibited often in the Salon and London Academy and in this country. For many years resided with his parents in Palazzo Barbaro, at Venice, and has travelled extensively in Europe and in the East. Art critic and collector, especially of art of the Far East. Member of the Cercle de l'Union Artistique, Paris, and of the Beef-steak Club, London.

Married Mrs. Arthur Rotch (née Colt), of Providence, Rhode Island, and has three children: Sylvia, Marjorie, and Ralph Wormeley, Jr.

He writes: "Is it in order to disclose that, under the *nom de plume* of 'Hiram T. Slocum,' I constantly attack, in the columns of the 'Paris (New York) Herald,' all the policies, foreign and homebred, of our lamentable President *Will Soon?*"

### SIMON DAVIS

*Son of Silas and Mercy Elizabeth (Taylor) Davis; born at Charlestown, Massachusetts, September 25, 1854; prepared for college at Charlestown High School.*

AFTER graduation began the study of law, December, 1876. Entered Harvard Law School, September, 1878; graduated, 1880. Admitted to the Suffolk Bar, May 25, 1880, and in September of that year began the practice of law in Charlestown. In 1886 was appointed special justice of the Municipal Court, Charlestown District, Boston. Elected to the Boston School Board, December, 1891, for three years.

(1916) "Nothing new."

### WILLIAM DAVIS

*Son of William (Harvard, 1837) and Helen (Russell) Davis; born at Plymouth, Massachusetts, September 28, 1853; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

AFTER graduation entered Harvard Medical School, graduating in 1880. He spent one year in hospital work, and one year in study in Germany. Practised two years in Syracuse, New York, but as the climate did not agree with his family, in the spring of 1883 he removed to St. Paul, Minnesota, where he has practised since. He was assistant professor in obstetrics in St. Paul Medical College. Was editor of "Northwestern Lancet" for fifteen years up to 1900, president of the Minnesota State Medical Society, assistant secretary of the American Medical Association, and member of the Minnesota State Board of Medical Examiners. Member of the Institute of 1770, the Δ K E, the Hasty Pudding, and A. D. Clubs, and associate member of the Glee Club of Harvard College. Formerly member of the Massachusetts Medical Society.

His son Holyoke graduated at Harvard in 1904, entering 100 years after his (the boy's) great-

grandfather, 64 years after his grandfather, and 28 years after his father. His summer home is Pleasant Bay Narrows, South Orleans, Massachusetts.

(1916) "I have nothing to add except that I now take a three months' vacation every year and am lightening my work in other ways. I have also acquired several descendants in the form of grandchildren, to wit: Sally Holyoke Locke, November 7, 1908; Helen Russell Locke, February 18, 1910; Susan Ware Locke, January 9, 1912; Andrew Warren Locke and William Davis Locke, February 23, 1914; Henry Weidemann Locke, September 29, 1915."

### LAFAYETTE HOYT DEFRIESE

AFTER graduation was until January, 1877, on the State Geological Survey of Kentucky. Studied law at New York with Prichard, Choate, and Smith; became managing clerk for Whitney and Lawton, 1877. Passed examination at General Term of Supreme Court and in 1879-81 practised by himself. In 1881 admitted to the firm of Whitney and Lawton, and afterwards practised under the firm name of Whitney, Lawton, and DeFrieze. Later a member of the firm of Steele, DeFrieze, and Dickson, now Steele, DeFrieze, and Steele, with offices in New York and London.

He wrote in 1901: "Your circular of March 6 finds my wife and myself spending the winter months in Mexico. Belong to Harvard Club, Phi Beta Kappa, and Phi Delta Theta, New York; and Sports Club, London. No publications beyond those in Kentucky Geological Survey Reports, 1877 to

1881. Have travelled twice through Turkey and Greece, spending at one trip six months in each country. Have travelled several times through Italy, Austria, Germany, and France, and spend some months of each year in one of those countries. Spend usually about seven months of the year in England and on the continent, and about five months in the United States, principally in New York and California, with shooting and fishing trips to other States. Try to work very hard at law practice for about six months of the year, and devote about six months to travel and recreation."

In 1916 he writes: "There is not very much to add to the sketch in the last class report of 1908. The clubs there are not complete and I should like the Union League Club to be added to the clubs in New York. My principal London clubs are the Author's Club, the Royal Automobile Club, the Hurlingham Club, the Sports Club, the Harvard Club, the Pilgrims, the American Society in London, the Atlantic Union, the Royal Society of Arts, and various golf clubs. Since 1908 I have spent parts of two years in Mexico on special legal work; and my wife and I have spent a winter in Egypt, going up the Nile as far as the second cataract; and we have travelled through Palestine and Spain, and spent a holiday in Algieras. We have also travelled leisurely through Denmark and Sweden and Norway, and made a trip to the North Cape. Since the beginning of the present war we have remained in England and devoted ourselves to assisting the Allies in their great fight for what I consider the future of civil liberty."

**\*CHARLES ALBERT DICKINSON** \*1907  
*Son of Alvin and Elizabeth (Titcomb) Dickinson, was born at Westminster, Vt., July 4, 1849; prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover.*

IN college was a member of the Pi Eta Society, and was Class Poet. He graduated from the Theological School, Andover, in 1879, and was ordained and installed over the Second Parish Church in Portland, Maine, September 25, 1879; was installed over the Kirk Street Church, Lowell, January, 1883, and in 1887 was called to the Berkeley St. Church, Boston, where he organized the first institutional church, under the name of Berkeley Temple. He was officially connected with the United Society of Christian Endeavor; founder and vice-president of the New England Kurn Hattin House for Destitute and Homeless Children; vice-president of the Institutional Church League, and the first president of the same. He resigned the pastorate of Berkeley Temple in May, 1901, on account of ill health. His work in the ministry was of the highest and noblest, and he met the afflictions of a long illness with exemplary courage. He died in Corona, California, January 9, 1907. President C. F. Thwing, his intimate friend in college, delivered a memorial address at the Berkeley Temple, May 12. Dickinson was married July 2, 1879, to Esther D. Goodridge.

**LOREN GRISWOLD DuBOIS**

*Son of Gilman Bradford and Ellen Laura DuBois; born at Boston, Massachusetts, October 18, 1853; prepared for college in New York City under private tutor.*

GRADUATED from Harvard Law School in June, 1878. Studied law in Boston, and was admitted to



the Suffolk Bar in May, 1879. Is a member of the Union Club of Boston, Country Club of Brookline, the University, Harvard, and Grolier Clubs of New York, and the Royal and Ancient Golf Club of St. Andrews, Scotland.

\*WILLIAM FREDERIC DUFF \*1911  
*Son of John and Keziah C. Duff; born at Dedham, Massachusetts, May 28, 1855; prepared for college at Dixwell's School in Boston.*

GRADUATED at the Harvard Law School in 1878. He travelled much, both in this country and abroad. He lived in Boston many years, practising his profession. Then he moved to and practised law at St. Paul, Minnesota. He lived there until his death on February 6, 1911. He was married to Louise Bell Shepley on February 9, 1879.

\*WILLARD KNOWLTON DYER \*1915  
*Son of Micah and Julia Anne (Knowlton) Dyer; born at Boston, April 21, 1852; prepared for college at Phillips Andover Academy.*

WAS given the degree of A.B. in 1889 as of 1876. He attended the Harvard Medical School, and fell ill before completing his course. Went to Vienna, where he studied for three years, making a specialty of physiological chemistry. He then studied a year in London. He became manager of the American Health Company, and was engaged in manufacturing prepared milk and breads compounded from his formulæ.

He died, October 18, 1915, at the Peter Bent Brigham Hospital, Boston. His second wife, who was Miss Georgianna D. Dunham, of Middleton, Connecticut, died three years before him.

## ADONIRAM JUDSON EATON

*Son of Woodworth and Mary Anne (Withers) Eaton ; born at Granville, Nova Scotia, October 16, 1850 ; prepared for college by private tuition.*

GRADUATED from Acadia College in 1872. Was for two years principal of Guysboro Academy, Nova Scotia, and in 1874 entered the Junior class ; two years principal of the Amherst (Nova Scotia) Academy ; then appointed principal of Woonsocket, Rhode Island, High School, where he remained three years. Studied abroad at Leipsic University, where after three years he took the degree of Ph.D. in classical philology in 1885 ; soon after was appointed lecturer in classics at McGill University, Montreal, and later associate professor in the same department. Took degree of A.B., Acadia, 1873, M.A., 1877, Ph.D. (*ad eund.*), 1889.

After twenty-five years' service at McGill University, he resigned under the Carnegie Foundation, and now resides on his country estate in Knowlton, Quebec, devoting part of his time to the interests of the Archæological Institute of America, of which he is associate secretary, and general secretary of the Department of Canada.

He has edited several textbooks for college and school use, and has been a frequent contributor to educational journals, both in the United States and in the Dominion of Canada.

He married Adelia Woodman, of Wolfville, Nova Scotia, in 1879, and has four children : Eugene Courtlandt, born 1881 ; Mary Judson, born 1885 ; Brenda Dorothy, born 1890 ; Herbert Vincent, born 1892.



**\*ARTHUR STEARNS EDDY** \*1908

*Son of Abijah and Lucretia Ball (Stearns) Eddy; born at Hubbardston, Massachusetts, March 4, 1855; prepared for college at Somerville High School.*

HE was descended from the Rev. William Eddy, whose sons came from England to New England in 1630. His maternal grandfather was an officer in the Continental Army in the American Revolution. Since graduation he had held positions of trust, being for a long while the confidential clerk of Gorham Rogers, of Boston, and was later the man of business for the Arts and Crafts Society, of Boston. He lived an uneventful life, filled with devotion to his duties and to his friends, of whom, notwithstanding his retiring nature, he had many. He was always a student of history, literature, and art, and was a thoughtful, reflecting man, whose judgment was excellent, and whose advice was conservative and of value.

He died at his home in Somerville on August 8, 1908.

**\*GEORGE HOMANS ELDRIDGE** \*1905

*Son of Ellery and Sarah (Matthews) Eldridge; born at Yarmouth, Massachusetts, December 25, 1854; prepared for college at Boston Latin School.*

GEORGE HOMANS ELDRIDGE died in Washington, D. C., on July 13, 1905. At school he took high rank in scholarship and in military affairs. In college he devoted special attention to geological studies. He was on the 'Varsity Glee Club. After graduation he taught until chosen by Raphael Pumpelly as special expert on coal and base metals for the Tenth Census. At the conclusion of that investigation he was geologist of the northern transcontinental survey

and rendered valuable service in determining the extent and value of the coals of the Rocky Mountain Region. In 1884 he entered the U. S. Geological Survey. For several years thereafter he was engaged in field work in several Western States and Florida. In 1898 he had charge of geological investigations in Alaska, and in recent years had been occupied almost entirely in making extended studies of special mineral deposits. He won an international reputation as an expert on asphalt, was an authority on phosphate and coal, and when his last sickness overtook him was engaged in preparing an exhaustive report on the oil of California. He published "Report on Montana Coal Fields," "Industries of the Base Metals," an important portion of a monograph on "Geology of the Denver Basin of Colorado," "Report on Asphalt and Bituminous Rock Products of the United States," and numerous papers on various mineral deposits in this country and Alaska. He was a member of the American Institute of Mining Engineers, of the Geological Society of America, of the Geological, Anthropological, and Harvard Clubs of Washington. For several years he had resided in Chevy Chase, with whose interests he was closely connected till his death. When All Saints' Church was organized, he identified himself with it and became an active and invaluable member of its communion. Elected a vestryman, he served in that office faithfully to the end. With a fine taste in music he was chosen director of the church choir.

#### HAROLD CLARENCE ERNST

*Son of Andrew H. and Sarah (Otis) Ernst; born at*

*Spring Garden, Cincinnati, Ohio, July 31, 1855; prepared for college at various places; entered from Noble's School, Boston.*

GRADUATED at the Harvard Medical School, 1880. Spent one year at the Rhode Island Hospital, one term post-graduate course at the Medical School, and six months abroad, mostly in Paris. Practised medicine at Jamaica Plain until about 1895, and served as out-patient physician at the Massachusetts General Hospital for twelve years, resigning in 1900. Took degree of A.M. (Harvard) in 1884. Assistant to the pathologist at the Boston City Hospital in 1883; instructor, assistant professor, and professor of bacteriology in the Harvard Medical School (holding the chair now). Trips to London and Berlin in 1885, 1891, 1896, 1900, and 1905. Fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, Association of American Physicians, Society of American Naturalists, American Association of Bacteriologists, American Public Health Association (section of chemistry and bacteriology); secretary and ex-president of the American Association of Pathologists and Bacteriologists; ex-president of the Boston Society of Medical Sciences; fellow of the Massachusetts Medical Society, Boston Society for Medical Improvement, Boston Society of Natural History, and other associations; editor of the "Journal of Medical Research." Published many journal articles and several larger monographs.

## HENRY THEOPHILUS FINCK

*Son of Henry Conrad and Beatrice Finck; born at Bethel, Missouri (near Mark Twain's birthplace), September 22, 1854; prepared for college at Aurora,*

*Oregon, by a retired clergyman, Christoph Wolf. Was the first Harvard student from Oregon.*

"WENT abroad in 1876, visiting Bayreuth (the first Wagner festival), Munich, the Tyrol, Venice, etc. In 1877-78 resident graduate at Harvard, studying sociology. From 1878 to 1881 at German universities — Heidelberg, Berlin, Vienna, as holder of Harvard (Harris) Fellowship, studying physiological and comparative psychology. Intended to become a professor of philosophy, but, on being invited to join the editorial staff of the 'New York Nation' and 'Evening Post,' accepted, and has been connected with those papers ever since 1881, writing musical criticisms, reviews of books on music, gardening, gastronomy, and the Pacific slope, and miscellaneous editorials. Has made ten trips to Europe, seven to Pacific coast, one to Japan. Results, three books of travel: 'Spain and Morocco,' 'Pacific Coast Scenic Tour,' 'Lotos-Time in Japan.' Musical works: 'Chopin and Other Musical Essays,' 'Wagner and his Works,' 'Paderewski and his Art,' 'Songs and Song Writers,' 'Success in Music and How it is Won,' 'Grieg and his Music,' 'Masse-net and his Operas,' 'Anton Seidl,' 'Pictorial Wagner.' Has a keen eye for beauty in life as well as in art. His first book was 'Romantic Love and Personal Beauty' (1888), which passed through five editions, and was followed in 1900 by a volume of eight hundred and fifty pages, entitled 'Primitive Love and Love Stories,'—an account of the love affairs of savages and barbarians, including the Hebrews and Greeks. His latest volume is 'Food and Flavor,' an attempt to show that flavor is the soul of food as expression is the soul of music.

Among the books he has edited are 'Fifty Schubert Songs,' 'Fifty Mastersongs,' and 'Fifty Grieg Songs.' Countless magazine articles. Since 1888 also professor of musical history at National Conservatory, New York. Married in 1890 Abbie Helen Cushman, who writes many excellent musical criticisms for the 'Evening Post,' for which *he* gets the credit as well as the cash!"

\*SAMUEL TUCKER FISHER \*1911

*Son of Henry and Mary Tilden (Upham) Fisher; born at Canton, Massachusetts, February 12, 1855, prepared for college in the Boston Latin School.*

AFTER graduation he tutored and taught school for five years. He entered the U. S. Land Survey, Colorado, as deputy surveyor, remaining in office for a year. Then he tutored for about two years more. In 1886 he entered the Patent Office. After being promoted through all the subordinate grades, as the result of competitive examinations, he was appointed assistant commissioner of patents in 1893, holding this position for four years. He then became a member of the firm of Wilkinson and Fisher, attorneys-at-law, Washington, D. C. He was married on October 9, 1889, to Marie M. Johnson, and had three children: Martin Tucker, Marie Evelyn, and Samuel Curtis.

He died in Washington, D. C., July 22, 1911.

JAMES HENRY FLINT

*Son of James and Almira Flint; born at Middleton, Massachusetts, June 25, 1852; prepared for college at Phillips Andover Academy.*

WAS elected principal of the Marblehead High School, August, 1876; resigned, May 1, 1880. Was in the Department of Agriculture at the State House, Boston, from May until October, 1880, when he entered the Boston Law School, and graduated June 1, 1881. Then went into a law office in New York City. June, 1882, returned and located in Boston, where he has since practised law. He has been secretary of the Republican League for the State of Massachusetts, was an associate justice of the East Norfolk District Court, and a member of the Weymouth School Board. Was member of the Massachusetts Legislature of 1894, 1895, 1896; Senate 1897, 1898; serving on committees on Probate and Insolvency and Street Railways, Judiciary, Insurance, Ways and Means, Education. Has done considerable literary work, editing "Lewin on Trusts" and writing "Flint on Trusts and Trustees," besides various articles for encyclopædias and other publications. Grand Chancellor of Knights of Pythias; Grand Warden of New England Order of Protection; trustee Weymouth Savings Bank, South Shore Coöperative Bank. In 1899 was appointed judge of the Probate Court, Norfolk County.

May, 1916, he writes: "Nothing to add to Report."

### THOMAS TRUEMAN GAFF

*Son of James Wade and Rachel (Conwell) Gaff; born at Aurora, Indiana, September 27, 1854; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

LEFT the class in the Junior year. Spent one semester in Göttingen, two semesters at Leipsic, as student in these universities. Since his return to America has been engaged in various manufacturing



and mercantile pursuits. Was given the degree of A.B. in 1899 as of 1876.

College Societies and Clubs: Institute, D. K. E., M. F., Porcellian.

Social Clubs: Queen City Club, Cincinnati, Ohio; Riding Club, Cincinnati, Ohio; Manhattan Club, New York; University Club, New York; Metropolitan Club, Washington; Chevy Chase Club, Washington; Royal Mersey Yacht Club, Liverpool.

## ROBERT HALLOWELL GARDINER

*Son of John William Tudor Gardiner (Major and Brevetted Lieutenant-Colonel United States Army) and Annie Elizabeth (Hays) Gardiner; born at Fort Tejon, California, September 9, 1855; prepared for college at Roxbury Latin School.*

TEACHER in De Veaux College, Suspension Bridge, New York, January to July, 1877, and in the Roxbury Latin School from September, 1877, to July, 1878. Entered the Harvard Law School, September, 1878. Admitted to the bar in Boston in the autumn of 1880, and in Augusta, Maine, in the autumn of 1900, and has since practised law in Boston. His oldest son, Robert Hallowell, Jr., graduated at Harvard, 1904. His second son, William Tudor, Harvard, 1914.

Elected in 1904 president of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew; resigned in 1909. In 1910 was elected secretary of the World Conference on Faith and Order of the Churches of Christ.

## JABEZ EDWARD GILES

*Son of Hon. Newell Giles (member of Massachusetts Senate for two years, 1871-72) and Elizabeth Whipple*

*(Gott) Giles; born at Rockport, Massachusetts, January 23, 1853; prepared for college at Boston Latin School.*

AFTER graduation from Boston Latin School in 1872, studied two years at Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and in October, 1874, entered the Junior class at Harvard. Taught in New York and vicinity for some years before studying medicine. Graduated in 1884, with degree of M.D., from the New York University Medical School. Has practised medicine in New York since November, 1884.

He writes: "Since the last report, I have been plodding along in the same old routine. For fifteen years or more my work has been limited to the department of ophthalmology. I am still one of the ophthalmic surgeons to the Manhattan Eye, Ear, and Throat Hospital, and member of the board of directors of the same. Since November, 1899, I have been secretary of the board of surgeons. For years I have been a member of the Committee on Nurses and of the Committee on Drugs and Optical Supplies of the same hospital.

"I am a member of the New York County Medical Society, of the New York State Medical Society, of the American Medical Association, and of the New York Academy of Medicine.

"Member of Congregational Club and Technology Club of New York."

### JOHN GARRETSON GOPSILL

*Son of James and Rachel Annette (Garretson) Gopsill; born at Jersey City, New Jersey, June 14, 1853; prepared for college by Samuel Brearly, Jr.*



For some time was in the office of the superintendent of the Railway Mail Service in New York City, and in November, 1879, was appointed postmaster by President Hayes, at Jersey City, New Jersey. In 1883 was reappointed by President Arthur and promptly confirmed by the United States Senate. At expiration of second term entered mercantile life. It is interesting to note that James and John G. Gopsill each attained to the 33d and last degree in Masonry, this degree being conferred upon our classmate in Boston, in September, 1900.

Appointed Grand Deacon of the Grand Lodge of Masons in New Jersey in 1906 and again appointed in 1910. In 1908 chosen commander-in-chief of the New Jersey Consistory of Scottish Rite Masons and still holds that office.

Holds membership in Royal Arcanum and Lincoln Association.

## WILLIAM HENRY GOVE

*Son of Levi and Mary (Meader) Gove; born at South Berwick, Maine, September 4, 1851; prepared for college at Lynn High School, Lynn, Massachusetts.*

ADMITTED to the bar, September 24, 1872. Entered second year's class in Harvard Law School, September, 1876; graduated, 1877, and at once began the practice of law in Salem. In December, 1877, elected for three years to Lynn School Committee, and continued a member with short break till January 1, 1882. In January, 1882, removed to Salem, where he practised law until 1901, when he withdrew from active practice. Alderman of Salem, 1894, 1895, and 1896. Secretary of Salem Republican City Committee, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894,

1895, 1896, 1897; chairman, 1898, 1899, 1900. Member Salem Board of Health, 1894, 1895, 1896; chairman, 1895 and 1896. Member of American Statistical Association, American Academy of Political and Social Science, American Economic Association, and American Proportional Representation League. Member of Essex Club; Salem Club; Colonial Club of Salem; Tedesco Club; I. O. O. F., Lodge and Encampment; Essex Lodge, F. and A. M. of Salem; Winslow Lewis Commandery, K. T., Salem, and Massachusetts Consistory, Boston. Councillor of Essex Institute; director and vice-president of Salem Safe Deposit and Trust Company; chairman of executive committee of Second Church (Unitarian), Salem. Is now president and general manager of the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, succeeding his brother-in-law, on his death in November, 1900. Served as a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives from Salem for the years 1903-04, being a member of the committee on the judiciary both years. Alternate delegate from his congressional district to the Republican National Convention in 1908; member of the Executive Council of Massachusetts (Governor's Council), 1910 and 1911. His son, William Pinkham Gove, graduated at Harvard in 1906; his oldest daughter, Lydia Pinkham Gove, graduated at Smith College in 1907; and his daughter, Mary Gove, graduates from Wellesley College in 1916.

#### EGBERT HENRY GRANDIN

*Son of Egbert H. and Amanda (Pratt) Grandin; born at Trenton, New Jersey, September 6, 1855; prepared for college at Belleville High School, Virginia.*

STUDIED medicine at the Harvard Medical School. Went abroad in 1879; returned from Europe early in 1880. Graduated (Harvard Medical School) in June, 1880, and then went abroad, spending the summer in travelling. Settled down in Vienna in the fall, and studied there until the early spring, when he went to Paris for study; returned and has practised his profession in New York City since. Is a member of various medical societies; fellow Academy of Medicine, Gynæcological Society, Obstetrical Society; ex-president Medical Society County of New York; vice-president New York Academy of Medicine; gynæcologist Columbus Hospital; consulting gynæcologist French Hospital; consulting obstetric surgeon Maternity Hospital; obstetrician New York Infant Asylum; member Harvard Medical Society. Has written extensively; edited the "Cyclopædia of Obstetrics and Gynæcology" (twelve volumes), 1887; wrote a "Treatise on Electricity in the Diseases of Women," a "Treatise on Obstetric Surgery." Limits his practice to obstetrics, the diseases of women, and abdominal surgery.

He wrote in 1908: "Am associate surgeon to the Woman's Hospital in the State of New York, consulting gynæcologist to the French Hospital, attending gynæcologist to the Columbus Hospital. Am a member of the American Therapeutic Society, of the Congress of American Physicians and Surgeons, of the American Gynecological Society. Have been president of the Medical Society of the County of New York, of the New York Obstetrical Society, and vice-president of the New York Academy of Medicine."

Present address, 319 West 95th Street, New York.

\*GEORGE WALTON GREEN

\*1903

*Son of Dr. Horace and Harriet Sheldon (Douglas) Green; born at New York City, May 9, 1854; prepared for college at Holbrook's School, Sing Sing, New York, and at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

GEORGE WALTON GREEN died at Springfield, on December 13, 1903. His father was a noted physician, the son of a soldier in the Continental Army, who fought at Bunker Hill. In college Green took good rank as a scholar, and he was prominent in social, literary, and athletic life. He rowed on his Class crew and competed in the first intercollegiate track athletics at Saratoga, in 1874. He was one of the founders of the Harvard Athletic Association. He studied law at Columbia and was admitted to the New York Bar in 1878. He was for some years counsel for the Civil Service Association, and he was attorney for the Bar Association in its fight against the Field Code. He was also secretary of the American Copyright League and took an active part in the work of agitation for the passage of the U. S. statute permitting the copyright of works by foreign authors. He was an able lawyer and advocate, and was at the threshold of still greater success when he was stricken with illness. He took an active part in politics, beginning in the "Mugwump" movement in 1884. In 1894 he was a candidate for Congress on the Democratic ticket. Later, Mayor Strong appointed him an Aqueduct Commissioner. He was a frequent contributor to the "Nation," "Harper's Weekly," and other periodicals. His literary style was finished, lucid, and logical. He took a deep interest in Harvard and for many years he attended all the matches with

Yale, writing the excellent reports of the boat races which appeared in the "Nation" and the New York "Evening Post." He married, on September 30, 1880, Harriet Brodhead Atwater of Springfield, and she, with two sons, Walton Atwater (Harvard, 1904) and Horace (Harvard, 1908), survives him.

### HERBERT GREEN

*Son of Samuel W. and Cornelia W. Green; born at Brooklyn, New York, May 17, 1853; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

STUDIED law at the Harvard Law School, and graduated with the degree of A.B. in 1878. Was admitted to the bar in Brooklyn in the fall of 1897, and has since practised law in New York City. Has been a U. S. Commissioner for the Southern District of New York since 1902. Was married, July 29, 1909, to Leila M. Sacia.

### FREDERICK LEWIS GREENE

*Son of Rev. Lewis and Clarissa Chapin (Bartlett) Greene; born at Van Deusenville (Great Barrington), Massachusetts, June 20, 1855; prepared for college under his father's tutoring, at Sanderson Academy, Ashfield, and at St. Paul's School, Concord, New Hampshire, 1870-72.*

HE writes: "Studied law in Greenfield from December, 1876, to September, 1878, with some newspaper work during the same period; at the Harvard Law School from September, 1878, to June, 1880. Admitted to the bar in Greenfield in August, 1879; began the practice of law in Greenfield in November, 1880, where I have since continued and am at present practising. Was trial justice in Franklin County

from 1882 until the establishment of a district court in 1896. Was assessor of Greenfield from 1886 to 1892, and town clerk of Greenfield from 1887 to 1895. Was secretary of the Franklin County Agricultural Society from 1885 to 1893. Was one of the examiners for the Franklin County Bar from 1891 to the establishment of the State Board of Bar Examiners in 1897; was one of the members of the first Board of State Bar Examiners, appointed by the Supreme Judicial Court in October, 1897, and secretary of the board from April, 1900, to October, 1913, when, after sixteen years' services, I asked that I be not considered for reappointment. Was clerk of the parish of St. James (Episcopal) in Greenfield, 1881-1901.

"My publications have been ephemeral contributions to newspapers. I edited the official report of the trial of John O'Neil for murder in Franklin County in 1897, in which trial I was appointed by the court to assist the attorney-general and district attorney. While in college I was a member of the Institute of 1770. I have been a member of the Greenfield Club, a social organization, since its establishment in 1891. I am an associate member of the Grand Army post located at Greenfield. I have been a member of the Connecticut Valley Harvard Club since its organization in 1898, and was, in 1901 and 1902, president. Was a member of the Young Men's Democratic Club of Massachusetts for many years, and served several years upon its executive committee. My law practice is a general one, and I mingle no outside business with law.

"Since our class report of 1908, I have continued the practice of law in Greenfield. My only official



position is as a trustee of Sanderson Academy, Ashfield, where I was once a student. This position I have held since 1880, and I am the senior of a board of fourteen. That is all there is to report about myself.

"My son Donald graduated at Harvard in 1911, A.B. He is a civil engineer, now located in Greenfield.

"My daughter Elizabeth graduated at Smith in 1913, A.B. She was in P. B. K. She has since been, and now is, an assistant in Phipps Psychopathic Clinic, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Maryland."

**\*ROBERT WHEATON GUILD** \*1880  
*Son of Charles Eliot and Mary Lyman (Eliot) Guild; born at Boston, Massachusetts, September 29, 1855; prepared for college at G. W. C. Noble's School.*

Soon after graduation Guild entered the office of Willett & Hamlen, Boston, sugar merchants. Although he was of good physique, athletic, and fond of outdoor sports, his constitution was not equal to the confinement of a sedentary life. Pneumonia suddenly developed into consumption, and he died on June 9, 1880, after a short illness at his father's home at West Roxbury (Boston).

He was of a notably frank and kindly nature, a loyal friend, a true-hearted gentleman, much beloved.

## EDWARD CUNNINGHAM HALL

*Son of George Rogers and Helen (Beal) Hall; born at Shanghai, China, April 1, 1853; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

IN September, 1876, went to Wyoming Territory

and became interested in cattle ranching. In April, 1880, was commissioned special agent of the Tenth Census to work the States and Territories of Utah, Nevada, and Idaho, also part of Oregon, Montana, and California, together with Arizona and a portion of New Mexico, in connection with the investigation into the meat production of these several regions. The round trip was effected, and the principal stock ranches visited. In December, 1880, he went over Arizona, thence eastward after a short stay in Mexico. In January, 1881, settled at Newburgh-on-Hudson, where his branch of the census office prepared their report. He then went West, and was at Spearfish, Dakota, 1883-84, and later had a ranch some sixty miles from Sun Dance, Wyoming. Was given degree of A.B. in 1899 as of 1876, and in 1899 was appointed again special agent of the Twelfth Census.

For many years he has been living on his ranch at Jordan, Dawson County, Montana. Kittredge and a few favored correspondents occasionally get a very good letter from him. His interest in athletic sports and records is apparently as keen as ever.

### EMOR HERBERT HARDING

*Son of George Warren and Harriet (Russell) Harding; born at Burlington, Vermont, April 30, 1854; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter and Phillips Andover Academies.*

GRADUATED at the Harvard Law School in 1878, and the following year took a post-graduate course for Master's degree. Went abroad in July, 1879, and on his return in August, 1880, entered the law office of Francis V. Balch, Boston. In April, 1881, was admitted to the Suffolk County Bar, and later



studied in the law office of Robert D. Smith. Was a member of the First Corps of Cadets, M. V. M., and served on the non-commissioned staff of the Second Brigade (General Sutton). Travelled abroad in the summers of 1886 (Bayreuth), 1906, 1908, and 1913. He has been engaged in the care of trust property. Is trustee of the Ludlow Manufacturing Associates and treasurer of the Boston Home for Incurables.

\*AZARIAH BOODY HARRIS \*1892

*Son of Daniel Lester and Harriet (Owen) Harris; born at Springfield, Massachusetts, March 8, 1853; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

AFTER graduation engaged in railroading in connection with the Connecticut River Railroad. Was president of the Ashuelot Railroad Company, the Sullivan County Railroad of New Hampshire, and Vermont Valley Railroad of Vermont; vice-president of the Connecticut & Passumpsic Railroad Company of Vermont; a director of the Connecticut River Railroad of Massachusetts, the St. Johnsbury and Lake Champlain Railroad of Vermont, the South-eastern Railroad Company of Canada, the Chapin National Bank of Springfield, Massachusetts, the Springfield Fire & Marine Insurance Company, the Crocker Manufacturing Company of Holyoke, Massachusetts, and one of the trustees of the City Library Association. Died in 1892.

\*EDMUND PITTS HARRISON \*1913

*Son of Learner Blackman and Frances (Goodman) Harrison; born at Cincinnati, Ohio, June 5, 1854; prepared for college by Dr. N. E. Soule.*

AFTER graduation he was engaged for some time in banking, in Cincinnati; later he was interested in manufacturing, and was a director in a number of companies. He died in Chicago, October 7, 1913, leaving a widow, Carrie (Andrews) Harrison, two sons, Learner B. (Harvard, 1904) and Francis G., and a daughter, Marion A.

\*ROE HASBROUCK

\*1879

*Son of William Cornelius and Mary Elizabeth (Roe) Hasbrouck; born at Newburgh, New York, January 5, 1853; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

READ law in the office of Judge Fullerton, New York City. Died in Brooklyn, New York, February 21, 1879.

\*EDMUND TROWBRIDGE HASTINGS

\*1886

*Son of John Walter and Sarah Elizabeth (Gannett) Hastings; born at Medford, Massachusetts, July 24, 1851; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy; admitted in class of 1875.*

HE was a member of the Freshman Ball Nine of the Class of 1875, and later rowed in the Matthews Boat Club Crew, and was captain of it. He belonged to the Institute of 1770, the Hasty Pudding Club, the Chess Club, the H. U. B. C., and was an associate member of the Glee Club. Spent the first year after graduation in Medford; later went into business. He was first engaged in the cotton business, then became junior partner in the firm of Hinckley & Bradlee; on retirement of the senior, the firm became Bradlee, Hastings & Co., dealers in heavy hardware, Boston. He died at his home in Medford,

Massachusetts, May 8, 1886, of pneumonia, brought on by exposure to a sudden change of the weather, when recovering from typhoid fever. Hastings was a man of a sincere and affectionate nature.

**\*HOLMES HINKLEY**

**\*1891**

*Son of James Frederic and Eliza (Alger) Hinkley; born at Boston, Massachusetts, April 18, 1853; prepared for college at Boston Latin School.*

SPENT the first year after his graduation at Harvard; received the degree of A.M. at Commencement, 1877; became tutor at Mr. Whittemore's School at No. 5 Newbury Street, Boston. Died in 1891. A member of Institute of 1770 and of the Harvard Natural History Society. A scholar and of rare modesty and delicacy of temperament.

**DAVID BLAKELY HOAR**

*Son of John Emory and Ann Borrodaile (Blakely) Hoar; born at Pawlet, Vermont, August 19, 1855; prepared for college at Brookline High School.*

AFTER graduation studied law in the office of Alfred Hemenway and James P. Farley, Jr., Boston, and entered the Harvard Law School, October, 1878. Was admitted to the Suffolk Bar, April, 1879, and is now a member of the firm of Brandeis, Dunbar, and Nutter. Member of Union Club.

He writes in 1916: "Nothing worth mentioning has happened."

**\*ROCKWOOD HOAR**

**\*1906**

*Son of United States Senator George F. and Louisa A. (Spurr) Hoar; born at Worcester, August 24, 1855; prepared for college at the Worcester High School.*

DIED at his residence in Worcester on November 2, 1906. After graduation he began the study of law in his father's office in Worcester. In the autumn of 1877 he passed the examination for the second-year class at the Harvard Law School. He took the degree of LL.B. in 1878, and of A.M. in 1879. He was admitted to the bar June 16, 1879. He at once took an active part in every variety of life in his native city. He was a busy lawyer, interested in politics, in military matters, in business, and in his church. He was a member of the Worcester Common Council and its president; assistant district attorney of the Middle District for four years from January, 1884. When a young man, in Cambridge, he was for four years a member of the Concord company, M. V. M. He was later aide-de-camp on the staff of Gov. Oliver Ames, with rank of colonel, and afterwards Judge-Advocate-General on the staff of Gov. Roger Wolcott. During this service he was a member of the Governor's Military Advisory Staff during the Spanish War. He was a trustee of the Worcester Lunatic Asylum and of Clark University, a member of the Loyal Legion and of the American Antiquarian Society of Worcester. He was also a director of and counsel for the Washburn and Moen Manufacturing Co., and a director of and solicitor for the Central National Bank. He was elected to Congress in 1904, and at the time of his death had been renominated. He married Christine Rice, of Worcester, June 1, 1893. She, with two daughters, survives him. His portrait was printed in the "Graduates' Magazine" for March, 1905. Hoar made a distinct impression in Congress, attending to his duties faithfully and intelligently.

## HENRY DEXTER BREWER HOBSON

*Son of Isaac Townsend and Frances (Brewer) Hobson; born at Biddeford, Maine, March 13, 1854; prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Massachusetts.*

READ law in Wiscasset, Maine, the first year after graduation, and the second year was member of the Cincinnati Law School, taking the degree of LL.B. in 1878. Then read law in the office of George V. Leverett, Boston, Massachusetts. He was admitted to the bar at Alfred, York County, Maine; Fargo, North Dakota; and Brooklyn, New York. Is now located in New Brunswick, New Jersey.

Married in 1906 to Constance E. Michel, of New Orleans, Louisiana. Children: Henry Michel Hobson, September, 1907; Julion Hobson, November, 1910.

## \*JOHN CHARLES HOLMAN \*1898

*Son of John and Dora Harmon (Chadbourn) Holman; born at Cambridge, Massachusetts, March 3, 1854; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy; entered in 1871, but was prevented by illness from going on with the class of 1875.*

HE received a detur in his Freshman year, and was a member of the Institute of 1770 and 11 H; president of the Cambridge Telegraph Company, and was among the first eight elected into the Φ B K. He played upon the Freshman Nine. He roomed in college with Walter J. Otis.

He travelled in Europe for a year after graduation, and on his return became a partner in the firm of John Holman & Co. until 1885. Later he associated himself with Hornblower &

Weeks. He died at Hastings, Minnesota, May 18, 1898.

\*HORACE NATHANIEL HOOPER \*1897

*Son of Nathaniel and Martha Bryan (Romsey) Hooper; born at Boston, Massachusetts, March 19, 1854; prepared for college at Boston Latin School.*

WAS a member of the Natural History Society during college and a diligent student, and received a detur for fidelity. Graduated at Massachusetts College of Pharmacy, 1883. Died at Boston, October 27, 1897.

CHARLES ISHAM

*Son of William Bradley and Julia (Burhaus) Isham; born at New York, New York, July 20, 1853; came to Harvard from Yale College.*

AFTER graduation, from October, 1876, to February, 1878, studied at the University of Berlin, and from February, 1878, to July of the same year in Paris. In September, 1878, entered the Columbia Law School. In 1879 studied in law office of Edwards and Odell, New York City. Admitted to the New York Bar in January, 1881. Member of Association of the Bar of the City of New York; resident graduate in history at Harvard, 1884-86; librarian of the New York Historical Society from 1887 to 1890; private secretary to the American Minister at London from May, 1889, to October, 1890; member of Geographical Society; treasurer general of Society of the Cincinnati; paymaster of the Society of the War of 1812 (Veteran Corps of Artillery), Sons of the Revolution; member of Harvard, Century, and University Clubs, Naval Order, Society



of Colonial Wars ; president of St. Nicholas Society of New York. Publications : " The Fishery Question," 1887 ; " The Deane Papers " (five volumes), issued February, 1894, published by the New York Historical Society.

## GEORGE BURNHAM IVES

*Son of Stephen Bradshaw and Mary Eliza (Burnham) Ives ; born at Salem, Massachusetts, October 18, 1856 ; prepared for college at Salem High School.*

AFTER graduation studied law until December, 1878, and was admitted to the bar. On April 10, 1879, was married to May Manley Creamer, of Salem, and has two sons : Frederick Manley, born January 5, 1880, and Oscar Jackson, born May 24, 1881.

Practised law until 1890 with his father, Stephen B. Ives, of the class of 1848, Solomon Lincoln of 1857, B. N. Johnson of 1878. From 1896 to 1903 was engaged largely in translating from the French. Since 1903 has been employed at the Riverside Press as editorial proof-reader. Edited for Houghton Mifflin Co. a limited folio edition of Florio's translation of Montaigne's Essays, and compiled a bibliography of Dr. Holmes. Has been at work in his leisure hours, for about three years, under the auspices and supervision of Miss Grace Norton, in making an entirely new translation of Montaigne's Essays.

His son, Frederick Manley, took his degree in 1901, having spent the previous year in the Law School (LL.B., 1903). He was the first son of '76 to graduate. He married in 1906 Charlotte Dwinell, of Winchester, and has three children — one boy and two girls. He is practising law successfully in

Boston. Ives's other son, Oscar Jackson, graduated in 1903, and has been ever since in the employ of the New England Telephone and Telegraph Co., being now division superintendent of traffic for Eastern Massachusetts. He married in 1908 Elinor Goodhue, of Salem, and has three children—all girls.

His grandchildren are—children of Frederick Manley Ives: Frederick Manley, born June 2, 1908; Alice Creamer, born February 27, 1910; Eleanor Dwinell, born January 18, 1913. Children of Oscar Jackson Ives: Margaret Goodhue, born August 29, 1909; Mary, born April 17, 1911; Sarah, born July 14, 1913.

\*OSCAR ROLAND JACKSON \*1916  
*Son of Charles Thomas and Susan (Bridge) Jackson; born at Boston, Massachusetts, May 20, 1855; prepared for college at Boston Latin School.*

FROM graduation, until the summer of 1878, he was assistant in chemistry at Harvard. Appointed to the Kirkland Fellowship, and was abroad until the summer of 1881. On his return he was with the Repauno Chemical Works in Chester, Pennsylvania, of which he was afterwards superintendent. He continued with the duPonts, in Chester and Wilmington, as chemist and expert in high explosives.

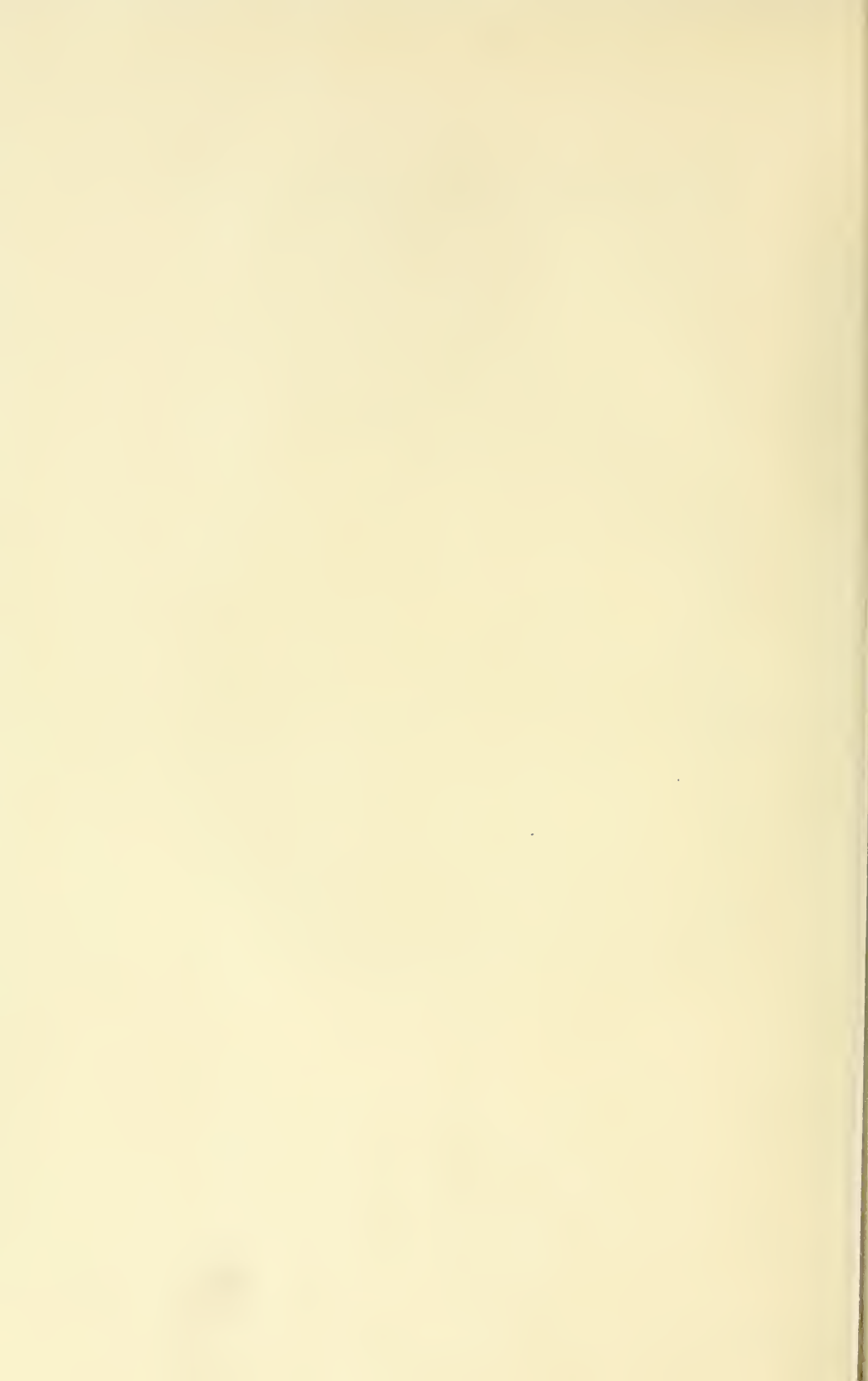
He died at Wilmington, Delaware, on April 10, 1916.

He was married in October, 1883, to Catharine Ellis, of Boston. His daughter Anne Warren graduated from Bryn Mawr College in 1908, and was married in 1914 to Rev. Benjamin Newcomer Bird, rector of the Church of Messiah, Gwynedd,





OSCAR ROLAND JACKSON



Pennsylvania. A son was born to them July 18, 1915. His daughter Eugenia Louise was graduated at Bryn Mawr College in 1914, and was married in 1915 to Arthur Coleman Comey, Harvard, A.B. 1907. His son Charles Thomas is preparing for Harvard, and graduating at Milton Academy in 1916.

The following article was written by an official of E. I. duPont de Nemours and Company :

“ Mr. Jackson, after his return from Europe in 1881, was engaged at once by the Repauno Chemical Co. as chemist at their plant near Chester, Pennsylvania. The Repauno Chemical Co. was controlled by the duPont interests and was devoted wholly to the manufacture of dynamite. In 1884, three years after Mr. Jackson entered on his work as chemist, occurred the most disastrous explosion that has ever happened in any of the duPont Company's plants, in which the president of the company, Mr. Lamotte duPont, the superintendent, and assistant superintendent of the plant lost their lives.

“ Although Mr. Jackson was only twenty-nine years old at that time, he was appointed superintendent of the plant, which position he held for nineteen years, until 1903. This period covered the growth of the dynamite industry in this country almost from its infancy until it had assumed the enormous importance which it possesses today ; and, during this period, it was Mr. Jackson who was the one man in the dynamite branch of the duPont companies who possessed chemical knowledge and technical skill. In 1884 a few thousand pounds of dynamite were manufactured daily, and hand labor was almost exclusively used. Nineteen years later the daily output was measured in hundreds of thousands of pounds, and complicated machinery was employed in all stages of the manufacture. In this great development Mr. Jackson, as the superintendent of the Repauno plant, was the leader and moving spirit, and it was his technical, chemical, and engineering skill which made this great development possible.

“ In 1903, after a severe nervous breakdown, he gave up his work as plant superintendent, and entered a highly important and responsible position in the main office of the duPont Company, at Wilmington, Delaware, where, as head of the cost division, he

continued until a few days before his death to be of great assistance in the continued enormous development of the company's business, by his advice and wisdom, acquired through years of practical experience."

## OBITUARY

OSCAR ROLAND JACKSON, whose death at Wilmington, Delaware, on April 10, was mentioned in last night's "Transcript," was born in Boston on May 20, 1855. He was the son of Dr. Charles T. Jackson, the eminent chemist, investigator, and discoverer, who graduated at the Harvard Medical School in 1829.

Oscar Jackson was fitted for college at the Boston Latin School, and entered Harvard College in 1872. In those days students were at liberty to "elect" their studies only in the last two years of the course; but in those two years he devoted his attention almost exclusively to the science in which his father had won fame; and at his graduation, in 1876, he had taken substantially all the honors then attainable in chemistry and cognate subjects, and had shown himself abundantly worthy of the name he bore.

For two years after graduation he was assistant in chemistry at Harvard. The Kirkland Fellowship being then assigned to him, he went abroad to study, and remained until the summer of 1881, chiefly in Munich, where he studied under Professor Adolf von Baeyer. On his return he entered the employ of the duPonts as chemist at the Repauno Chemical Works, near Chester. He was later superintendent of that plant for a number of years, but was eventually transferred to the headquarters of the company in Wilmington, where he has held a highly important and responsible position among those who have planned and guided the enormous development of the company's business.

He had been in poor health for a good while, and had, at times, suffered greatly from emphysema of the lungs. During the past winter he had had at times a particularly hard struggle; but was at his office until the end of last week, when he was forced to take to his bed by what proved to be the final attack, and mercifully a very brief one.

\* \* \* \* \*

That he was the truest and staunchest of friends none knows so well as the writer of these lines, to whom his death means the close of a friendship of forty-four years, which has been for a generation among his most cherished possessions.

G. B. I.

(From the "Boston Evening Transcript")

## GEORGE EDWARD JACOBS

*Son of Asa and Lucy (Cooper) Jacobs; born at Boston, Massachusetts, July 13, 1855; prepared for college by Ernest Young.*

THE summer after graduation entered the law office of Judge Woodbury, and remained there until he was admitted to the bar in January, 1879.

Is still practising law, giving especial attention to conveyancing.

## HENRY PERCY JAQUES

*Son of Francis and Caroline Louisa (Merriam) Jaques; born at Framingham, Massachusetts, December 22, 1854; prepared for college at Boston Latin School.*

GRADUATED from the Harvard Medical School in 1879 and was one year in the Massachusetts General Hospital as medical interne.

In 1880 he married Gertrude, daughter of the Hon. Anson Burlingame, and spent the following year studying in Vienna and Paris. In 1881, in Paris, a son, Francis, was born. On his return he practised his profession in Boston for a year and then removed to Milton.

In 1889 he married Caroline Parsons, daughter of the Reverend J. F. W. Ware.

In 1898 he retired from practice and went to Lenox, where he now lives.

His son Francis graduated from Harvard in 1903 and, after several years of study in Paris, obtained a diploma in architecture from the Ecole des Beaux-Arts.

## \*STEVEN HENRY JECKO

\*1896

*Son of Joseph and Clara (Heinbach) Jecko; born at St. Louis, Missouri, April 6, 1852.*

IN 1866 Jecko was employed by an uncle in the Pay Department, U. S. A., as a clerk at one hundred dollars a month, and starting from Omaha took the Union Pacific Railroad as far as Fort Kearney. The party was on the road from Fort Kearney nearly ten months, travelling in government ambulances with cavalry escort, and visiting and paying off troops at the frontier posts.

During the journey the party had several severe skirmishes with the Sioux under "Spotted Tail" and "Red Cloud," and they came upon the scene of the Phil Kearney massacre when the bodies of the one hundred and four victims were still warm. Two only of the command had escaped. After this terrible occurrence the "pay" party added fifty regulars and a band of hunters and trappers under Jim Bridges and Kit Carson to their number and carried with them two howitzers.

After one day's march they were attacked while in camp and drove off the Indians after a fight of two hours; the red-skins leaving seventeen dead on the field, while the "pay" party had one man shot through the shoulder.

After this adventurous journey, fighting with Indians and grizzlies in a manner to delight the heart of a boy of fourteen, Jecko returned to the Central High School in St. Louis, and in 1870 entered Washington University in the Freshman class. He tutored in Cambridge under Samuel Brierly to get up the Greek necessary for admission. He devoted himself to music in his college course under Professor Paine, and was double bass player in the Pierian Sodality for two years, and led it for two years. He was also a member of the Everett Athenæum and the Π H.

Went through the St. Louis Law School; admitted to the bar, 1878, and became a partner in the law firm of Jecko, Hospes, and Jecko, St. Louis, Missouri, but withdrew from the firm and removed to Washington, where he was clerk in the General Land Office until July 1, 1893, and in the fall went to Enid, Oklahoma Territory. Here he died on March 18, 1896, in his forty-fourth year. An associate writes: "He was a man respected for his ability and integrity and good citizenship. A whole-souled, all-round good fellow."

At the time of his death he was one of the best-known citizens of Oklahoma and was the attorney for a large railroad. He possessed remarkable musical ability, as all of us remember, and was the composer of several well-known songs. He also did newspaper work on the "National Republican" and was a musical critic.

### GLIDDEN WOOD JOY

*Son of Francis Henry and Sarah (Goodwin) Joy; born at Charlestown, Massachusetts, September 26, 1854; prepared for college at Chauncy Hall School, Boston.*

AFTER graduation went into business in Boston. Left for Europe, May, 1877, and travelled until November of the same year. On his return entered the firm of Glidden and Joy, varnish manufacturers, Cleveland, Ohio. In 1881 returned to Boston as manager of the Boston factory of his firm, which position he held until 1888, when he retired from the varnish business.

He writes in 1916: "I know of nothing more to add."



## WILLIAM MITCHELL KENDALL

*Son of Joshua and Phebe (Mitchell) Kendall; born at Jamaica Plain, Massachusetts, February 13, 1856; prepared for college by J. Kendall.*

AFTER graduation spent two years as a special student at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Boston; one year in the office of Carl Fehmer, architect, Boston; two years in the office of George B. Post, architect, New York; a year and a half abroad, travelling and studying architecture in France and Italy. In the autumn of 1882 entered the office of McKim, Mead, and White, New York, and became a member of the firm in January, 1906. Married, July, 1897, Grace Eliot Endicott. Is a member of the University, Harvard, and Century Clubs of New York, fellow of the American Institute of Architects, trustee of the American Academy in Rome, and member of the National Institute of Arts and Letters.

## \*FREDERIC HENRY KIDDER \*1915

*Son of Francis H. and Julia T. Kidder; born at Medford, Massachusetts, May 5, 1853; prepared for college at Medford High School.*

AFTER graduation he studied law in the office of Thomas L. Wakefield and at the Boston University Law School. Was admitted to the Suffolk County Bar in 1879, and practised law in Boston. He served seven years on the Medford School Board; five years as chairman of Civil Service Examiners in Medford. Was a trustee of the Medford Savings Bank, and a member of the Medford Historical Society. He died at Medford, October 13, 1915, after two years' illness with paralysis.



\*WILLIAM FARGO KIP

\*1905

*Son of Henry and Charlotte Miriam (Wells) Kip; born at Buffalo, New York, April 8, 1855; died at Provincetown, Massachusetts, July 5, 1905; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy, class of 1872.*

AFTER graduation he travelled abroad from July, 1876, to June, 1877. He entered the Harvard Law School in September, 1877, remaining there one year, and in September, 1878, entered the second year at the Columbia Law School, graduating in June, 1879. From 1881-91 he practised law in Buffalo, and was appointed U. S. Commissioner for the Northern District of New York. During this period he was actively interested in forwarding the cause of civil service reform and was for some years civil service examiner for the City of Buffalo. In 1891 he went to practise law in New York City. In 1896, after a competitive examination, he was appointed assistant librarian of the Appellate Division of the New York Supreme Court, and in 1898 he was appointed librarian of one of the most complete libraries in the world,—that of the Bar Association of the City of New York. In spite of his failing health he made a high reputation in this responsible post. His generous nature, his unflagging spirits, and his bright intellect made Kip beloved by his classmates.

SAMUEL DANA KITTREDGE

*Son of Benjamin and Lucy (Dana) Kittredge; prepared for college at the Peekskill Military Academy.*

MEMBER of University Club of New York, Harvard Club of New York, Ardsley Club of Ardsley-on-Hudson. Not in any business.

At Harvard Law School in 1878. LL.B., Columbia, 1881.

Has travelled much in Europe. Is now living at Hastings-on-Hudson, New York.

### ELLIOT CABOT LEE

*Son of Henry and Elizabeth Perkins (Cabot) Lee; born at Brookline, Massachusetts, April 16, 1854; prepared for college at Mr. G. W. C. Noble's School, Boston, 1866-72.*

STUDIED in Harvard Law School from October, 1877, to June, 1879. Travelled in Europe from 1879 to September, 1881. In November, 1881, entered the office of Messrs. Shattuck, Holmes, and Munroe, Boston, and was admitted to the Suffolk Bar in February, 1883. The following December he reports that he entered the Union Safe Deposit Vaults. In 1889 was in Europe travelling for nine months, and again in 1890 for six months. In May, 1891, started on a tour around the world, visiting Japan, China, Java, Burma, India, and Egypt, and after spending the spring and summer of 1892 in Europe, returned home in October, 1892. In 1894 revisited Europe, staying there from March till the middle of November. Was in Europe eight months in 1903, and on an automobile tour in Italy for six months in 1910. In 1912-13 was touring by automobile in France and Italy for twelve months. In 1914 went to Italy in March, then to England in April. Remained in England until January 16, 1915, then went to California, returning home in July, 1915. Member of St. Botolph, Tavern, and Jekyll Island Clubs. In college was member of Institute and H. P. C. Is greatly interested in automobiles, and

has been president of the American Automobile Association. Is life member of Touring Club Italiano.

**\*EDWARD BROWN LEFAVOUR \*1889**

*Son of Issachar and Lydia Ann (Ober) Lefavour; born at Beverly, November 25, 1854. He graduated from the Beverly High School in 1870, the first in the class. He afterwards attended the Salem High School and was first there also.*

At Harvard he took the course in mathematics and physics and was the first man of 1876. He bore his honors meekly. There was no taint of selfishness in his success. It was unobtrusive persistency and humble self-devotion of a pure and perfect mind that brought him to the front.

After graduation he returned to Harvard for further study until September, 1877, when he became instructor in the Jamaica Plain High School. April 1, 1878, he was appointed principal of the High School in Holbrook, Massachusetts, which position he held till July, 1880, when the love of study brought him again to Cambridge. In January, 1881, he went to Washington, District of Columbia, to become verifier of weights and measures, especially hydrometers, in the Bureau of Weights and Measures connected with the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey. Here for five years, with an interest and thoroughness peculiar to him, he discharged what would seem to others monotonous duties.

In addition to this work on hydrometers he undertook in January, 1883, the superintendence of the measurement of star photographs for the Argentine National Observatory, then in charge of Dr.

B. A. Gould. This work, requiring the closest observation and laborious calculation, was done with faultless accuracy. Into it he introduced valuable methods, and had almost completed an instrument by which the measurements could be more easily and expeditiously made by a system of rectangular co-ordinates than by the system of polar co-ordinates commonly used, but unfortunately he did not live to perfect it.

In December, 1885, he left Washington and returned to Cambridge, where he seemed to belong. Here he studied and continued the star work intrusted to his care, which he finished shortly before his death. During the last year he was also assistant in the Jefferson Physical Laboratory of Harvard University.

He was so conscientious and religious in his temperament that his thoughts for a while were turned towards the ministry, and he read considerable theology; but his friends had long thought him peculiarly fitted for scientific work, and he at last felt that his calling was in that direction. He was entering with fresh zeal and love and hope upon his life-work, when he was attacked with rheumatic fever of a typhoid form, which resulted in his death, May 18, 1889.

The principle of his life may be stated in a remembered saying of his, to the effect that he would be happy to take ten degrees square of the heavens, make photographs of the stars therein and spend his lifetime in discussing it. Every problem that occurred to him seemed to him worth spending his lifetime over, and he was ready to do it, no matter what the drudgery connected with it. He never dropped it.

He was never satisfied with what was already known about a subject. He wanted to know more about it. He was one of the few men who are born investigators. He was not one who wished to make a show in the world. He did not care whether the world ever knew what he was doing. With a broad, clear mind, capable of treating thoroughly any subject presented to it, he was willing for the truth's sake to sink himself in the one subject before him. Such ability, with such devotion, is not often found, and the world, whose glare was nothing to him, is the darker because he is not in it who could give it more true light.

B. O. P.

\*WILLIS DANIELS LELAND

\*1902

*Son of Edmund F. and Mary Lucretia (Cutter) Leland; born at Holliston, Massachusetts, March 30, 1854; died at Lowell, Massachusetts, May 15, 1902; prepared for college at Boston Latin School.*

GRADUATED from Andover Theological Seminary in 1879. In 1885 received the degree of Ph.D. from Boston University. In 1879 he travelled in the West for some time, and on his return in 1880 he was settled as pastor in Amherst, New Hampshire. He was later settled at North Weymouth, Massachusetts, and at Exeter, New Hampshire. He came to Lowell, to the Pawtucketville Congregational Church, May 8, 1893. It was largely through his efforts that the movement which resulted in building the new church was started. While in good health he was an active member of the Lowell Congregational Club and of the Andover Conference.

He was married on April 25, 1882, to Susan Gridley Alvord. He left two sons, Howard Alvord,

Harvard, 1909, and Richard Cutter, Harvard, 1914.

### FRANK SHALTER LIVINGOOD

*Son of Jacob Seltzer and Lucy Jane (Shalter) Livingood; born at Reading, Pennsylvania, February 24, 1855; prepared for college at Phillips Andover Academy, 1869-72.*

AFTER studying law in the office of his father, Jacob S. Livingood, at Reading, Pennsylvania, was admitted to the bar and has since practised law at Reading.

Chairman Republican County Committee, 1882-84, 86-88; delegate to the Republican National Convention of 1884; Advisory Board of Washington Party since 1912; director of Young Men's Christian Association since 1881 and president since 1888; trustee Charles Evans Cemetery since 1892; director of the Reading Hospital since 1901, treasurer 1905-13, president since 1913; trustee of Reading Public Library since 1898; secretary and treasurer Mount Penn Gravity Railroad and Reading and Temple Electric Railway since 1889; president South Reading Market House Company; director of Reading Tuberculosis Sanitorium; vice-president Pennsylvania German Society; vice-president Berks County Historical Society; member of Harvard Club of New York and of University Club, Philadelphia.

### GEORGE ASHLEY LONG

*Son of George Washington and Mary Elizabeth (Nash) Long; born at Boston, Massachusetts, June 19, 1854; prepared for college at Epes Sargent Dixwell's Private School, Boston.*



WAS engaged in civil engineering and in the office of E. W. Bowditch until 1879. After an interval of recuperation, in September, 1881, he went South as engineer of construction on the Florida Southern Railway. Was county surveyor and alderman of the town of Interlachen, Putnam County, Florida; also an orange grower and farmer.

Moved to Boca Raton, Dade County (now Palm Beach County), Florida, May, 1901.

Postmaster and local representative of Florida East Coast Land Department since 1908.

Married to Kate Hare, of Baltimore, Maryland, in March, 1892. George Ashley Long, Jr., born July 29, 1893; Helen Long, born July 23, 1895; Hatty Long, born November 19, 1897; Vinton Long, born September 9, 1909.

## ALEXANDER WADSWORTH LONG- FELLOW

*Son of Alexander Wadsworth and Elizabeth (Porter) Longfellow; born at Portland, Maine, August 18, 1854; prepared for college at various schools in and about Portland, Maine.*

AFTER graduation returned to Boston for the special architectural course in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and finished in 1878. Studied a year in the office of Cabot and Chandler, architects, Boston, and in 1879 went to Paris and entered the atelier of M. Emile Vaudremer, and later the Ecole des Beaux-Arts, where he pursued his studies, with travelling interspersed, until the summer of 1881, which was spent in an extended sketching tour in France and Italy. He left the Ecole des Beaux-Arts with sufficient "mentions" in drawing and



architectural design to enter the first class, but in December, 1881, returned home, and early in the following year entered the office of Mr. H. H. Richardson, architect, Brookline, Massachusetts, where he passed four years. In March, 1886, he opened an office with Mr. A. B. Harlow, at No. 6 Beacon Street, Boston, and in the following year formed the partnership of Longfellow, Alden, and Harlow, with a branch office at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. Their most important work there is the Carnegie Public Library, gained in competition from designs made by him in Boston; also the Carnegie office building, Vandergrift and Conestoga buildings, the Duquesne Club, and many other buildings and houses in and about Pittsburg. The new City Hall, Carey Athletic Building, Winthrop Hall (for the Episcopal Theological School), the fireproof house of E. H. Abbott, Esq., all in Cambridge, and the tenement houses for the Boston Coöperative Building Company on Harrison Avenue, Boston, also three dormitories for Phillips Andover Academy are among his works.

In 1893 visited Italy for three months of study. In 1896 partnership was dissolved, and offices taken with his brother, R. K. Longfellow, in the Tremont Building, Boston, under the firm name of A. W. Longfellow, Jr. Here among the works designed and carried out are the Phillips Brooks Memorial House at Cambridge, the Semitic Museum for Harvard College, and Bertram Hall, the first dormitory designed for Radcliffe College. In 1898 was appointed in competition architect of the Boston Elevated Railway Company; in 1900 a member of the Art Commission of Boston. This work, with general

practice from Bar Harbor and Portland, Maine, to Cape Cod and Penllyn, Pennsylvania, where important houses have been built, and in and about Boston, have made a busy life.

Fellow American Institute of Architects, Boston Society of Architects; member Boston Architectural Club, Boston Art Students' Association, Society of Arts and Crafts, Copley Society.

Continued the practice of architecture at the Tremont Building, Boston, and has built Elizabeth Cary Agassiz House, and Grace Hopkinson Eliot Hall for Radcliffe College; the College fence and gates in front of Phillips Brooks House; library for the Maine Historical Society; Merrill Memorial Library at Yarmouth, Maine; Curtis Memorial Library at Brunswick, Maine; Peabody Memorial Library at Jonesport, Maine; Oliver Wendell Holmes schoolhouse and Abraham Lincoln schoolhouse for the City of Boston; blocks of model houses for the Boston Coöperative Building Company; a town house for the late Ex-Governor Draper; the Thayer Memorial Town Hall at Lancaster, and other buildings. In 1911 prepared a general scheme for Harvard College Chemical Laboratory Group with the Walcott Gibbs Memorial Laboratory for Chemical Research as the unit, followed by the T. Jefferson Coolidge Memorial Laboratory for Quantitative Analysis, and schemes for a principal court and entrance on Oxford Street, flanked by a large building for Elementary Chemistry and a similar building for Technical Chemistry.

Early in 1906 visited Spain and returned to Paris after twenty-five years' absence, and lived with another generation of students at the "School."

Visited England, and came home after three months.

Has devoted much time to the Boston Athenæum and the Art Museum as trustee, the Art Commission, and the Society of Arts and Crafts as vice-president and chairman of the jury. Has made an extensive historical marine collection to commemorate the days of America's great merchant marine and navy under sail, and founded the Marine Museum, of which he is president. Elected skipper of the India Wharf Rats Club, "an association assembled for the purpose of reviving American commerce, cultivating the culinary arts, and promoting fine arts."

Since 1901, the yacht "Wyvern" and the Maine coast have been a source of much enjoyment in moments snatched from work.

For a quarter of a century 12 Mount Vernon Street was his home, with ever-changing hill-dwellers, until the old house was pulled down to make room for the west wing of the State House, when he removed to his present address.

\*FRANCIS CABOT LOWELL

\*1911

*Son of George Gardner (Harvard, 1850) and Mary Ellen (Parker) Lowell; born at Boston, Massachusetts, January 7, 1855; prepared for college at G. W. C. Noble's School; died in Boston, March 6, 1911.*

JUDGE LOWELL was born in Boston on January 7, 1855; he married Cornelia Prime Baylies of New York, November 27, 1882; and died in Boston, March 6, 1911.

He attended George W. C. Noble's School from 1866 until 1872. Being thought to be in delicate



FRANCIS CABOT LOWELL



health he spent his Freshman year (1872-73) at home instead of at college, studying with private tutors. At college he was highly esteemed by his classmates, and soon took a leading position in the Class, although entering in his Sophomore year. They were quick to recognize his straightforwardness and his judicial temperament, and he presided at his Class meeting in his Senior year and was elected a member of the Class Committee. While in college he was a member of the Phi Beta Kappa, O. K., Hasty Pudding, and other societies. He graduated in 1876 with honors in history and was assigned a Commencement part, his subject being "The Recent Rise of the Italian Monarchy." After graduation he went abroad with his parents and travelled for a year. On his return he entered the Law School, remaining there but two years, this being the first class in which three years were required for a degree. He spent one year in a lawyer's office and was for some time private secretary to Justice Gray, of the United States Supreme Court. He was admitted to the bar in 1880, and began practice in Boston with A. Lawrence Lowell, '77, and the firm continued after 1890 under the name of Lowell, Stimson, and Lowell, with offices at 53 State Street, until he was appointed to the Federal Bench. The rest of his life was given to the earnest and assiduous performance of his duties; first as judge of the District and then of the Circuit Court, broken only by short journeys to Europe in 1900 and 1907, and to Mexico in 1904; but he gave much of his time to public service as well as to the affairs of the college. He was an Overseer from 1886 to 1895, when he was elected a Fellow of the



Corporation. He served in the Boston City Council in 1889, 1890, and 1891, and in the Massachusetts Legislature in 1895, 1896, and 1897, as a Republican. He was practically the leading figure in the House of Representatives and was chairman of the Judiciary Committee. He probably would have become Speaker of the House, but under President McKinley, in 1898, he was appointed United States District Judge for the District of Massachusetts, serving until 1905, when he became United States Circuit Judge for the First Circuit, which office he held until his death. In 1910 he received the honorary degree of LL.D. from Williams.

Judge Lowell came of well-known and distinguished ancestry. John Lowell, who was graduated in 1721, became a clergyman at Newbury. His son John, who graduated in 1760, was a judge of the United States District Court when it was first formed after the adoption of the Constitution, and was made a member of the Circuit Court when that was created in 1801, serving until the court was abolished a year or two afterwards. A great-grandson of this judge, also named John Lowell (Harvard, 1843), a cousin of the late Judge Lowell, was appointed to the United States District Court in 1865, and served until 1878. He was United States Circuit Judge from 1879 to 1884. The first Judge Lowell was a fellow of Harvard College from 1784 to 1802. His second son was Francis Cabot Lowell (Harvard, 1793), who, together with Patrick Tracy Jackson, started the cotton manufactories at Waltham. His name was subsequently given to the city of Lowell. His son was Francis Cabot Lowell (Harvard, 1821), a merchant and actuary of the Massachusetts Hos-



pital Life Insurance Company, and his son George Gardner Lowell (Harvard, 1850) was the father of Judge Lowell.

In 1885 Judge Lowell published an anonymous novel, "Simply a Love Story"; in 1884, with A. Lawrence Lowell, a treatise on "Transfer of Stock in Corporations"; and in 1896 his valuable monograph on "Joan of Arc," where for the first time her trial and condemnation were carefully studied from a lawyer's point of view. Besides these he wrote a memoir of Senator George F. Hoar ("Harvard Graduates' Magazine," 1905); of Judge Horace Gray (Academy of Arts and Sciences, Volume xxxix), an article on the Free Church of Scotland ("Columbia Law Review," March, 1906), "The Boss" and other political essays in the "Atlantic Monthly," and delivered an oration before the Beverly Historical Association, April, 1896.

But it is in his judicial opinions that the most important work of his life is embodied. These are to be found in the Federal Reporter from Volume 85 to Volume 182, inclusive. In the thirteen years of his services, Judge Lowell rendered more than three hundred opinions which were deemed worthy of publication, and in all that time he was overruled but four or five times by the Circuit Court of Appeals, and only once by the Supreme Court of the United States, which in one of its many affirmances, expressly commended his "careful opinion." Perhaps the best known is the famous one *In re Halladjian* (175 Federal Reporter, 834), decided December 24, 1909, which broadens the definition of races capable of naturalization from the narrow limitation contended for by the Government, under

which negroes, Anglo-Saxons, and Western Europeans alone could become citizens, to the interpretation, both more liberal and more scientific, under which the definition "white" was extended to the Armenians of Turkey and Asia, later to the Syrians (*In re Mudarri*, 176 Federal Reporter, 465), and presumably may now include other races of Asiatic Aryan stock. The opinion in the principal case, which covers only ten pages, is a model of historical and ethnological learning, and the Government apparently thought it not worth while to appeal from his decision, although Congress has not yet followed his advice to remove such ambiguities by more carefully defining the word "white" in Revised Statutes, sec. 2169.

In a much longer opinion in the *Percy Summer Club vs. New Hampshire* (163 Federal Reporter, 1), the right of State courts is vindicated to interpret their own common law, especially as to real estate or matters of local application, against a contrary doctrine obtaining in United States courts. Of interest to the travelling public is his decision in the case of the *New England* (110 Federal Reporter, 415), giving the right of a passenger from Europe to recover damage for a rifled trunk against the provision in the English passage ticket, although it provided that the contract should be governed by English law, and this decision has since been twice cited with approval, and the steamship company failed to appeal. Then there was the important case of the *Underwriter* (119 Federal Reporter, 713), in which Mr. Lowell, then district judge, in an opinion sixty pages long, settles the relative jurisdiction of local common law courts and United

States courts of admiralty in cases of maritime liens for supplies and repairs. Probably this decision will remain authoritative for all time. His also was the decision (179 Federal Reporter, 406) which made possible the existence of the Worcester Art Museum by permitting it to take the \$3,000,000 devised to it by the will of Stephen Salisbury, although only chartered to hold \$500,000.

Many more might be cited, but enough has been said to show the importance of Judge Lowell's work on the bench, and to deepen the regret that members of his profession, as well as members of Harvard University and his fellow citizens generally, must feel that his earnest, industrious, and faithful services are ended. 3

F. J. STIMSON, '76.

(By the courtesy of the "Harvard Graduates' Magazine" for June, 1911.)

## PERCIVAL LOWELL

*Son of Augustus and Katharine Bigelow (Lawrence) Lowell; born at Boston, Massachusetts, March 13, 1855; prepared for college at G. W. C. Noble's School.*

ON graduating went abroad and travelled in Europe and the East for a year. On his return went into business, and later was for some months acting treasurer of the Massachusetts Cotton Mills. In the spring of 1883 he went to Japan and settled in Tokio, from which place he came with the Korean Special Mission to the United States, as its foreign secretary and counsellor. This was the first embassy ever sent by Korea to a Western power. Lowell went back to Korea and spent the winter in the capital, Soûl, as the guest of the government. In

December, 1884, he published an account of Korea, his experiences and observations, under the title of "Chosön, the Land of the Morning Calm," and in 1886 published "The Soul of the Far East," and in 1891 "Noto." He has been to Japan several times since, as well as more than once around the world. In 1891 he discovered certain trance practices of the Shinto faith, which he then investigated and upon which he gave, in 1893, a course of lectures at the Lowell Institute. He afterwards published "Occult Japan" on the same subject. In 1894 he established the Lowell Observatory in Arizona for the special study of the planet Mars. From his work there he has published "Mars," 1895; "Annals of the Lowell Observatory," Vol. I, 1897, Vol. II, 1900, together with various papers in scientific journals.

Undertook expedition to Tripoli, 1900; appointed non-resident professor of astronomy, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 1902; received the Janssen Medal of the French Astronomical Society for 1904 for his researches on Mars; received the degree of LL.D., Amherst, 1907, Clark University, 1909; sent expedition to the Andes to photograph the planet Mars, 1907; has made discoveries on the planets, especially Mars, and deduced the theory of its present supporting of organic life. Fellow American Academy Arts and Sciences; member Royal Asiatic Society of Great Britain and Ireland, American Philosophical Society, Société Astronomique de France, Astronomische Gesellschaft; honorary member Sociedad Astronomica de Mexico.

He married, 1908, Miss Constance S. Keith.

\*FRANK MACARTHUR

\*1889

*Son of Arthur and Aurelia (Belcher) MacArthur; born at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, September 20, 1853; prepared for college by Charles B. Young.*

ENTERED the National University Law School in the fall of 1876, and the Patent Office as acting assistant examiner in July, 1877. Graduated from the National Law School in the summer of 1878, and entered the Columbia Law School, New York, in the fall of 1878. Was admitted to the bar in 1880. As a result of competitive examinations, was promoted in the Patent Office to third assistant examiner, second assistant, and first assistant. Was appointed law clerk of the Patent Office in 1881, principal examiner in April, 1883, and examiner of interferences in August, 1883. He resigned July 31, 1886, to enter the law firm of Townsend and MacArthur of New York City.

He published "MacArthur's Patent Cases" in two volumes, which were complete reports of the decisions of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, in cases appealed from the Commissioner of Patents.

He started out in the practice of patent law in New York with the very brightest prospects. He was thoroughly equipped by education and natural ability for his chosen profession, and was untiring in his efforts to master everything brought before him. He possessed all the potentialities of the largest type of man, and it is safe to say, if his health had remained unimpaired, that he would have probably scored as brilliant a success as a lawyer as his brother, General Arthur MacArthur, has attained as a soldier. This promising career, however, was cut short by an

untimely death, which occurred on December 1, 1889.

S. T. F.

### FREDERIC CLEMENT McDUFFIE

*Son of Charles Dennett and Laura Blodgett (Durgin) McDuffie; born at Salem, Massachusetts, August 3, 1855; prepared for college at Taunton High School.*

Soon after graduation went to the Everett Mills, at Lawrence, Massachusetts, to learn the business of cotton manufacturing, and has been connected with that Corporation ever since, serving as follows: apprentice, three years to April 1, 1880; superintendent from April 1, 1880, to April 1, 1881; resident agent from April 1, 1881, to December 20, 1894; treasurer from December 20, 1894, to the present time. At the time he was made treasurer of the Everett Mills (December 20, 1894) he also became treasurer of the York Manufacturing Company, and he still fills that office.

He has been a resident of Lawrence ever since he first started in at the Everett Mills and has been active in the affairs of that city, serving on the School Committee and Republican City Committee. He was a director of the Merchants' National Bank from its organization in 1889 until its merger into the Merchants' Trust Company in 1911. During the last five years of the existence of the Merchants' National Bank he served as vice-president, and since the organization of the Merchants' Trust Company in 1911 has served as its vice-president and as a director.

From 1886 to 1901 he was senior warden of Grace (Episcopal) Church and has served in the same capacity at St. Augustine's Church, from its



organization in 1908 up to the present time. Has also been a delegate to the Diocesan Convention about two-thirds of the time for the last thirty years.

In the city of Boston he has been active, serving as a director of the Eliot National Bank from 1895 to 1909, and is now a director of the following companies: First National Bank, Boston; State Street Trust Company; Everett Mills; York Manufacturing Company; Boston Manufacturers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company; Mercantile Fire and Marine Insurance Company; Massachusetts Employees' Insurance Association; and is also a trustee and member of the Investment Committee of the Boston Five Cents Savings Bank.

For many years he served as a member of the Board of Government of the New England Cotton Manufacturers' Association, part of the time as a director and the latter part of the time as vice-president. He is now vice-president and member of the executive committee of the Arkwright Club.

In the State he has served as follows: January, 1912, he was appointed by Governor Foss a member of the original corporation of the Massachusetts Employees' Insurance Association, a corporation created by special act of the Massachusetts Legislature to furnish workmen's compensation insurance to the employers of labor in Massachusetts. In June, 1913, he was appointed by Governor Foss one of the five members of the Commission on Immigration, a commission authorized by the Legislature of 1913 to take up the whole question of immigration in Massachusetts. This commission made an exhaustive report to the Legislature of 1914. For several years he has taken a good deal of



interest in questions connected with immigration. He has been active in the work of the North American Civic League for Immigrants, and is now the treasurer of that society.

His daughter, Anstiss, was married on October 24, 1906, to Rev. Charles Bertrand Bowser (of the Class of 1895), who is now rector of St. Augustine's Parish, Lawrence, Massachusetts. Their children are Anstiss Howard Bowser, born December 22, 1907; Howard Bertrand Bowser, born September 28, 1909; and Elizabeth Montague Bowser, born October 30, 1911.

His son, Howard Clement, was graduated in the Class of 1914 "magna cum laude." His son, Charles Dennett, of the Class of 1916, has completed his course at mid-year, and expects to take his degree with his Class in June.

\*DANIEL CADY McMARTIN \*1895  
*Son of Duncan and Margaret (Cady) McMartin; born at Johnstown, New York, February 13, 1853; prepared for college by J. H. Wheeler.*

SPENT the first two years after leaving college in the study of law in Johnstown, New York. In 1878 went West and settled in Des Moines, Iowa, where he was admitted to the bar in June, 1879, and practised his profession there. In the class report of 1894 McMartin wrote of his failing health and of his wanderings among the Rocky Mountains in search of some place that would agree with him, and of his failure to find it. He died on the tenth day of August, 1895, at Beaman, Iowa, of consumption brought on by malaria contracted while living in Austin, Texas.

He was cheerful, unselfish, and he had the keenest sense of honor and fair dealing. He won an honorable name in his profession. He was popular in college and much loved in the community in which he lived.

### LEONARD JARVIS MANNING

*Son of Joseph Cogswell and Rebecca Parkman Jarvis (Livermore) Manning; born at Baltimore, Maryland, May 11, 1856; prepared for college three years in George G. Carey's Private School in Baltimore; one year in the Cambridge (Massachusetts) High School.*

APRIL 1877, appointed submaster in the Medford, Massachusetts, High School.

September 29, 1877, married Angeline True Clarke-Cleveland. February, 1903, elected Principal of Medford High School. June 1, 1911, raised to membership in Mount Hermon Lodge of A. F. and A. M. of Medford, and on December 14 became a member of Mystic Royal Arch Chapter.

June, 1912, resigned principalship of High School and accepted the position of Principal Emeritus and teacher in the school.

Wife died July 3, 1912.

Member of Massachusetts High School Masters' Association, Medford Historical Society, Medford Unitarian Club.

### PHILIPPE BELKNAP MARCOU

*Son of Jules and Jane (Belknap) Marcou; born at Salins, France, November 12, 1855; prepared for college at Lycée Impérial Napoleon in Paris and Dixwell's School in Boston.*

TAUGHT at St. Mark's School, Southborough,

Massachusetts, for a while; studied at Cambridge for Ph.D., and coached private pupils. Received the degree of A.M., 1879. Was instructor of French at Johns Hopkins University, 1880-83. Spent the summer and fall of 1883 in Spain. Studied at the University of Berlin and took a Ph.D. there in 1888. Instructor in Romance languages, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, 1889-90; instructor in Romance languages, Harvard University, since 1890; assistant professor of Romance languages at Harvard since 1899.

Publications: "Der historische Infinitiv im Französischen," Berlin, 1888; "French Review Exercises," Boston, 1898; and articles in various periodicals.

Resigned his assistant professorship of Romance languages at Harvard in January, 1907.

In 1910 was given a mission to Mexico by the French Minister of Public Instruction who, in 1911, appointed him officier d'Académie. In 1913 gave some lectures on the ancient language of the Indians of the City of Mexico.

\*WILLIAM MASON

\*1892

*Son of William and Harriet Augusta (Metcalf) Mason; born at Taunton, Massachusetts, October 21, 1855.*

AFTER graduation went into the office of the Mason Machine Works at Taunton, in which he was an owner, and he remained in this employment until his death, in 1892. In college he was a member of the Institute, D. K. E., Hasty Pudding, and A. D. Clubs, and he was manager of the University Ball Nine. He was always courteous in his bearing and kind and generous to all whom he

met. His health began to fail some years before he died.

**\*HIRAM ROBERTS MILLS**

**\*1906**

*Son of George E. and Mary (Roberts) Mills; born at Bloomfield, Connecticut, October 28, 1853; died at Washington, D. C., May 9, 1906.*

HE prepared for college at the high school, Lexington, Massachusetts, and spent one year at Chauncy Hall School, Boston. Soon after graduating he went to Hartford and entered the office of Chamberlin and White for the study of law. He was admitted to the bar in Connecticut, May 27, 1879. On January 1, 1883, he became a partner, and the firm name became Chamberlin, White, and Mills. He continued to practise law at Hartford, and at the time of his death had succeeded to all the business of the firm, Mr. Chamberlin and Mr. White both having died.

Mills was stricken with apoplexy in the lobby of the New Willard Hotel in Washington, while staying there on matters connected with a suit. He had been in impaired health for several months, and had been working very hard up to the time of his death. He had a good reputation at the bar as a thorough and painstaking lawyer and a level-headed man. His cases were always prepared with thoroughness and close attention to detail. He had paid particular attention to the study of trademarks. He left a widow, and one son, Hiram Wyckoff Mills.

**\*FRANCIS MINOT**

**\*1883**

*Son of George Richards and Harriet (Jackson) Minot; born July 21, 1854; prepared for college at the well-*

*known private school of Mr. E. S. Dixwell; died, unmarried, March 4, 1883.*

HE entered well, and though not especially devoted to study, his natural ability, with his good preparation and his conscientious attention to his college duties, gave him the rank which ensured his election to the Phi Beta Kappa, while the respect and affection which his classmates felt for him was shown by his election into the Institute of 1770, the D. K. E., the Hasty Pudding, and the A. D.

For a few months in the year after graduation he was in the Harvard Law School, but the law not proving congenial to his artistic temperament, he studied architecture in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and afterwards in the office of Peabody and Stearns. Then he joined Mr. William R. Emerson, with whom he remained till the time of his death.

As we look back over the years since his death which to us have been so eventful, there seems to have been for Minot only the mere beginning of a life which we who knew and loved him, as all who knew him did, thought full of the richest promise. And yet, short as his life now seems to us to have been, we remember how noble and complete a life it was, how chivalrous and brave, how full of scorn for all that was base and mean, how ardent his love for all that was good and beautiful; and often since his death the memory of his friendship has lifted us above the mists and noise of our busy lives to those heights of our youth, where again we catch glimpses with him, and share again his noble enthusiasm in the glimpse of "the radiance which was once so bright."

He was a descendant of William Minot (Harvard, 1802), George Richards Minot (Harvard, 1778), and Stephen Minot (Harvard, 1730). R. H. G.

## WILLIAM HENRY MOODY

*Son of Henry L. and Melissa A. (Emerson) Moody; born at Newbury, Massachusetts, December 23, 1853; prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover.*

AFTER graduation entered the Harvard Law School, remaining there only a few months, and then pursued the study of law in the office of the late Richard H. Dana of Boston; was admitted to the bar in April, 1878, and began the practice of law at Haverhill, Massachusetts, in association with Edwin N. Hill (Harvard College, 1872), under the firm name of Hill and Moody. Later became a partner of Joseph K. Jenness, under the firm name of Jenness and Moody, and upon Mr. Jenness's death formed a partnership with Horace E. Bartlett, under the firm name of Moody and Bartlett, which continued until his election to Congress. He was city solicitor of Haverhill in the years 1888 and 1889, and special counsel for the city in many cases of importance afterwards. He served as district attorney for the Eastern District of Massachusetts, which is co-extensive with Essex County, from January 1, 1890, to January 1, 1896. During all this time he was actively engaged in the general practice of law, but more especially in the trial of causes in court.

Upon the death of William Cogswell, representative in Congress from the Sixth Massachusetts District, at a special election in November, 1895, he was elected representative in the Fifty-fourth Congress from that district, and was reelected to the Fifty-



fifth, Fifty-sixth, and Fifty-seventh Congresses. It may not be out of place to say that the four nominations and elections were substantially without opposition.

Mr. Justice Moody wrote in 1908: "I think the following will surely complete my biography. I was elected to the Fifty-fourth Congress to fill a vacancy, and to the Fifty-fifth, Fifty-sixth, and Fifty-seventh Congresses; was appointed Secretary of the Navy by President Roosevelt, and assumed the duties of that office May 1, 1902, in which office I served until appointed Attorney-General by President Roosevelt to succeed Philander C. Knox, July 1, 1904. On December 3, 1906, was appointed by President Roosevelt an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, and was confirmed by the Senate December 12, 1906, and took my seat on the Bench on the 17th day of December, 1906.

"I have received the degree of LL.D. from Amherst and Tufts."

He presided at the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Class, June 25, 1901.

A dinner was given by the Class, in honor of his appointment as Secretary of the Navy, at the University Club, Boston, on March 24, 1902. Upon his appointment as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, another dinner was given by the Class at the University Club, on Monday, February 11, 1907.

From a letter to Berry, dated March 2, 1916: "I read a great deal about public affairs, all the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States as they are delivered, much history, biography, and other literature. Or rather, all these things



are read to me, for I can neither read nor write myself.

"Your mention of DuBois reminds me that after my ambition for scholarship was aroused, in spite of everything that I could do, I just had to take his dust. I have always hoped that he would give us some book or books on historical subjects. Perhaps they are still in preparation. Give him my regards. Indeed give everybody my regards when you see them. Your suggestion of a brief autobiography is rather tempting, but I think I must decline. It would be too egotistical, too dull, or too long, and perhaps all of these, with other faults easy to anticipate.

"I shall certainly be present in spirit at our fortieth anniversary. With best regards, sincerely yours,

WM. H. MOODY, per BIGELOW."

He writes (March 27, 1916): "There is little to add since the last report. A severe illness, which resulted in complete physical disability, compelled my retirement from the Bench in November, 1910, under an Act of Congress which gave me the benefit of the General Retirement law applicable to the Courts of the United States.

"My physical condition is not improved.

WM. H. MOODY, per BIGELOW."

\*FRANK HATCH MORGAN \*1910

*Son of Charles and Emily (Hatch) Morgan; born at Le Roy, New York, March 14, 1852; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

AFTER graduation, he wrote editorials for Western New York Democratic newspapers. He did some teaching at the academy at Le Roy, New York, and then became associate editor, in 1877, on the "Buffalo

Courier and Republic." In 1878 he became editor of "The Index," Meadville, Pennsylvania, and later its manager. Established the "Le Roy Times" in 1881. For several years was on the editorial staff of the "Buffalo Commercial." In 1895 he removed to Boston, where he was a manager and director of industrial and other companies, with whose establishment he had become identified. In 1904 he removed to New York, and from 1904 to 1908 was on the editorial staff of the "New York Commercial" and a contributor to and connected with magazines in New York.

He died at Methuen, Massachusetts, June 20, 1910, a widow, a daughter, and two sons surviving him.

#### WILLIAM RUSSELL MORSE

*Son of William Bartlett (Yale, 1837) and Elizabeth Knights (Russell) Morse; born at Charlestown, Massachusetts, August 9, 1854; prepared for college at Charlestown High School.*

TAUGHT ever since graduation, being at present one of the masters in the Public Latin School, Boston, Massachusetts.

#### \*ARTHUR ST. JOHN NEWBERRY \*1912

*Son of John Strong Newberry, M.D., and Sarah Brownell (Gaylord) Newberry; born at Cleveland, Ohio, December 17, 1853; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

DIED at his home in Cleveland, November 30, 1912. He studied law for two years in the office of Ranney & Ranney, in Cleveland, and was admitted to the bar of the Supreme Court of Ohio, October 1, 1878,

and to the United States Circuit Court, May 2, 1879. In December, 1880, he was appointed assistant counsel and assistant secretary of the New York, Chicago, & St. Louis Railway Co. In 1892 he was the secretary and treasurer, and, in 1897, the president of the Sandusky Portland Cement Co.

He left a widow, one son, and two daughters.

**\*GEORGE AUGUSTUS NICKERSON \*1901**

*Son of Joseph and Louisa (Winslow) Nickerson; born at Jamaica Plain, January 12, 1854; prepared for college at Eliot High School, Jamaica Plain; died at Dedham, September 2, 1901.*

AFTER taking his A.B. in 1876 he studied at the Harvard Law School, graduating in 1879. At his father's death, soon after his graduation from the Law School, the responsibility of managing a large estate came to him. For many years he was a director of the Atchison, Topeka, & Santa Fé R.R. Co. At the time of his death he was also the president of the Arlington Mills. In the last year of his life he for the first time engaged in public affairs, and was elected to represent his district in the State Legislature. He served upon the important Committee of Metropolitan Affairs. His accomplishment as a first-year man in the legislature was noteworthy. During the same year he acted as one of the building committee of the Massachusetts Horticultural Society in charge of the construction of its new hall. His devotion to his legislative work, in addition to the other interests which occupied him, seems to have placed too great a strain upon a somewhat delicate constitution, for only a few days after the adjournment of the legis-

lature he was stricken with his fatal illness. He was a member of the D. K. E., Hasty Pudding, and A. D. He married, November 12, 1892, Ellen Floyd Touzalin, who survives with three children.

### JOHN BARTOW OLMSTED

*Son of John R. and Elizabeth M. Olmsted; born at Le Roy, New York, January 28, 1854; prepared for college at Le Roy Academy and Phillips Exeter Academy.*

STUDIED law in the office of Sprague, Gorham, and Bacon, in Buffalo, New York. Was admitted to the bar of New York State in January, 1879. After marriage travelled abroad and attended lectures at Heidelberg University; returned to this country in 1880, and began the practice of law at Le Roy, New York. Became a member of the Buffalo Civil Service Reform Club, and took an active part in that movement, being for ten years a member of the executive committee and treasurer of the Association; and in the presidential campaign of 1880 was president of the Le Roy "Garfield and Arthur Club." In the year 1882 returned to Buffalo and began the practice of law and was one of the counsel for the State of New York in the proceedings to take the Niagara Falls park lands. In November, 1885, he accepted the position of attorney for the Pitts Agricultural Works, now Buffalo Pitts Company, a large corporation in Buffalo engaged in the manufacture of threshing machinery, road rollers, and engines. Was secretary of the Harvard Association of Western New York, and afterwards president of the same. In the campaign of 1884 was secretary of the Cleveland Republican Club of Erie

County. Was a member of the executive committee of the "Thursday" and "Fortnightly" Clubs, and trustee of the Buffalo Seminary and of the Elmwood School, and civil service commissioner of the City of Buffalo. A member of the Saturn Club of Buffalo and was "dean" of that club during 1898-99. Was president of the "Liberal" Club of Buffalo. Member of the Committee on Sports and Athletics of Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo. Was curator of the Buffalo Library and trustee for the Buffalo Seminary. He wrote, June 11, 1906 :

"In answer to your request for further facts to be added to the Class Report, I have nothing of any great interest to give you, further than to say that I am holding the office of vice-president of the Municipal League of Buffalo, and have been elected counsellor of the University of Buffalo, in which position I am doing what I can to serve the interests of the University. My principal care, of late years, has been to keep my account even with the Bursar of Harvard College, following out the admonitions of Theodore Williams in his beautiful poem which he read to us in 1901. 'The harvest fields' with me certainly 'whiten' and the sun is hot.

"Since the date of our last report, my son, Charles M., has graduated with the Class of 1903, and later took the degree of Ph.D. in astrophysics at the University of Bonn. Remington graduated with the Class of 1905. Harold L. is now in college in the Class of 1908, and Allen S., 2d, in the Class of 1909. John M. and Charles M. are both married, and I am a grandfather three times over—two boys and one girl.

"A matter of interest connected with my family

might be mentioned, as I think it is quite an unusual thing. At a reunion in our family, held a short time ago, my father, aged eighty-seven, and my mother, aged eighty, were there with all their six children, four of them married, wives and husbands all living; and all my own six children, two married, wives living, and three children. My father and mother were married fifty-three years ago, and we have fortunately not had a death in the family in any line since that date, a happy and fortunate circumstance. . . ."

He now writes: "In April, 1908, I received from Governor Hughes, my appointment as Public Service Commissioner, 2nd District, State of New York. My term as Commissioner expired on February 1, 1912. At that time the Democratic party in the Legislature was in such a wrangle over the name of my successor in office, that the Legislature adjourned without confirming any one. I therefore held over until February, 1913, when I left Albany and its delights (not the least of which was a very comfortable salary) and returned to the practice of law in Buffalo. My five years on the Commission were extremely interesting and broadening. The Commission has supervision of all the railroads, street railways, electric, light, telephone, telegraph, and express companies operating in the state, and the questions arising between the public and the corporations in the application of the Public Service Commission law are far reaching and perplexing; in many cases there were no precedents to guide the Commissioners, and they have had to blaze the way. It may be of interest to know that since the New York Commission came into existence in 1907, four Harvard men have served upon it: F. W. Stevens,



L. S., '71; C. H. Keep, '82; Thomas Mott Osborne, '84; and myself.

"After leaving Albany I severed my former connection with the Buffalo Pitts Company and opened an office in Buffalo, where I seem to be generally devoted to the law as she is practised *pro bono publico*. For every known project in reforming the world in general, I will match my desk with that of any member of the Class in its litter of pamphlets (mostly unread) from the League to Enforce Peace down through the Single Tax organizations, to the Prison Gate Mission and the Wheel Chair Guild.

"Just at present I am taking most interest in my duties as President of the Buffalo Peace & Arbitration Society, and in administering antidotes to the Preparedness hysteria, largely emanating from the Class of '80. I have become a trustee of the Buffalo Savings Bank, and president and treasurer of the Elmwood School Board. In capacity No. 1 I see the money come in, and in vocation No. 2 I watch it roll out. Any brother who has tried to run an unendowed private school in these days can imagine how fast. I am this year vice-president of the Harvard Club of Buffalo and chairman of its scholarship committee.

"My family tree is still waxing. My son Harold L. graduated in the Class of 1908. Allen S., 2d, in the Class of 1909 (L. S., 1912), Seymour H., in the, Class of 1913. All of my sons are married, except Allen and Seymour, and we have thus brought three Smith girls and one Leland Stanford into the family. We have thirteen grandchildren, a gain of ten over the census of 1908. As this vicarious service is probably the best thing I have done for my country in



the last ten years, I send proof of it in a snapshot which contains a small cart load — and not all — of the bunch and another of my very able lieutenants in this meritorious work."

### WALTER JOSEPH OTIS

*Son of James and Margaretta (Adams) Otis; born at Berlin, Ohio, September 10, 1853; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

HE left the Class to enter the Lawrence Scientific School, and then took the regular course at the Harvard Medical School, graduating in 1880. House surgeon at Massachusetts General Hospital from August, 1879, to August, 1880; house physician at Boston Lying-in Hospital for one term of service. Appointed prosector in surgical anatomy at Harvard Medical School, 1880-1881. The next year was prosector in surgical anatomy and assistant in operative surgery at Harvard Medical School. Member of Massachusetts Medical Society; member of Boston Society for Medical Improvement, and of the Anatomical Society of Germany. Assistant surgeon First Battalion Light Artillery, Second Brigade, M.V. M., 1881; surgeon Fifth Regiment Infantry, Second Brigade, M.V. M., 1882-84; instructor in Boston Polyclinic; lecturer in Tufts Medical College.

Went abroad for purposes of study, 1886-88; again in 1896, doing original work in anatomy and embryology at the University of Vienna.

Was in Vienna doing researchwork up to the spring of 1905; returned to the United States in that year, and in 1907 was given by Harvard the degree of S.B. as of 1876.

He had lived for a number of years recently at

267 Beacon Street, Boston, but went to Austria two or three years ago, with his two daughters, one of whom married there an officer in the Austrian army.

\*WILLIAM REYNOLDS PAGE \*1904  
*Son of John B. and Mary Ann (Reynolds) Page; born at Rutland, Vermont, October 21, 1850; prepared for college at Rutland High School.*

WILLIAM REYNOLDS PAGE died at Proctor, Vermont, February 27, 1904. After graduating from Harvard he became connected with the Howe Scale Co., and was its general agent from 1883. In 1889 he resigned and joined the Vermont Marble Co. at Proctor, Vermont, which was thenceforth his home. He was on the Rutland Board of Education and was chairman of the Republican Town Committee; on Vermont Republican State Committee, 1886-92, secretary, 1890-92; delegate to the Republican National Convention, 1892. He was a director of the Clarendon & Pittsford Railroad Co., and of the State Mutual Fire Ins. Co., and a trustee of the Marble Savings Bank. He married, December 27, 1877, Mary Louise Pease, who, with two children, survives him.

\*CYRUS TRACY PECKHAM \*1905  
*Son of Stephen H. and Frances (Gates) Peckham; born at Ledyard, Connecticut, November 11, 1852; prepared for college at East Greenwich Seminary, Connecticut.*

CYRUS TRACY PECKHAM died at Buffalo, New York, December 10, 1905. After graduating from Harvard in 1876 he studied at the Medical School, took his degree in 1879, and practised till 1881 in

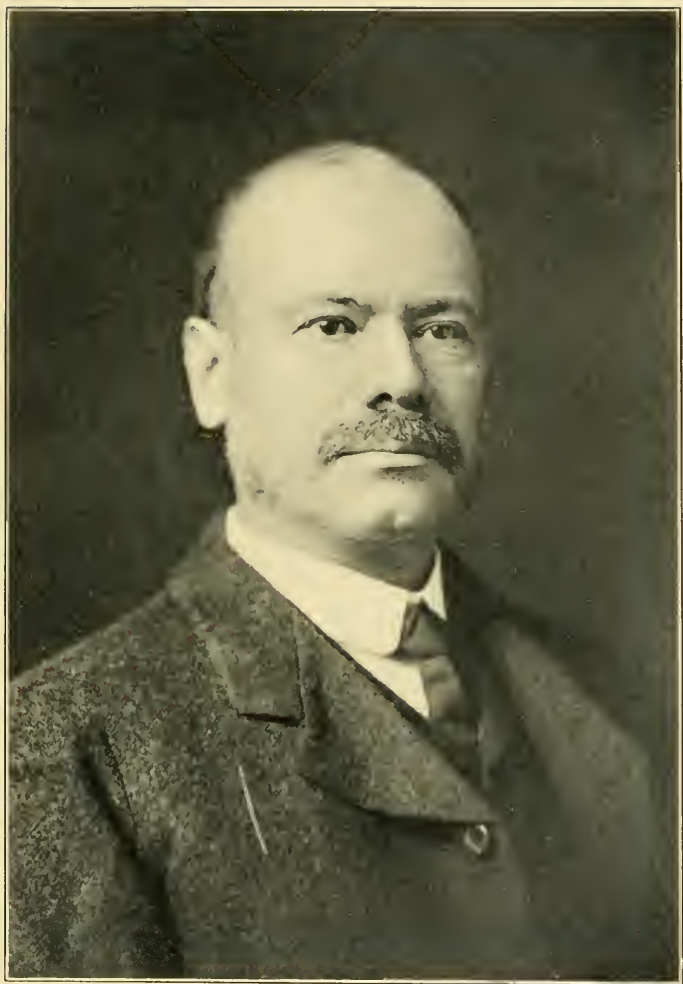
Boston. Then he joined the medical corps of the U. S. Marine Hospital Service. He was stationed at New York ; Wilmington, North Carolina; Memphis, Tennessee; St. Louis, Missouri; and in 1892 he was elected professor of genito-urinary surgery at the Barnes Medical College, St. Louis. In 1894, on being ordered to Angel Island quarantine, California, he resigned his professorship. He was afterwards stationed at Galveston, Texas. He was twice married: (1) January 2, 1873, to Miss Ayer, who died, leaving one daughter; and (2) to Ella S. Stanton, July 8, 1891.

\*BENJAMIN OSGOOD PEIRCE \*1914

*Son of Benjamin Osgood and M. (Osgood) Seccomb Peirce; born at Beverly, Massachusetts, February 11, 1854; prepared for college under private tutors; died in Cambridge, Massachusetts, January 14, 1914.*

IN 1876-77 he was assistant in physics at Harvard. He took degrees of A.M. and Ph.D. at Leipsic, where he studied, 1877-79; at Berlin, 1879-80, he took a post-graduate course in the university; 1880-81, he was a teacher of mathematics in the Boston Latin School; 1881-84, an instructor of mathematics at Harvard College; 1884-86, assistant professor of mathematics and physics at Harvard College; and from 1888 he was Hollis professor of mathematics and natural philosophy at Harvard College. He was a Fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, American Mathematical Society, Washington Academy of Arts and Sciences, American Physical Society, etc.

Books: "The Mathematical Theory of the Newtonian Potential Function" (Ginn & Co.);



BENJAMIN OSGOOD PEIRCE



A "Table of Integrals" (Ginn & Co.); numerous scientific papers in journals and transactions. He left a widow, Isabella Turnbull (Landreth) Peirce, and two daughters, Jessie Landreth Osgood and Emily Osgood. "

The following notice is by courtesy of the "Harvard Graduates' Magazine" for March, 1914:

"Professor Benjamin Osgood Peirce was born in Beverly, February 11, 1854. He graduated at Harvard University in 1876; studied in Germany under Helmholtz; received the degree of Ph.D. at Leipzig in 1879; was tutor in the Boston Latin School 1880-81; and entered upon his professional career in this University in 1884. He died January 14, 1914.

"My acquaintance with him began in 1875, when he was a student in the Physical Laboratory which then occupied one room on the upper floor of Harvard Hall. He attracted me immediately by his ability; and I suggested to him an investigation in magnetism which I believe was the first research in that subject made at Harvard. The small beginning of a Physical Laboratory had the large effect of determining his career as a scientific man; and I well remember his elation of spirit one night when I went to his room in Weld and told him that he had been appointed to a travelling fellowship, which would enable him to study in Germany, and perfect himself in methods of research.

"When he returned to America the Jefferson Laboratory had been built and then began my long association with him. In the work of instilling a spirit of research in physics in this University he was always most helpful and suggestive; and much

that has been attributed to me was really due to him. He never opposed and always subordinated himself. His teaching was of such a nature that men desirous of laying a solid foundation in mathematical physics found it necessary to take his courses. There are scores of graduates who can testify to his grasp of his subject and to the help he has been to them. He always seemed to me to be of the type of the English mathematical physicist, and I felt that he could hold his own with those remarkable men who have made Cambridge in England famous. He believed with them that the study of mathematics and mechanics lay at the foundation of the study of physics; he did not believe that large mechanical equipments were essential in laboratories of physics or engineering; the mind and not the hands should receive the preliminary training for a career after graduation. His belief in the character of the foundation for subsequent work extended even to the subjects of music and painting. I remember well a conversation with him on the fundamental importance of correct drawing. He brought the spirit of Germany and England to this University and was in the truest sense an educator. At the same time that he lectured on the highest developments in mathematical physics he gave an elementary course on electrical measurements. Many thought that this course was meagre, for it had no work with machines or in newest developments in electricity; but they afterwards realized that his training in exact methods was most valuable. They learned that there is no royal road to a comprehension of the laws of physics; one must grapple with the subject with the aid of mathematics and mechanics. If he had taught merely



a handful of students, the University would have profited ; but he had many who now rise up and call him blessed.

“ His influence in the laboratory was remarkable. If there was any doubt in regard to the wisdom of a procedure or in regard to the possibilities of a scientific investigation, the remark was heard, ‘ Ask B. O.’ — the appellation by which he was familiarly and affectionately known. He resembled Whewell in the breadth of his knowledge, and no one doubted his ability to be enlightening even on Chinese music. If one quoted from Plautus — for there are literary scientific fellows, notwithstanding the opposite opinion — he would be apt to give a similar aphorism from Horace. I remember once trying him on the list of prepositions which govern the Latin accusative, and began, ‘ Adversus, adversam, ante,’ he ran on with almost lightning speed, ‘ Apud, circa, circum,’ to the finish. I have always believed that his training in the classics and his knowledge of them conduced much to make him what he was, the well-rounded English type of scholar.

“ Together with his fund of learning he had a strange timidity in acknowledging it ; and he was a puzzle to the man who expects a direct answer to such a question as ‘ what is electricity ? ’ and who ceases to respect the professor who is not ready with an answer. He was quick to say, ‘ Oh, I don’t know.’ Some of us, however, found a way of drawing him out by professing an incredible ignorance of a subject ; and this often proved too much for his reticence. He could give an answer to one in a mathematical gloom which was as illuminating as a flash of lightning on a dark path at night.

“If he were told a story of doubtful flavor, the teller would wonder whether the look on Peirce’s face was due to a mathematical reverie or a moralistic one; and would be tempted to repeat the story in a less restricted intercourse, to appease a guilty conscience. Professor Peirce, while holding strictly to his own religious opinions, which guided his life, was tolerant of those of others; and this generosity of mind was accompanied by a generosity of giving which had to be restrained. At a dinner of the Philosophical Society in Philadelphia I sat beside Professor Pupin of Columbia University who spoke of an interview he had lately had with Professor Peirce, and concluded with the remark, ‘I have seen an angel!’

“In Professor Cattell’s ‘American Men of Science’ can be found a list of Peirce’s contributions to science. The list includes papers on abstruse topics in mathematics and researches on subjects of immediate importance in physics. One is reminded of the papers of Lord Rayleigh, the most eminent of the Cambridge group to which I have referred. If Professor Peirce’s papers were collected in a volume, it would be a fitting monument to him.

“He received but one honorary degree—that of S.D. from his own University; and he was much gratified; for this singularly appreciative man was naturally touched by appreciation. The University had recognized his worth. The delver in the Quinquennial may think Peirce’s record is meagre, if he applies the method of comparison of degrees. Only one honorary degree! Yet all who knew his attainments never doubted his ability to sit with the Royal Society or the French Academy. The crowded chapel

at the end showed hundreds of degrees of estimation which he would have prized most.

"I have devoted more space to his personality than to his scientific achievements. Cold time has not sufficiently intervened since his death. Posterity will do justice to what I have treated so meagrely ; larger space is necessary ; and this is none too large for an expression of the heart. His personality was so great that one expects to meet him on the street. I have been fortunate in living in his era."

JOHN TROWBRIDGE, s. '65.

From a minute adopted by the Faculty of Arts and Sciences, February 17, 1914 :

"Our colleague was a great scholar and a remarkable man. Big and powerful of body, and ambidextrous, he was in mind also far beyond the ordinary measure of his fellows. He seemed to grasp with equal ease and to retain with equal tenacity the profoundest generalization of mathematics or physics and the smallest bits of information likely to be of service in his work. He always knew the best materials and the best tools to use and the best way to use them. Fertile in ideas, strong of purpose, ceaseless, literally so, in industry, businesslike by instinct and tradition from his merchant ancestors, sympathetic and generous beyond the wishes of his friends, he was a mighty, beneficent, and genial power, wherever he took his stand ; and he was successful, as few men are successful, in winning the confidence, the admiration, and the affection of those with whom he was associated.

"His work, always masterly, thorough, and important, was never of a kind, in subject or in treatment, to flare upon the attention of the public ; but

whenever he made the acquaintance of a mathematician or a physicist of the first rank, like the late Sir George Darwin, he was recognized as a fellow and a peer. Professor Andrew Gray of Glasgow says: 'All mathematicians and physical workers in this country looked up to him as a leader of thought and investigation in America.' Sir Joseph Larmor speaks of 'the increasing company over here who knew and appreciated him personally' and of 'the still larger number who knew only his scientific work.' Karl Pearson, who was a fellow student with Peirce in Germany, writes: 'Benjamin Osgood Peirce was representative of all that was best in science; he was never a self-seeker nor a self-advertiser, and I learnt more from him than from many of our professed teachers in Berlin. . . . If I had to give the name of the man who represented America best to me, I should still say, after thirty-four years, Benjamin Osgood Peirce.' It is plain from these quotations that the reputation of our friend was increasing at the time of his death, and it will probably continue to increase.

"Eminent in his profession, beyond its wide limits he was an outstanding personality to all who knew him well. He was a prodigious reader, and once told a member of this committee that he had read the *Encyclopedia Britannica* through several times. He was fond of meeting classical scholars on their own ground; not long before his death he quoted Ovid fluently and evinced a lively interest in the psychology of the Greek optative. His service for many years as a member of the Committee on Honors and Higher Degrees in Music was justified by his extraordinary musical sensibility and his appre-

ciation, intuitive as well as learned, of musical compositions. . . .

"In a place and a time of the least restraint in religious matters he quietly declined to enter upon discussions of personal religious belief, and, though perhaps shaken at times by the same tremendous questions which beset Carlyle, he remained steadfastly in the Baptist communion to which his father had belonged. With characteristic force of grotesque phrase he described the varieties of belief which were exhibited in Appleton Chapel after the breaking up of the World's Congress held at Chicago, in 1893, as 'a job lot of religions.' These words indicated no bitterness or bigotry, but merely his conviction of the needlessness and uselessness of seeking abroad for religious doctrine or spiritual inspiration. At the last his own faith and trust were serene.

"Peirce was proverbial among his friends for a certain habit of extravagant self-depreciation and for a frolicsome humor of speech and action. His self-depreciation was partly caution, partly genuine modesty, of which he had great store, partly an endeavor, not always successful, to make others content with themselves, and partly it was a humorous pose. A man of his intelligence could not be altogether unaware of the scope of his own powers, and a man of his keen sympathy could not be indifferent to the appreciation of his fellows. . . .

"His habit of humorously grotesque speech was the natural outcome of abounding energy, lively invention, and an amiable desire to entertain; but it was sometimes also a measure of precaution, intended to prevent the discovery and invasion of his real thought. For, with all his genuine and hearty good-

fellowship, Peirce was a man of profound reserve ; he was wont to go into his closet and shut the door, and his privacy was respected. Behind his superficial timidity and his abounding kindness, there was always the suggestion of something formidable, and he was not a man to be trifled with.

“He has left among us a large place, which no other man can fill, and when the question is asked, how we shall now fare without him, we can only reply, better than if we had never had him ; for he was constructive, and he builded well. He was one of those of whom it can be said, ‘They may rest from their labors and their works do follow them.’”

George S. Pine wrote to the Secretary :

“Benjamin Osgood Peirce and I were near each other alphabetically in the same section of the Class of 1876. In his hurried preparation for college, only a few months, he was, strange to say in the light of his after career, short in the mathematical requirements. His liking for me perhaps began because my first attainments in mathematics were greater than his, and my admiration for him increased as he outran me on that line. No matter how far ahead he got, he treated me as if I were ever by his side. Humility was a trait in his character he never lost. He always felt he knew but little compared to what there was still to know.

“An utter stranger as I was to New England and to every one in college, the friendship begun so early was invaluable to me. To keep in touch with each other we put up a private telegraph line from my room in Hollis to his home a mile away, the instruments for which he made. This was his first experiment in electricity and magnetism forty years



ago. It led later to his being chosen to witness some of the experiments with the Bell Telephone.

"He was an enthusiastic walker. Often on a Saturday we would walk together ten or twenty miles. There were longer tramps in vacation time, when we covered Massachusetts from Cambridge to Williamstown through the Hoosac Tunnel, Vermont from Bennington to Newport, and a good deal of the White Mountain region of New Hampshire. On one of these tramps, when we were trying to sleep in a barn, a bellowing cow kept us awake; and I remember he calculated the force of the bellowing by noting the length or the number of the bellows in seconds and the number of seconds in the intervals, and somehow, using these the next day as co-ordinates, worked out from the resulting curve his formula. It was thus he began his mathematical discoveries. He was constantly putting theories into practice and making theories out of phenomena.

"On these tramps we always rested on Sundays, except for a walk in the neighborhood of our camping place or to a village church for service. In later life he conserved his power and satisfied his conscience by stopping work before midnight on Saturday, no matter how pressing was the subject under consideration. He was always religious. The higher the height in knowledge he reached, the more deeply devout he became.

"Such a man had a force in character as well as a power of mind. Without cant, with no tinge of the pharisee, he was quietly and surely leading others on all the while to better living as well as on to deeper thinking. The world is better as well as wiser because Benjamin Osgood Peirce lived in it. God be



praised ! because, like Daniel, a man of understanding and wisdom, ‘an excellent spirit was in him.’”

### GEORGE STEVENSON PINE

*Son of Charles Newbold and Katharine Ware (Stevenson) Pine ; born at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, March 25, 1853 ; prepared for college with R. H. Chase (Chase and Scott's Private School), Philadelphia.*

AFTER graduation for three years taught mathematics in De Veaux College, Suspension Bridge, New York. While there, was ordained deacon in the Episcopal Church in the Church of the Advent, Philadelphia, December, 1877, and did mission work in De Veaux College chapel and along the Niagara River. In June, 1879, became assistant at Holy Trinity, Middletown, Connecticut, and student at the Berkeley Divinity School. In February, 1880, began work at St. Paul's Parish, Bridgeport, and continued to study at Berkeley till ordained priest by Bishop Williams at St. Andrew's, Meriden, May 27, 1880. In December, 1880, was called to the rectorship of St. Mark's Church, New Canaan, Connecticut, and while there built a rectory and was on the School Board and acting school visitor. In December, 1883, he became rector of St. Philip's Church, Crompton, Rhode Island, and St. Andrew's Mission, Phenix, and taught mathematics at the Berkeley School, Providence, Rhode Island. During his charge a church was built at Phenix. Resigned rectorship of Crompton and Phenix July, 1885, and accepted position of assistant minister at St. John's Church, Roxbury. Became rector of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Marlborough, Massachusetts, in February, 1888, and for many years

served as trustee of the Marlborough Public Library. In the summer of 1892 he was the American chaplain at Lucerne, Switzerland, in charge of Christ Church. In 1896 made a bicycle tour in Ireland and a study of Celtic crosses. In 1900 was abroad again, and greatly impressed by Flemish and Dutch art. Made a tour of Italy in 1904-05. In 1910, after a rectorship of over twenty-two years, resigned as rector of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Marlborough, to accept an appointment at the Church of the Holy Spirit, Nice, France, and to serve again as American Chaplain at Christ Church, Lucerne, Switzerland. Returned to his own country, in the fall of 1911, in response to a call from the Bishop of Rhode Island for missionary service in his diocese. Besides having charge of St. Paul's Church, Providence, and the Church of the Holy Spirit, Fruit Hill, he is the regular Hospital Visitor and editor of "The Diocesan Record."

\*SILAS ALLEN POTTER

\*1892

*Son of Silas and Caroline Daniels (Allen) Potter; born at Boston, Massachusetts, May 5, 1854; prepared for college at Roxbury Latin School.*

AFTER graduation studied in St. John's Episcopal Theological Seminary; in 1877-79, in Andover Theological Seminary and graduated; 1879-80, travelled abroad, studying in Leipsic and Göttingen, and at the same time was European correspondent of "Boston Traveler"; 1880-81, studied at home; 1881, entered the Harvard Medical School and graduated in 1884; 1884-85, took post-graduate course in Harvard Medical School; received A.M. in 1885. Was house physician in the Boston Lying-in

Hospital for the term of November, 1884, to March, 1885; was house physician to Seashore Home, Winthrop, for children, for the summer of 1885. Died in 1892.

### DAVID JAY RICHARDS

*Son of Benjamin and Ann Richards; born at Steuben, New York, October 8, 1850; prepared for college at Wesleyan Academy, Wilbraham, Massachusetts, 1868-71.*

HAS spent the time since graduation in general study and teaching.

He writes (April 6, 1916): "Your circular letter of 8th ult. was after some delay forwarded to me here (Oklahoma City, Oklahoma), where for some weeks I have been — and probably shall be — posing with the small bankers and local loan agents for the farmers' patronage. It is a part I played successfully in Michigan in 1878-79, and in Dakota Territory in 1883-84. But when 'back home,' in Sherborn, Massachusetts, I am — in New England parlance — 'nothing but a farmer.' I made my first farm venture in 1882-83 when, after a horseback ride of over fifteen hundred miles, back and forth, in the mountains from northern Georgia to West Virginia, I purchased a tract of upwards of six thousand acres near the headwaters of the Nantahala River, in Macon County, North Carolina. It became my ambition, long before the agitation for a National Park in the southern Appalachians, to preserve this bit of primitive forest from the lumber man. In 1914, under the provisions of the Weeks Bill, I offered it to the Government for two dollars per acre less than I was offered by a lumber company, provided I could retain four hundred acres, 'The

White Oak Bottoms,' subject to no dictation as to *right of way, flumes, etc.*, except to landscape architect of Harvard University. My proposition was rejected. Not until convinced that the Government's policy of forest preservation was purely economic, like that of a far-seeing lumber company in the management of its holdings, did I sell to the latter.

"In 1888 I bought 'The Hill Farm,' then abandoned, in Sherborn, Massachusetts, on which I have lived since 1890. I feel proud of my farm, cleared in 1657—when Sherborn was just 'Boggestowe'—by John Hill, who came from England with his father, John Hill, the proprietor of Dorchester, Massachusetts. It is the spot he selected for his homestead from the many hundred acres he bought, out of which the neighboring farms were carved. I feel honored in that it was my privilege to rescue, to cultivate, and improve with my own hands these many years the fields he cleared some two hundred and sixty years ago. I might add that residents of wealth have recently joined their acres to mine on the north and south, which has made the old farm respectable,—even *very respectable*.

"On February 14, 1878, in what was once the old Observatory Building, on the southwest corner of the college yard, by Dr. A. P. Peabody, of blessed memory, Esther Coffin Loring, of Holliston, Massachusetts, and I were married. Our only son, Augustus Loring Richards, was born November 15, 1879; graduated from the Boston Latin School, 1899, from Harvard College, 1903, from Harvard Law School, 1906; entered office of Hughes, Rounds, and Shurman, of New York, where he still remains. Our only daughter, Esther Loring Richards, was

born June 6, 1885; graduated from Girls' Latin School, Boston, in 1906, Mt. Holyoke College, 1910, from the Johns Hopkins Medical School, 1915, and interned in the Johns Hopkins Hospital, Phipps clinic.

"The above three paragraphs, I believe, contain essentially the simple story of my simple life so far. The first, the record of a failure, inasmuch as I added nothing to the world's wealth or beauty, nor relieved any of its misery; the second of a success. As for the third, it lies with my children and the future to determine."

### WILLIAM PHILLIPS RICHARDS

*Son of Joseph Ruggles and Mary Ann (Phillips) Richards; born at Cambridge, Massachusetts, February 1, 1855; prepared for college at Cambridge (Massachusetts) High School.*

STUDIED architecture in the office of Joseph R. Richards, his father, and later in the office of Peabody and Stearns, Boston. Went into partnership with his father, in October, 1880, and has practised his profession in Boston ever since. Since his father's death on September 28, 1900, has carried on the work alone. Fellow of the Boston Society of Architects, which is now a chapter of the American Institute of Architects. Is a member of the Veteran Association of the Independent Corps of Cadets, M. V. M. At college member of the Everett Athenæum and Pi Eta Society. My family circle is as last reported. With the graduation of my son, Robert G., with the Harvard Class of '16, this June, following that of my daughter at Radcliffe in '06, I note the curious occurrence of the sixes; but it

takes the combined digits of the two to equal the thirteen of their daddy's '76.

### WILLIAM CORCORAN RIGGS

*Son of Elisha and Mary (Boswell) Riggs; born at Berkeley Springs, Virginia, September 2, 1854.*

AFTER graduation he travelled in Europe until 1877, when he returned to New York and engaged in business. In 1884 his health broke down, and he has been an invalid ever since.

The secretary received a few lines from him this spring (1916) from Bermuda. He writes that he has been ill fourteen years.

Letters addressed care of Sanborn and Sanborn, 29 Wall Street, New York, will be forwarded to him.

### ALDEN SAMPSON

*Son of Alden and Sarah Taber (Pope) Sampson; born at Manchester, Maine, March 13, 1853.*

GRADUATE of Haverford College, Pennsylvania, 1873; A.M., Haverford, 1876; Harvard, 1877. Two years in the Law School, then for four years in business with his brothers in New York—the firm of Alden Sampson and Sons. Afterwards engaged in study and literary work. Has travelled abroad considerably, and been in Greece a number of times, studying the ancient monuments.

Sampson was one of the most enthusiastic hunters of big game in America. In one period of twenty years he spent sixteen summers in the pursuit of this sport in the Rocky Mountains, and in the Sierra of California, and elsewhere. In 1907 he was sent by the Biological Survey as game preserve expert to study the problem of establishing game refuges in



the United States forest reserves. In the accomplishment of this task he was for six months in the forest reserves of California and Washington, making a journey of twelve hundred and fifty miles in the saddle, and travelling in all about thirteen thousand miles.

This movement for the establishment of game refuges was started by the Boone and Crockett Club, of which he was secretary, which is an organization of one hundred members, hunters of big game. This club is particularly interested in the protection of wild animals against extermination. The purpose of the game refuges was to afford a safe retreat for game, where there may be no hunting at all — a refuge and a breeding ground. Several of these have since been created.

He represented the Sierra Club of California at various hearings held before committees of Congress, and before the Secretary of the Interior, opposing the use, by the City of San Francisco, of the Hetch Hetchy Valley, in the Yosemite National Park, as a reservoir for their water supply.

In 1905 he delivered three addresses before the American Philosophical Society of Philadelphia on subjects connected with the Wild Life, which were afterwards printed, — "Essays on the Wild Life." In 1912 published "Studies in Milton and an Essay on Poetry," republished in England by Mr. John Murray.

Has practised the art of water-color painting, and has exhibited at the American Water Color Society of New York, and in other exhibitions, pictures mainly of mountains and glaciers.

Has lectured on the life of the forest before college audiences in California and the east. Has



lectured at various times before the American Archæological Society and before other organizations on subjects connected with archæology and the fine arts.

Is a member of the American Philosophical Society of Philadelphia; member of American Association for the Advancement of Science; honorary member of the Haverford chapter of the Phi Beta Kappa Society; artist member of the Salmagundi Club of New York; member of the American Institute of Archæology, American Geographical Society, and the National Geographical Society; the Author's Club, the Century Club, the University and Harvard Clubs, of New York; of the Alpine Club of the United States; the Appalachian Club of Boston; the Sierra Club of San Francisco; the Mazamas (a mountaineering club) of Portland, Oregon; the Boone and Crockett Club of New York, the Camp Fire Club of New York.

Married, 1890, Mary Agnes Yarnall. One son, Edward, born 1891, at Oxford, England.

### GEORGE AMORY SARGENT

*Son of Lucius Manlius, Jr., and Letitia Sullivan (Amory) Sargent; born at Roxbury, Massachusetts, July 26, 1854; prepared for college at Noble's School.*

TRAVELLED in the south after graduation and became interested in the cotton business. Entered the office of G. W. Amory. Afterwards entered the Harvard Medical School and graduated in 1888. He was practising in Boston up to the time of the 1908 Report. He writes that he is no longer practising. Last winter he passed in California, and the winter before in Florida. He is still a citizen of Boston, with a summer home in New Hampshire.

## HENRY SARGENT

*Son of Joseph and Emily (Whitney) Sargent; born at Worcester, Massachusetts, July 14, 1856; prepared for college at Worcester High School.*

HAS been engaged in the manufacture of woolen and worsted goods, and is now in the commission business, handling various kinds of stock used in the manufacture of woolen goods.

Married, October 24, 1877, Lydia Walton Hughs, of Lawrence, Massachusetts. Children: Mary Felton Sargent, born April 5, 1885; Henry Sargent, born February 13, 1887.

**\*DAVID THEODORE SELIGMAN** \*1907  
*Son of Jesse and Henrietta Seligman; born at San Francisco, California, January 11, 1856; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

DAVID THEODORE SELIGMAN died September 9, 1907, at Lucerne, Switzerland. Studied at the universities of Heidelberg, Berlin, Leipsic, and Geneva. In 1882 he was admitted to the bar from the Columbia Law School. Until 1883 he was with the firm of Alexander and Green, when he joined Eugene and George W. Seligman in the firm of Seligman. His law practice was mainly in connection with corporations. In politics he was a Republican. Mr. Seligman was well known in the art world both here and abroad, and was a patron of the Metropolitan Museum of Art. He was a member of the Bar Association, the Lawyers' Club, the Harvard Club, Lotos Club, Grolier Club, and Century Country Club, and was a director of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum. He had left this country early in the spring at his

doctor's orders. His wife and three daughters were with him.

**\*SAMUEL SHERWOOD**

**\*1905**

*Son of John and Mary Elizabeth (Wilson) Sherwood; born at New York City, December 8, 1853; died at Delhi, New York, June 29, 1905.*

HE entered the Columbia Law School in 1876, and graduated in 1878. Was admitted to the bar in New York in that year. He gave up the practice of law and travelled abroad, studying mural decoration, and since that time had engaged in that profession. He had an estate at Delhi, New York, where he lived much of the time.

**THOMAS HAMMOND SILVER**

*Son of David Sylvester and Elizabeth (Hammond) Silver; born at Wellsville, Ohio, February 21, 1855; entered Senior year from Allegheny College, Meadville, Pennsylvania.*

GRADUATED at the Harvard Law School in 1878; admitted to the bar of Columbiana County, Ohio, in the same year, and began the practice of law in Wellsville. City solicitor for two terms; elected mayor in 1882, which office he resigned in 1883 to engage in the general banking business. Established "The Silver Banking Company," of which he is president. Was elected to the State Senate, representing the Twenty-second District of Ohio, November, 1880.

Has not been heard from since 1901.

**\*FRANK HENRY SLEEPER**

**\*1898**

*Son of Solomon Sias and Ellen Caroline (Kidder) Sleeper;*

*born at Cambridge, Massachusetts, October 11, 1853; prepared for college by J. H. Wheeler.*

ENTERED business with S. S. Sleeper and Co., wholesale grocers, in the fall of 1876, and became a partner of the firm, January 1, 1879. Died at Boston, February 25, 1898.

\*EDWARD STETSON

\*1913

*Son of George and Adeline (Hamlin) Stetson; born at Bangor, Maine, June 22, 1854; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy; died February 17, 1913.*

HE was a member of the Institute, D. K. E., and Hasty Pudding Club. The first year after graduation he studied law in Bangor, and the next at the Harvard Law School; he was admitted to the bar in 1878. Two years afterwards he entered the ship-building and wholesale ice business; later, the banking business. He was actively interested in the Bangor and Aroostook Railroad Co. from its organization in 1891, and was the treasurer and a director. In June, 1891, he was elected president of the First National Bank of Bangor. He was married on April 17, 1879, to Edith Holland Lobdell, who, with their son, Clarence Cutting Stetson, survives him.

MILAN FILLMORE STEVENS

*Son of Thomas J. and Betsy (Duncan) Stevens; born at Charlestown, Massachusetts, May 30, 1852; prepared for college at Charlestown High School.*

GRADUATED from Harvard College in 1876; from the Boston Law School in 1877, with the degree of LL.B., and was admitted to the bar in 1878. Has practised law in Boston, Massachusetts, since 1878

to the present time. Is located in the Winthrop Building, corner of Washington and Water Streets, Boston.

Married Minerva F. Bennett in 1893. Philip D. Stevens, son, born in 1894, now of Class of 1916, Harvard College.

\*CHARLES WADE STICKNEY \*1904

*Son of John C. and Abby A. (Clifford) Stickney; born at Shawneetown, Illinois, October 26, 1844; prepared for college at the Allen School, West Newton, Massachusetts.*

CHARLES WADE STICKNEY died at Mountain View, near San José, California, June 10, 1904. His mother was a sister of Gov. J. H. Clifford of Massachusetts. At the age of eighteen, about the age at which most of his classmates entered college, he enlisted in a battery of artillery and served three years in the Union Army. At the close of the war he was engaged in special service as chief clerk at General Sherman's headquarters at Washington. Not long after, he became connected with the well-known law-publishing house of the Littles in Albany, New York, and in 1868 married a Miss Little, daughter of one of the proprietors. Returning to Chicago to start a publishing business of his own, disagreements arose, his wife left him, and divorce followed. In the great fire of Chicago his place of business was destroyed. In 1871 he determined to take a college course, and studied at the well-known Allen School in West Newton, J. T. Allen of that school having been his teacher when a young boy. By working at his books for fifteen hours a day, he succeeded after only nine months' study in passing his examinations for Har-

vard College and entered ten years after the time of his enlistment in the army. In college he first attracted attention by taking the lead in a meeting of the Class early in the Freshman year which declared against hazing. He took much interest in music and mechanical inventions and maintained high rank as a scholar. Upon graduation he again married, and for a time taught school, first as principal of the Arlington High School, 1876-78, then as principal of the Bromfield Academy at Harvard, Massachusetts, 1878-80. In 1880 he took a course in assaying and mineralogy at Lehigh University, and then engaged in prospecting and mining in Colorado. Much of 1882 and 1883 he spent in Europe recuperating his health, but with his usual unwearied industry devoted much of this time to devising inventions, for which he obtained five United States patents. For several years thereafter he was occupied in mining, obtaining patents, and working ranches, mostly in Idaho, with shorter periods of activity in Montana, Colorado, and Arizona. In 1898 he was admitted to practice as a lawyer with an office at Hailey, Idaho, and in 1901 settled at Boise, Idaho, practising law and selling mines.

#### SUMNER BURRITT STILES

*Son of Hiram Abbott and Emeline (Russell) Stiles; born at Middleton, Massachusetts, January 13, 1851; prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Massachusetts.*

PRINCIPAL of Holliston, Massachusetts, High School, 1876-77; studied in a law office in Salem and tutored in Marblehead, 1877-78; Harvard Law School, 1878-81; student and clerk in a law



office in New York City, 1881-82; admitted to the New York Bar, May, 1883; opened law office, May, 1884, at 71 Broadway; married September 10, 1884, to Harriet Homan Goodwin, Marblehead, Massachusetts; has a son Russell, born December 26, 1887 (a graduate of Harvard, 1912); has a daughter Edith born August 11, 1892 (a graduate of Barnard College, 1915); still practising law in New York at 35 Wall Street. Takes an active interest in politics, speaking in the campaigns, and, among other things, is a member of the Republican New York County Committee; a life member of the American Unitarian Association; the chairman of the board of trustees of the Lenox Avenue Unitarian Church of New York City; a life member of the Harvard Law School Alumni Association; and member of Republic Lodge, No. 690, F. and A. M.

#### FREDERIC JESUP STIMSON

*Son of Edward (Harvard, 1843) and Sarah Tufts (Richardson) Stimson; born at Dedham, Massachusetts, July 20, 1855; prepared for college at Lausanne, Switzerland.*

HAS practised law in Massachusetts, New York, Colorado, and the Supreme Court of the United States. Assistant attorney-general, Massachusetts, 1884-85. Has been general counsel to the United States Industrial Commission, commissioner for the State of Massachusetts upon Uniformity of Law; vice-president State Street Trust Company, of Boston; director in the Fitchburg Railroad, and other corporations. Member of the American Institute of Arts and Letters, of the National Civic Federation;



honorary member of the Internationale Vereinigung für Vergleichende Rechtswissenschaft und Volkswirtschaftslehre of Berlin; the  $\Phi$  B K, etc.

Publications: "Stimson's Law Glossary," "American Statute Law" (three volumes), "Labor in its Relations to Law," "Handbook to the Labor Law of the United States," "The American Constitution," "State and Federal Constitutions, Law of," "Popular Lawmaking"; various reports in the volumes of the United States Labor Commissioner, the United States Industrial Commission, and the Interstate Commerce Commission. Also "Guern-dale," "The Crime of Henry Vane," "The Sentimental Calendar," "The Residuary Legatee," "First Harvests," "Mrs. Knollys," "Pirate Gold," "In the Three Zones," "King Noanett," "An Alabama Courtship," "The Weaker Sex," "Jethro Bacon of Sandwich," "In Cure of Her Soul," "The Ethics of Democracy," "Ruskin as an Economist," "The Rheingold."

In 1902 was a Democratic candidate for Congress from the 11th Massachusetts District.

From 1897 to 1901 was general counsel for the U. S. Industrial Commission, being appointed by President McKinley. In 1902-03 was appointed a member of the commission to revise the Massachusetts Corporation Laws. After a service of fifteen years on the Massachusetts Board of Commissioners on Uniformity of Law, upon which he was appointed by Governor Russell, he resigned. Has been professor of comparative legislation at Harvard since 1904. Lecturer, 1907, at the Lowell Institute. Elected chairman of the Massachusetts Democratic State Convention, 1908; twice chairman of the Committee on

Resolutions and delegate to the National Democratic Conventions, 1908 and 1912. First Ambassador to the Argentine Republic, 1914-.

Married Elizabeth Bradlee Abbott, of Boston, 1881. She died in 1896. Daughters: Mildred, married Harris Livermore, of Boston (Harvard, 1901), Margaret Ashton, married Halstead Lindsley, of Milton, Massachusetts (Harvard, 1902). Married Mabel Ashhurst, of Philadelphia, November 12, 1902.

\*CHARLES PRATT STRONG \*1893

*Son of Frederick Simpson and Sarah Frances (Pratt) Strong; born at Springfield, Massachusetts, December 19, 1855; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

GRADUATED at Harvard Medical School, 1881. House surgeon to Boston Lying-in Hospital, the Free Hospital for Women, and the Massachusetts General Hospital; physician to outpatients at Massachusetts General Hospital; surgeon to outpatients at Free Hospital for Women; fellow Massachusetts Medical Society; member Boston Society for Medical Improvement and Boston Society for Medical Observation; assistant in gynæcology Harvard Medical School, 1887-93. He died March 15, 1893.

On April 7, 1894, a check for \$3750 was sent to the Faculty of the Harvard Medical School. This sum was made up of contributions by the friends and patients of Dr. Strong, and was intended to found the Charles Pratt Strong Scholarship, in memory of him. The fund was accepted by the Faculty, and later by the Corporation, and the

scholarship has been established with an available income for the first year of \$100. The balance of the income is to be added to the principal until the latter amounts to \$5000.

The "Boston Medical and Surgical Journal" says: "Dr. Strong began his professional career as a general practitioner. He had a special inclination to gynæcology and surgery, and to these branches his skill and energy were more and more directed. As a physician he combined rare judgment with infinite tact and patience. His sympathy and gentleness gave courage, and his decision and firmness gave strength to his patients. He had a winning personality and a rare perception of the needs of the sick. He was untiring in his attempts to promote the comfort and health of those in his care. He had all the instincts of a surgeon. He was bold, skilful, and progressive. He was likewise cautious and conservative, striving to accomplish the desired results by the least radical measure, but never hesitating when radical measures were essential. His power of manipulation and touch were remarkable, and his advice and skill were much in demand by his medical brethren. He was a careful student of medical literature, and his own papers were always clear and forceful and written with a well-defined intention. He contributed much to the advancement of gynæcology in this city by his methods and by his writings. He was an excellent teacher as well as a skilful operator. He was modest and refined, thoughtful of others, and a delightful companion. His life was simple and devoid of ostentation. The dominating influences of his life were his love of home and of his profession. It was these influences

which led him to give of his strength so lavishly. The amount of charitable work which he accomplished at the hospitals with which he was connected was very large. His entire time, from morning until night, often until late at night, was given to his patients, private and charitable. It was this immense burden of work which reduced his vital powers, and made him an easy victim to disease. The attack of acute septicæmia of which he died followed, after an interval of one day, an operation for septic peritonitis, which he performed upon a friend and patient, but it was not the result of carelessness or of any discoverable injury. Apparently the entering poison met no resistance, and almost before any warning had been given death came. So ends a young life, full of great promise, full of great accomplishments, all too soon, but as the result of an effort to save another's life."

#### THOMAS LINCOLN TALBOT

*Son of George Foster and Elizabeth B. (Lincoln) Talbot; born at Dennysville, Maine, July 18, 1854; prepared for college at St. Augustine School.*

SPENT the year 1876-77 at the Harvard Law School. Admitted to the Cumberland Bar in October, 1878, and appointed assistant county attorney for Cumberland County in January, 1879. Travelled abroad in 1880-81; returned and practised law in Portland. Member of School Committee of the City of Portland. Member of Institute of 1770, Hasty Pudding Club, Glee Club, Pierian Sodality, and Φ B K.

Married October 5, 1887, Alice Bradford Spring. Son, Samuel Spring Talbot, Harvard, 1913.

## NEWELL ALDRICH THOMPSON

*Son of Newell Aldrich and Susannah Saunderson (Wyman) Thompson; born at Boston, Massachusetts, March 6, 1853; prepared for college at Boston Latin School.*

WENT abroad immediately after graduation, and spent a year in Germany and France. Entered the real estate firm of Perry and Thompson, and continued there until the dissolution of the firm. Was connected with the firm of Thompson and Leavitt, successors to John D. and M. Williams, wine merchants. He has been much interested in the militia of this State; was sergeant-major of the First Infantry M. V. M. from June 4 to December 29, 1879; first lieutenant and adjutant of Fifth Infantry M. V. M. from December 29, 1879, to December 7, 1881; brigade sergeant-major, Second Brigade M. V. M., June, 1885; and captain and aide-de-camp upon the staff of Brigadier-General B. F. Peach, Second Brigade M. V. M., June, 1885, to July 14, 1894, and during the terms of office of Governor Ames was detailed to serve upon his staff as acting assistant inspector-general. Has been a member for many years of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company, and has held various offices therein. Member of Revere Lodge, F. and A. M., St. Andrew's Chapter, R. A. M., St. Bernard Commandery, K. T.

In 1908, he wrote: "I am still in the same line of business, but since 1901 became interested in the New York house of C. H. Arnold & Company (a limited company), with my headquarters in Boston, in the Penn Mutual Building, 24 Milk Street. We are selling agents for the United States for the out-

put of various foreign wine-producers and growers. I have one son, now almost nineteen years of age, who is entering upon his last year at the Brookline High School, when he will enter a college — not yet determined — and afterwards take a post-graduate course at the Institute of Technology. The boy is to be an electrical engineer, and has already become known in the field of wireless telegraphy and the wireless telephone. As for my travels, I have none to tell of other than that I take occasional trips abroad in the interest of business, and as these trips are in a beaten track they possess no interest to any one. I expect to continue to grow old as gracefully as I can, and if I can weather the remaining years of my life with as few discomforts as I have those that have passed, it is all that I can hope for. There has been such a revolution in the way of doing business since our graduation that a business career does not offer much more than a living unless one can make use of a large capital to compete with the aggregations of capital that have grown up in the past generation in the form of various business consolidations."

He writes (1916): "There is nothing that I can add to my last report (1908) which would be of interest to the Class, as the past eight years have been uneventful and marked only by various personal and business vicissitudes.

"I am still engaged in the same general line of business, and have my office at 77 Summer Street, Boston, where I have been located for the past seven years.

"One of the corporations, whose accounts I have handled for the past five years, has a Yale



'96 man as president, and I find, in this instance, the best of feeling existing between Harvard and Yale.

"Since my last report, my son, Newell A. Thompson, Jr., after a period spent at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, entered the employ of the Standard Oil Company of New York, where he has been for several years, and is, at the present time, a resident of Pekin, China, occupying a responsible position in their employ."

### ALONZO LILLY THOMSEN

*Son of John Jacob and Emmalena (Lilly) Thomsen; born at Baltimore, Maryland, September 1, 1855; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

STUDIED chemistry in Berlin under Professor Hoffman for two years, and returned to America in November, 1878. In the following year began to manufacture chemicals in Baltimore, starting an enterprise which has developed into the Thomsen Chemical Company, now a subsidiary of the General Chemical Company. Retired from active business in 1898, and devoted some ten years to travel and the study of the surface and civilizations of the earth. Spent much time in the South Pacific and other parts of the Far East and, having seen almost everything worth seeing in this world, is now prepared to look for a better one.

Has never married. For some years past has been living in New York. Is a member of the University Club of New York, the Maryland Club of Baltimore, and of the Society of Colonial Wars.

His present address is the University Club, New York.



## CHARLES FRANKLIN THWING

*Son of Joseph Perkins and Hannah Morse (Hopkins) Thwing; born at New Sharon, Maine, November 9, 1853; prepared for college at Phillips Andover Academy; admitted to Harvard in 1871, and for a year studied at home and at Andover.*

GRADUATED at Andover Theological Seminary in 1879. Was ordained over North Avenue Congregational Church at Cambridge, September 26, 1879. Pastor Plymouth Church, Minneapolis, 1886-90. D.D., Chicago Theological Seminary, 1888. LL.D., Marietta College, 1894; Illinois College, 1894; Waynesburg, 1901; Washington and Jefferson, 1902; Kenyon, 1910. Is now president of Western Reserve University and Adelbert College, Cleveland, Ohio. Married Carrie F. Butler, September 18, 1879 (died April 24, 1898); and Mary Gardiner Dunning, December 22, 1906.

Associate editor of "Bibliotheca Sacra," since 1884. Secretary of the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching; senator of Phi Beta Kappa; president of Intercollegiate Peace Association. Member of University Club and Union Club. Author of "The Reading of Books," 1883; "The Working Church," 1894; "Within College Walls," 1894; "The College Woman," 1894; "The American College in American Life," 1900; "College Administration," 1900; "The Best Life," 1900; "The Choice of a College," 1901; "God in His World," 1902; "The Youth's Dream of Life," 1902; "If I Were a College Student," 1902; "A Liberal Education and a Liberal Faith," 1903; "College Training and the Business Man," 1906; "Higher Education in America, A History," 1906; "Education in the

Far East," 1909; "History of Education in the United States since the Civil War," 1910; "Universities of the World," 1911; "Letters from a Father to His Son Entering College," 1912; "Letters from a Father to His Daughter Entering College," 1913; "The Co-Ordinate System in the Higher Education," 1913; "The Family: An Historical and Social Study," 1886 (in collaboration with Carrie Butler Thwing), revised in 1913; "The American College: What It Is and What It May Become"; "Education According to Some Modern Masters," 1916.

#### ARTHUR BUTLER TWOMBLY

*Son of Alexander Hamilton and Caroline Matilda (Williams) Twombly; born at Boston, Massachusetts, January 12, 1854; prepared for college by William H. Orcutt. HAS travelled much abroad and in this country. Out of active business.*

Nothing has been heard of him since the 1901 Report.

#### JAMES ALEXANDER TYNG

*Son of Dudley Atkins and Catharine Maria (Stevens) Tyng; born at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, May 27, 1856; prepared for college at Cambridge (Massachusetts) High School.*

PLAYED on the Freshman Nine and later on the University Nine for five years as third baseman and catcher.

Studied two years at the Harvard Law School, and on April 19, 1879, passed the examination for admission to the Suffolk Bar. Practised law first in Boston, then removed to New York City,

where he is engaged in fire and marine insurance business.

His end of the "battery" has made no reply to repeated inquiries.

## EUGENE WAMBAUGH .

*Son of Abraham B. and Sarah (Sells) Wambaugh ; born near Brookville, Ohio, February 29, 1856 ; received early education in Ohio, at Springfield, Cincinnati, and Delaware.*

IN 1876-77 studied history, political economy, and Roman law at Harvard, receiving A.M. in 1877. In 1877-80 studied at the Harvard Law School, receiving LL.B. in 1880. Was admitted to the Ohio Bar, December 7, 1880. From 1880 to 1889 practised law at Cincinnati. From 1889 to 1892 was professor in the Law Department of the State University of Iowa, at Iowa City. Since 1892 has been professor in the Harvard Law School. LL.D., State University of Iowa, 1892 ; Western Reserve University, 1908 ; and Dartmouth, 1908. Fellow of American Academy of Arts and Sciences. Books : "The Study of Cases," 1892, 2d ed. 1894 ; "Cases for Analysis," 1894 ; "Cases on Agency," 1896 ; "Cases on Insurance," 1901 ; "Littleton's Tenures," 1903 ; "Cases on Constitutional Law," 1915. Many articles in magazines and in newspapers ; and several papers in proceedings of societies.

Engaged by the Bureau of Corporations of the United States as special attorney, to plan and superintend a series of reports on the laws of the several states regarding the taxation of corporations, 1907-12. Employed as special counsel to the State Department on problems arising out of the European war, 1914.

The American member of the permanent international commission under the treaty with Peru, since 1915.

His daughter Sarah graduated at Radcliffe, 1902 ; and his son Miles graduated at Harvard, A.B., 1910, A.M., 1911, LL.B., 1914.

\*SAMUEL GRAY WARD

\*1900

*Son of George Cabot and Mary Ann (Southwick) Ward ; born at New York City, October 5, 1854 ; died at Nutley, New Jersey, November 16, 1900.*

AFTER leaving college Ward had a position with Kidder, Peabody, and Co., New York, for several years. He left Kidder, Peabody, and Co. to engage in stock brokerage business with Robert B. Holmes, under the firm name of R. B. Holmes and Co. That firm was dissolved at the expiration of two years. Later Ward took a position with the Union Trust Company, of New York, which position he held up to the time of his death. He died of pneumonia, being ill but a few days.

CHARLES ELIOT WARE

*Son of Thornton Kirkland and Lucy Ann Adams (Marshall) Ware ; born at Fitchburg, Massachusetts, July 17, 1853 ; prepared for college at Roxbury Latin School.*

RECEIVED degree of LL.B. from Harvard Law School in June, 1878, and continued there until April, 1879. Was admitted as an attorney and counsellor at law in the courts of Massachusetts, June 16, 1879, and to practise in the Circuit Court of the United States, October 15, 1880.

From 1879 to 1892 practised law in Fitchburg as

a member of the firms of Ware, Torrey, Ware, and T. K. and C. E. Ware ; from the death of his father in 1892 to 1914, alone ; and since, with his youngest son, Thornton Kirkland Ware (Harvard, 1910) as Ware and Ware.

President of the Fitchburg Savings Bank since 1889 ; president of the Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad Company ; director of Fitchburg Railroad Company, Fitchburg Bank and Trust Company, Fitchburg Gas and Electric Light Company, Worcester Consolidated Street Railway Company, Springfield Street Railway Company ; trustee of New England Investment and Security Company ; secretary of the board of trustees of the Massachusetts School for the Feeble-Minded ; and director and trustee of several other corporations.

Married June 30, 1881, Harriet Pierce, daughter of George Washington and Mary Elizabeth (Nash) Long. Children : Mary Elizabeth, born August 6, 1882, died August 8, 1882 ; George Long, born February 14, 1884 ; Charles Eliot, born August 20, 1885 ; Thornton Kirkland, born December 26, 1887.

**\*WILLIAM FLETCHER WELD** \*1893  
*Son of William Gordon and Caroline Langdon (Goddard) Weld ; born at Boston, Massachusetts, February 21, 1855 ; prepared for college at Mr. John Hopkinson's School, Boston.*

IN college he was a member of the Institute of 1770, the Δ K E, A. D. Club, Hasty Pudding Club, the Cricket Club, Cambridge Telegraph Company, and was captain of the team in the Rifle Club. He was captain and bow oar of the Class Six, which won the Beacon Cup race in 1874, and he rowed in his Class

Crew at Springfield in 1873. He contested at Saratoga in 1875 for the intercollegiate single scull championship.

He passed two years at the Harvard Law School and in 1882 founded a professorship of law in that school.

Weld's love of outdoor sports and of the sea was strong. From 1879 until his death he was an enthusiastic yachtsman. In 1882 he built the cruising schooner "Gitana," on which for a long time he made his home, taking long ocean cruises: three to the West Indies and two to the Mediterranean, besides summer cruises along the Atlantic coast. In 1885 he was one of the "syndicate" which built the "Puritan," the successful "cup defender" of that year. He was commodore of the Hull and later of the Eastern Yacht Club, and he was a practical navigator and thorough yachtsman, far-seeing and cool-headed.

From 1882 until the time of his death he was one of the trustees of the large estate left by his grandfather, the late William F. Weld. He was a member of the Algonquin, Art, Athletic, Country, Puritan, Somerset, St. Botolph, Union, Myopia, Union Boat, Eastern, Hull, and New York Yacht Clubs.

He died of diphtheria at his beautiful place in Brookline on January 9, 1893. He left Harvard College a legacy of one hundred thousand dollars for general purposes.

Weld was a man of the broadest generosity; he received his greatest pleasure from making those about him happy. No one who ever was a guest on board of his yacht or at his house can forget his



thoughtful hospitality. He had a keen interest in public affairs, in science, art, and literature, and his active mind and shrewd common sense made him a man of influence wherever he went. He looked at his wealth as a trust fund to be used by him in helping the community in which he lived. He was the most loyal of Harvard men, and it is pleasant to think that the benefactions which he and his family have heaped upon the college will keep the name of Weld dear to Harvard men.

### FRANCIS LEWIS WELLMAN

*Son of William Augustus and Matilda Gouveneur (Ogden) Wellman ; born at Brookline, Massachusetts, July 29, 1854 ; prepared for college at the Brookline High School and by private tutor.*

ENTERED Boston Law School, October, 1876 ; graduated, June, 1878, and selected by faculty of Law School to deliver class oration. Appointed instructor of Boston Law School, October, 1878 ; one year later lecturer in same school ; held this position for four years, and at the same time delivered same lectures to private classes at the Harvard Law School upon subscription. Admitted to Massachusetts Bar, May, 1878. Connected for several years with "American Law Review" and at this time wrote for law magazines. January, 1882, entered partnership with ex-United States Senator Bainbridge Wadleigh. Fall of 1883 left Boston ; admitted to practice at the New York Bar ; appointed assistant to counsel to the Corporation of the City of New York ; held the position of senior assistant for seven years under five different corporation counsels of varying political affiliations ; during this time had the management



of most of the trials by jury in which City of New York was defendant. In 1890 appointed as first assistant district attorney of the City of New York; reappointed in 1894, and resigned the following winter to re-enter private practice. While in the district attorney's office prosecuted such celebrated homicide cases as that of Carlyle W. Harris, Dr. Buchanan, Dr. Meyer, and the American "Jack the Ripper."

In 1894 re-entered private practice in partnership with William Wallace Gooch, of the Class of 1880, and Herbert C. Smyth, under the firm name of Wellman, Gooch, and Smyth, at 15 Wall Street; has been in active practice of the law for the last twenty years. In 1916, owing to the death of Mr. Gooch, formed a partnership with William F. McCombs and Frederick R. Ryan. In the last twenty-five years has spent from three to four months almost every year travelling in Europe. In 1907 published "The Art of Cross Examination," which went through a dozen editions; three years later published "Day in Court." Has given lectures at Columbia Law School and Fordham Law School, on the general subject of Advocacy.

In 1879 married Cora Allen, of Boston, from which marriage came the sons, Roderic Wellman, Class of 1903, and Allen G. Wellman, Class of 1905. In 1891 married Edith Watson, of New York, who died the following year giving birth to a daughter, Edith Wellman; three years later married Emma Juch; and in 1912 married Katherine Gobere, of Louisville, Kentucky. Present address 45 East 82d Street, New York City. Business address 15 Wall Street.

\*JOHN ELLIOTT WETHERBEE \*1885

*Son of John and Louise (Beals) Wetherbee; born at Roxbury, Massachusetts, April 2, 1854; prepared for college at Roxbury Latin School.*

AFTER graduation went to Boston Law School; received his degree of LL.B. in 1878; was admitted to the bar in April, 1879. Was instructor for a year at the Boston Law School. For many years he tutored candidates for the bar very successfully. Died in 1885.

ALFRED ALISON WHEELER

*Son of Alfred and Sarah Grotjan (Pelts) Wheeler; born at San Francisco, California, January 16, 1855; prepared for college at University School, San Francisco.*

AFTER graduation he went abroad and followed the Russian Army in its campaign in Asia Minor, acting as a war correspondent. In 1883 he was dramatic critic of a newspaper in San Francisco, and in 1884 was growing olives and grapes on the picturesque shores of Clear Lake, California.

The secretary reported in 1901 that he had not heard from Wheeler in many years, and in 1908 that he did not know his address.

In 1914 Wheeler sent the secretary his card and address (2541 Washington Street, San Francisco), and enclosed a clipping from "The Argonaut," of June 20, 1914, giving the following review, by "A. A. W.," of "Poems by George E. Woodberry."

"'The Flight and Other Poems,' by G. E. Woodberry, reminds us of that last little book of Keats, because it contains so many things that the world will some day be glad to remember. We have seen criticisms of this book in high quarters, but as

they fail to take notice of the poems which are its supreme achievements, we will name those which seem destined to be crowned with the applause of poets, and poets after all are the final arbiters of their own art.

“The highest and rarest of Mr. Woodberry’s poems are his lyrics. In them the vision of the poet burns at its highest luminosity and his speech vibrates with overtones of song which cannot be heard by ordinary ears. ‘The Sicilian’ is modelled like a portrait of Velasquez. ‘Orfeo’ would have delighted Theocritus; it is such a vision of innocence as Fra Angelico might have painted. ‘The Festa’ is as delicate in coloring as a water-color of Turner. And all three will take their place in the golden treasury of our language.

“Of one with these songs in ecstasy of mood, but just below them in the flawless perfection of their art, come ‘Flower of Etna,’ ‘The Winged Eros,’ ‘The Reveler,’ ‘St. John and the Faun,’ and ‘To a Child.’ A stanza, a line, even a single word — like the dark inclusion suspended within a diamond which relegates it to the second class — is enough to mar the crystalline primacy of a lyric. In ‘Flower of Etna’ the last line of the third stanza is not impeccable, and the sixth stanza was conceived in a momentary dimness of the lights of vision; but otherwise the poem is filled with lyrical breath. The fifth of the quatrains of ‘The Winged Eros’ does not rise above speech, and though the fourth is above this mediocrity it is no match for the glowing intensity of the sixteen remaining lines. A similar descent from the blue of heaven is ruinous to ‘The Reveler’ in the first twelve lines of its third stanza.

Ben Jonson might have written them; they have ceased to fly. And the closing quatrain of the first stanza is too ratiocinative for song.

"As a tribute to the boyish beauty of Italy, the poem called 'St. John and the Faun' might better have been called Amalfi than to unite in the title two subjects which have no concurrence in the poem. There is a loss of lyrical directness from the fact that the two visions which are the heart of the poem are encased between a prologue and an epilogue explaining the psychology of the matter. In the epilogue the poem ends like a tired bird just fluttering above the ground. Had the order been confined to the second, third, and first divisions, a lovely song would have resulted; though we confess to hearing a false note in the words 'inexorably spread,' which are a deduction of logic, when all that vision beheld was the wide and widening sea. Something of this same union of unmatching parts may be noted in 'The Dirge,' all the high song of which is in the second, fourth, fifth, and sixth stanzas, which do not need the setting that comes before and after. In the lines 'To a Child' the essential singing is in the second and third stanzas; the other two were made to match, but they fail; and the fourth introduces itself with a limp that is incurable. All of which, to be sure, are only feathers in the crystal, but they make the difference between a mineral and a gem.

"It is little flaws again which detract from the perfection of another poem, elegiac rather than lyrical, 'To an Ionian Boy.' In these lines to a youthful emigrant aided by the poet to make his way to America, tenderness and ardor have com-

bined with a fine and fundamental treatment to make a poem of high racial import. But what is the meaning of the opening couplet? And the six lines beginning 'To this end my father toiled' are superfluous, because their theme is already finished. And the enumeration of the four lines that begin 'The old forms gone' is a weak summary and dilutes the thought. The single line, 'For plinth and coin, for bust and scroll,' is too full of petty things for the effect intended. In the final apostrophe to Greece, the theme should have been held too great and too impersonal for the objection of either poet or boy in the four lines beginning 'And still from thee he takes the best.' Greece only, as the apostrophe continues, should have been addressed directly; and for the same reason both poet and boy should have hidden themselves at the end.

"Song is the latest blooming of Mr. Woodberry's mind. For many years his verse has been noted for profundity of thought. In keeping with this tradition there are poems of this book in which the author expresses his philosophy of life. The first division, indeed, is almost wholly doctrinal. The author has cleared his mind of cobwebs and is eager to define his relation to man and nature. The understanding, or at most the reason of the poet, here holds sway; something of the poetry of philosophy is sacrificed to the zeal of prophecy; the speech outweighs the song. Nor is the speech itself entirely flawless. On this account a poem like 'Demeter,' in spite of the sweep and maturity of its thought, will perhaps just miss the certainty of taking a permanent place in the memories of men. Thought itself with Mr. Woodberry is rarely lacking in precision; yet we find it

so in his failure to give a rounded completeness to his treatment of the Proserpina legend. Full of the beauty of light and color as this poem is so long as the author is in imaginative contemplation of the Sicilian scene, he is obliged to extricate himself at the end by the introduction of a *deus ex machina* alien to the theme, and the solution is found in a jugglery of words. Mr. Woodberry's excess of sentiment sometimes comes near to eclipsing his reason. It gives to the second half of this poem the tone of preciousness.

"For the rest there are poems in this book that will probably find a quicker road to the hearts of all readers than most of those we have mentioned. The lines to 'The Delphian Child' are the tenderest picture of poverty, perhaps, in all poetry. 'The Isle' has melody and mystery and charm. The ballads, 'Calogero' and 'The Blue Star,' are unusual in the freshness of their themes, in the vividness of their suggestion. Many poets of many lands have fished in Mediterranean waters, but Mr. Woodberry has certainly netted the largest number of souls."

\*EDMUND MARCH WHEELWRIGHT

\*1912

*Son of George William and Hannah Giddings (Tyler) Wheelwright; born at Roxbury, Massachusetts, September 14, 1854; prepared for college at Roxbury Latin School; died August 14, 1912.*

EDMUND MARCH WHEELWRIGHT, fourth son of George William and Hannah Giddings (Tyler) Wheelwright, was born at Roxbury, Massachusetts, on September 14, 1854. He was prepared for college at the Roxbury Latin School. At college, a



member of the Class of 1876, he was a founder of the "Harvard Lampoon"; the admirable design of the cover under which that joyous periodical appeared for many years was his. After graduation he chose the profession of architecture. He studied at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology; he was draughtsman in the offices of architects in Boston, in New York, and in Albany; he spent a year or two abroad, studying assiduously, but not overcome by the allurements of the *École des Beaux Arts*; and in 1882 he began independent practice. From 1891 to 1895 he was city architect of Boston; in this capacity he not only gained unusual experience of public building, but by the fearless honesty of his methods set a widely recognized example of how civic work should be done for the public good. Except during that interval his practice was private, for more than twenty-five years in partnership with his friend Parkman Haven. In 1887 he married Elizabeth Boot, daughter of Francis Brooks, of Boston. He died on August 14, 1912. His wife and three children survive him.

Among his architectural works may be remarked, besides many private houses, town and country, some of the Boston schoolhouses which have come to be regarded almost as standards; many buildings of the Boston City Hospital, including the severely beautiful mortuary chapel; Horticultural Hall in Boston; the Cambridge Bridge across the Charles; the great bridge across the Connecticut at Hartford; Randall Hall at Harvard; the building of the Massachusetts Historical Society; the New England Conservatory of Music; the exquisitely faithful restoration of the old brick church of Jamestown, in





EDMUND MARCH WHEELWRIGHT



Virginia ; no small part of the Boston Opera House, wherein his partner Haven had the chief hand ; much that is best in the Boston Museum of Fine Arts, where he was a consulting architect ; and finally, the beautiful, fantastic building of the " Harvard Lampoon," the last work which he lived to see accomplished. The design for the new bridge to be built across the Charles, between the college and the stadium, is partly his, too. Thus his work will happily live, even though his name be not always remembered, in places where the spirit runs high of the college he loved with all his heart.

A little while ago the Boston Society of Architects held a meeting in his memory. As image after image of his drawings, his designs, and his achievements were passed across the screen, the wonder grew among those who had known him and loved him best. The copiousness and variety of his invention seemed inexhaustible ; in meeting each new problem his only purpose seemed to have been that his means should thoroughly fit his end ; the strong sincerity of his effort overcame any tendency to mannerism ; the faithful certainty of his conceptions, unfaltering throughout, gave him at last an ease which became brilliant. Hardly any other American has ever made works of art so much alike yet so utterly different as the Jamestown church, solemn with the simple gravity of the century when the foundations of our country were laid, and the Lampoon Building at Cambridge, sturdily honest as the founder who designed it, yet laughing at every turn with freakish gayety and beauty.

None of us would have dreamed that the memory of him could ever loom quite so large or shine with

quite such brilliancy. He was intensely enthusiastic, we knew ; he was uncompromisingly faithful to his ideals, until it used to be pleasantly said that a better adjective than "quixotic" were "wheelratic" ; he was impatient of all meanness, generous, unflagging in devotion to duty, quick of temper, eager in friendship, and a good hater of what he honestly held hateful ; but he was never quite sparkling. One would have thought of him as limited by the very intensity of his impulsive emotions ; one would have thought of his work as rather laborious than spontaneous. It is only now, when he is safe in the past of the New England he loved so well, that the full significance of his life begins to gleam serene.

With just such powers and such limitations as his, there was needed, for such achievement as his, an impulse of the spirit. That impulse came to him, we can feel now, from the ancestral centuries of New England. He was stirred from boyhood by a motive which, nobly cherished, has throughout time made human hearts constantly brave—a loyal pride of race. Patriotism were another name for it, perhaps ; but not so intensely true. He sprang from one of the boldest worthies of our first New England generation ; and he meant all his life, to be as nearly worthy as he could of the tradition thus committed to his charge. The line through which that charge was transmitted to him has fluctuated in fortune, but has never lost its quality. None could be more free from the intolerant unwisdom which would measure men otherwise than by their worth ; none less disposed to claim for themselves anything not theirs by right of their own deeds, generation by generation ; none, in clear humility of spirit, more

confidently democratic ; but none more gravely assured that if we of old New England are not to vanish from the earth, we must strive throughout our lives, to be worthy of the fathers. The fathers were Puritans to begin with, misunderstood now for the very ardor of their consecration to a faith whereof the creed could not survive the centuries which have ensued on theirs. The true strength of the Puritan lay in nothing so narrow as creed, but in the unhesitancy of their devotion to what they fervently deemed the truth.

“ Unwitting race,  
Of chosen vessels of abounding grace,”

the faithful among their children have been faithful even until now to what each, in changing times, has believed to be his duty ; and of these faithful children none was ever more loyal than he.

BARRETT WENDELL, '77.

By the courtesy of the “ Harvard Graduates’ Magazine,” for December, 1912.

## JOHN TYLER WHEELWRIGHT

*Son of George William and Hannah Giddings (Tyler) Wheelwright ; born at Roxbury, Massachusetts, February 26, 1856 ; prepared for college at the Roxbury Latin School.*

WHILE in college he was one of the founders of the “ Harvard Lampoon,” and a member of the Hasty Pudding and A. D. Clubs, the Institute of 1770, the Delta Kappa Epsilon, and the O. K. In 1876 he entered the law office of Brooks, Ball, and Storey, in Boston, and in the autumn of the next year became a student at the Harvard Law School, took degree of LL.B., 1878, and was admitted to the

Suffolk Bar in April, 1879. In the autumn of that year he began the practice of his profession in Boston. In November, 1893, Governor Russell appointed him chairman of the Board of Gas and Electric Light Commissioners of Massachusetts, serving until July, 1894, when he resigned. In the following September he argued, with the late Governor Russell, the question of the legal construction of that part of the tariff bill relating to the wool schedule before the Secretary of the Treasury at Washington.

In 1893 and 1894 was a member of the Democratic state committee and chairman of its finance committee. He was active in campaign work, and managed three congressional campaigns for the late John F. Andrew (Harvard, 1872), two of them to a successful issue. In 1892 he was an alternate delegate to the National Democratic Convention, and for three years he served on Governor Russell's staff. In March, 1896, he was appointed assistant corporation counsel of the City of Boston, and later an assistant city solicitor, resigning in September, 1900, and resuming private practice. He was, from August, 1897, to August, 1898, acting park commissioner of Boston.

From October, 1903, to April, 1907, was in ill health. He passed the winter of 1903-04 in France and Italy; of 1904-05 in South Carolina; 1905-06 in Algeria and Southern Italy, and 1906-07 in Bermuda. During this time his law practice was necessarily interrupted. He resumed practice in November, 1907. In June, 1907, he read the poem before the Harvard Chapter of the Phi Beta Kappa and was elected an honorary member of that chapter.

He has practised law in Boston during the last five

years. In 1909-10 he assisted in raising funds for the construction of the Harvard Lampoon Building, and in 1911-12 made the necessary legal arrangements for the construction of the Anderson Bridge, and during the period has served on the executive committee of the Boston Charter Association. He is a member of the Somerset and the Myopia Hunt Clubs, and of the Military Historical Society of Massachusetts, the India Wharf Rats, and the Boston Bar Association. In October, 1915, he was appointed the law member of the council (of six) of the Massachusetts Department of Health.

\*THEODORE CHICKERING WILLIAMS

\*1915

*Son of Frederick Jaques and Abby (Tufts) Williams; born at Brookline, Massachusetts, July 2, 1855; prepared for college at the Roxbury Latin School; died at his home, at 99 Mount Vernon Street, Boston, on May 6, 1915.*

AFTER three years of teaching and travel he studied divinity at Andover and Harvard, and was ordained, November 24, 1882, over the Unitarian Church, in Winchester, Massachusetts. In 1883 he was installed over All Souls' Church (formerly Dr. Bellows'), in New York City. In his dealings, as a pastor, with those who had sinned, "while he never palliated the wrong, he was no less gentle and consoling than just in his condemnation."

During his pastorate at Dr. Bellows' Church, he travelled in Japan, and made several journeys abroad. He was University preacher at Harvard from 1888 to 1890, and gave the Phi Beta Kappa poem in June, 1894. He spent part of the summer of 1894



in the East side of London, studying charities and University settlements. He published occasional poems and articles, and a volume of sermons and poems entitled "Character Building." In 1896 he resigned from All Souls' Church, and went abroad for a year. On his return to this country he went to Oakland, California, where he preached until 1898. In 1899 he was appointed headmaster of the Hackley School, at Tarrytown, New York. During 1905 and 1907, he was abroad and spent much of his time in Greece and Italy. In June, 1907, he was made headmaster of the Roxbury Latin School, succeeding Dr. W. C. Collar. He held this position for two years, when ill-health necessitated his resignation. His most important publications were "Odes of Tibullus," translation, 1905, and a translation of Virgil's "Æneid," in blank verse, in the autumn of 1908; the latter, remarkable as well for its thorough scholarship and accuracy as for the beauty of its English, has been used in schools as a text-book of English poetry.

He married, June 14, 1883, Belma Curtis Wright, who survives him.

"Williams' mind was formed under the skilful hand of William Collar at the Roxbury Latin School. As a boy he found in the Greek and Latin books living springs, to which all his life he turned for refreshment in the 'wilderness of this world,' as is shown by his beautiful translations of the Æneid and of the Tibullus.

"At school he was of an inquiring mind as to religious matters, but his doubts were soon swept away, and after graduation he prepared for the ministry and entered it, well equipped with eloquence, scholar-

ship, and gentleness. He seemed always to move in a plane of his own and yet to be one with those struggling beneath him; his lofty thoughts found natural expression in poetry.

"As a master of Hackley School in New York he built up a foundation where his name will be remembered by generations of school boys; for, by precept and example, he showed to his pupils and his friends the way to the 'things above.'"

J. T. W.

**\*JOHN FLACK WINSLOW**

\*1913

*Son of Augustus Sydenham and Susan Louise (Jackson) Winslow; born at Cincinnati, Ohio, May 24, 1855; prepared for college at the classical school of Eugene F. Bliss, in Cincinnati, Ohio, and at Phillips Exeter Academy; died April 4, 1913.*

HE studied law at the Harvard Law School and at the Law School of Cincinnati College, and was admitted to the Cincinnati Bar in May, 1878, and afterwards practised there.

He was at the head of the Legal Aid Society of Cincinnati, and a director of the Spring Grove Cemetery Association; also an officer of the Mercantile Library, and of the Civil Service Reform Association.

He was married on June 2, 1892, to Judith White Stevenson, who, with a son, John White Stevenson, now at the Naval Academy, Annapolis, survives him.

**CHARLES BRYANT WITHERLE**

*Son of William Howe and Sarah Farrar (Adams) Witherle; born at Castine, Maine, January 15, 1855; prepared for college at Joshua Kendall's School in Cambridge.*

FIRST year after graduation tutored at Cambridge. The next three years was at the Harvard Medical School. After graduation was one year house officer in Massachusetts General Hospital. In January, 1882, settled in St. Paul, Minnesota, and was secretary of the Minnesota State Medical Society. Is now practising medicine at Portland, Maine.

Present address: 21 Deering St., Portland, Maine.

TEMPORARY MEMBERS  
OF THE CLASS



## TEMPORARY MEMBERS

### WALTER SCOTT ANDREWS

*Son of Loring and Blandina Bruyn (Hardenbergh) Andrews; born at Bronxville, New York, October 25, 1852; prepared for college at Easthampton, Massachusetts (Williston Seminary).*

GRADUATED at Columbia College Law School, and was admitted to the New York Bar in 1883. For about ten months in 1887-88 was employed on the staff of the "New York World." Took his degree of A.B. in 1877, and that of A.M., Harvard, in 1898.

### \*WILLIAM HERBERT ATKINSON \*1915

*Son of Rev. Kinsman and Dorothy Mirack (Woods) Atkinson; born at Lunenburg, Massachusetts, June 20, 1853; prepared for college at Cambridge High School; died in North Chester, Massachusetts, March 11, 1915, of cerebral hemorrhage.*

HE was a member of the Class of 1875 for two years; then, after a year's interval, he remained two years with the Class of 1876. In September, 1876, entered the Middle Class at Drew Theological Seminary, Madison, New Jersey, and in November, 1877, began his ministry. Was ordained deacon (Methodist Episcopal Church), April 6, 1879, at Worcester, by Bishop Simpson; and elder, April 8, 1888, at Milford, by Bishop Andrews. He has been pastor of churches at South Wilbraham, Shelburne Falls, New Salem, Prescott, South Worthington, Leyden, Blandford, and Princeton, in Massachusetts; at Mechanics-

ville, Shrewsbury, Milton, West Berkshire, Fairfax, Highgate, Walden, Walcott, and Northfield, in Vermont; and Mount Vernon, Livermore, North Waldoboro, and North Wayne, in Maine. He preached thirty-two years.

He married, in 1878, Harriet Elizabeth Warfield, who survives him with an adopted son, William Phillips Atkinson.

**\*JOHN RICHARD BALDWIN** \*1897  
*Son of Horace Converse and Ellen Elizabeth (Condon) Baldwin; born at Lynn, Massachusetts, May 10, 1854; prepared for college at Lynn High School; died at Lynn, May 1, 1897.*

AFTER graduation in 1877 Baldwin studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1880. He at once entered upon the practice of his profession and formed a partnership under the name of Baldwin and Baker. He was elected to the School Committee in Lynn in 1879 and 1882, for terms of three years each, and was chairman of the School Board in 1880, 1881, and 1882. In 1881 he was elected a senator from the First Essex District of Massachusetts, defeating for reëlection Henry Cabot Lodge, and was re-elected in 1882-83. In December, 1884, he was elected mayor of Lynn. In 1885 his legal partnership was dissolved, and from that time until his death he practised law in Lynn. In March, 1889, he was elected city solicitor, and served continuously up to the time of his death. A mere perusal of his life work indicates the constant activity and mental alertness which were his striking characteristics, and his success in the practice of law and in the political offices which he held was marked. It must have



been particularly satisfactory to him that in the city where he was born and had lived all his life he was recognized as an active and influential citizen, and that he was sought out by his fellow-citizens to represent them in high places. Although he died so early, he had accomplished more and attained a higher position than many a man who lives to the extreme limit of life. His death resulted from inflammation of the ear, which is said to have been due to an accident in 1884, when he was thrown from a horse and received a severe concussion of the brain. He was ill for only a few days, and his death came as a great surprise and sorrow to his friends.

\*CHARLES JOSEPH BELLAMY      \*1910

*Son of Rufus K. and Maria L. (Putnam) Bellamy; born at Chicopee Falls, Massachusetts, May 7, 1852; prepared for college at Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Massachusetts; died at Springfield, on December 12, 1910.*

HE remained in college through the Freshman year. Studied philosophy and history at home for two years. He then read law with Leonard and Wells, of Springfield, and was admitted to the Hampden County Bar in 1876. In 1880 he gave up the practice of law to found with his brother Edward the "Penny News" — later the "Springfield Daily News" — which he continued to manage and edit until his death. He combined in an exceptional degree literary capacity with business ability, and he found equal enjoyment in the task of building up the business side of his newspaper and in directing its editorial policy. His writings were distinguished by freshness and clearness of thought and by special

force in analysis. He was of an inventive turn. His brother Edward was the author of "Looking Backward," and Charles wrote several novels in his early years: "The Breton Mills," "An Experiment in Marriage," "Were They Sinners?" "A Moment of Madness," and later, "The Return of the Fairies," "Every Man His Own Lawyer," and "Wonder Children." In 1884 his success in his newspaper, from which his brother had retired, enabled him to erect the present building of the "Daily News." He was a lineal descendant of Gen. Israel Putnam. In politics he was a strict Democrat, and he was one of the Democratic presidential electors in 1900. He was a force in the life of his community and was personally attractive—a many-sided man of high character. He was married in 1879 to Imogen Augusta Cooper, who survives him. Besides his widow, there survive Mrs. Louise Imogen Loomis, wife of Henry R. Loomis, of Winthrop Highlands, Massachusetts, and a son, Charles J. Bellamy.

\*WALKER BLAINE

\*1890

*Son of Hon. James Gillespie and Harriet (Stanwood) Blaine; born at Augusta, Maine, May 8, 1855.*

AFTER one year at Harvard joined the Class of 1876 at Yale; remained there three years, graduating in 1876. Was two years at Columbia Law School, New York City, graduating in 1878. In 1879 went to Minnesota, where he remained until March 1, 1881, when he went to Washington, District of Columbia, and on March 7 became private secretary to the Secretary of State. On July 1, 1881, was made third assistant Secretary of State. In December went to South America as member of special mis-

sion to Chili, Peru, and Bolivia. Was made *chargé d'affaires ad interim* for the United States in Chili. Returned to Washington, June 1, 1882. Assistant counsel in behalf of the United States before the Court of Commissioners of Alabama Claims.

He died at Washington suddenly in 1890. Blaine was a man of great ability and singular charm of manner.

**\*CHARLES ALBERT BLYMYER      \*1897**

*Son of George and Mary (Crull) Blymyer; born at Lewistown, Pennsylvania, January 22, 1854; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

ENTERED Harvard in 1872 with his twin brother, G. G. Blymyer. The two left Harvard at the end of their Sophomore year, and went into the dry-goods business in Lewistown. After three years Charles entered the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad, where he remained for ten years, resigning on account of ill health. Died at his residence in Lewistown on October 24, 1897. He was the last of seven brothers.

**\*GEORGE GILBERT BLYMYER      \*1882**

*Twin brother of Charles A.; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

He was drowned in the Juniata River, Lewistown, Pennsylvania, in 1882 by the capsizing of a boat.

**LAWRENCE BOND**

*Son of Edward Pearson and Sarah (Wight) Bond; born at Nawiliwili, a village on Kauai, one of the Hawaiian Islands, February 4, 1853; prepared for college at the High School, Newton, Massachusetts.*

SPENT parts of two years as a resident graduate in Cambridge; spent nearly a year in a visit to California; tutored in Philadelphia; took the degree of A.B. in 1877; was at the Harvard Law School, 1880-82; was admitted to the bar at Boston, 1884. Has been devoting himself closely to the work of his profession, but has given some time to local public matters, especially in connection with the schools, and has made several short vacation trips to Europe.

The law firm of Bond and Morrison, of which he was a member for many years, was dissolved in 1902; since which time he has practised alone.

#### WILLIAM EDMUNDSTONE BOYNTON

*Son of William and Sarah Augusta (Morse) Boynton; born at Charlestown, Massachusetts, December 2, 1852; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy (1869-1872).*

COMPLETED the four years' course. In 1901 he wrote: "In 1879 became an employee of a Boston firm which manufactured dry goods, and in 1883 was appointed the Western representative of a New York firm in the same business. Resided in Chicago, Illinois, until 1896, and was a member of the University, Union, and Harvard Clubs of that city.

"From 1896 to 1899 was not in active business, but during the last-named year became a converter of cotton goods in New York City, and am now a merchant in that city."

#### JOHN FLETCHER BURRIS

*Son of Nehemiah and Mary Jane (Crawford) Burris; born at Middletown, Delaware, February 14, 1850; came to Harvard from the University of Michigan.*

CONNECTED with the Class a short time ; went West and entered the University of Michigan ; graduated A.B. in the Class of 1875. Professor of Latin and Greek in Washington University, California, 1876 ; professor of ancient languages, California Military Academy, 1877. Was at one time principal of the Berkeley Gymnasium, Berkeley, California.

The secretary has not heard of him for years.

\*EDMUND WALSTEIN DAVIS \*1908

*Son of Edmund and Maria Louise Davis ; born at Providence, Rhode Island, December 27, 1853 ; prepared for college at Heidelberg, Zurich, and Cambridge, Massachusetts.*

LEFT college at the end of his Sophomore year to enter business, and some time later became president of the Davis Lawrence Co., manufacturers of proprietary medicines. He was accidentally shot, on June 20, 1908, at his camp on the Cascapedia River, Province of Quebec, where he was entertaining a party of friends.

He was married November 30, 1880, to Maria Hunter Steuart, who, with one son, survives him.

\*ORRANDO PERRY DEXTER \*1903

*Son of Henry and Lucretia Marquand (Perry) Dexter ; born at New York City, October 31, 1854 ; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

ON October 10, 1903, Orrando Perry Dexter was murdered at his summer place, Santa Clara, Franklin County, New York. Dexter had a large estate in the Adirondacks, and was shot from a thicket as he was riding in a buggy from his home to the post-office ; his slayer was some trespasser whom he had

prosecuted. He left the Class in 1874 and entered Christ Church College, Oxford, taking the B.A. degree there, 1878, M.A. Oxford, 1881, LL.B. Columbia, 1880, and was admitted to the New York Bar in 1880. He was an able mathematician and wrote, in 1881, a pamphlet called "The Division of Angles." He was also a genealogist. He travelled extensively, and was never married. His father, Henry Dexter, was the founder of the American News Company.

#### AUGUSTUS REYNOLDS DILLON

HAS not been heard from since graduation.

#### FRANK HAYNES DREW

*Son of Elijah Chesley and Anna Haviland (Haynes) Drew; born at Boston, Massachusetts, October 10, 1856; prepared for college at Boston Latin School.*

COMPLETED the four years' course. Studied medicine in Greenfield and Shelburne Falls, Massachusetts. Spent winter of 1885-86 in New York, taking a post-graduate course in medicine at New York Poly-clinic. Practised his profession at Shelburne Falls, Massachusetts, up to 1894. Member Massachusetts Medical Society.

Has not been heard from since the 1901 Report.

#### \*FRANK HERBERT EATON \*1908

*Son of William and Anna Augusta Willoughby (Hamilton) Eaton; born at Kentville, Nova Scotia, July 29, 1851; prepared for college at the grammar schools of his native town and at Horton Academy at Wolfville, Nova Scotia.*

SEVEN miles from his birthplace was Acadia College, now the University of Acadia College, and there in



1873 Dr. Eaton received his first bachelor's degree. Until November, 1873, he was principal of the Academy in Shelburne, Nova Scotia, when he joined our Class and shortly afterwards the Class of 1875, with which he graduated. In 1876 Acadia University conferred on him the degree of M.A. From 1875 to 1877 he taught Greek and natural science in Horton Academy, but in August, 1877, he returned to Harvard University for a special course of study in the Post-graduate Department. The next year he was appointed to the principalship of Amherst Academy in Nova Scotia, and in November, 1879, was elected to a professorship of mathematics and physics in the Provincial Normal School at Truro. The latter position he filled with distinction until 1890, when he resigned and went to Europe for a second time to make a special study of the educational systems of Great Britain and Germany. His first visit for the same purpose had been made eight years earlier. In 1891-92 he held temporary appointments as mathematical instructor in the Boston Latin School and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, six months in each. From January, 1893, he owned, edited, and published two weekly papers in Kentville, Nova Scotia, the "Advertiser" and the "Acadian Orchardist," and concurrently, from April, 1893, was municipal clerk and treasurer of that town, and commissioner of the Supreme and County Courts of Kings County under appointment of the Government of Nova Scotia. In 1890 he was appointed to a professorship of mathematics in Acadia University, but declined the appointment. For some time after this, however, he remained, as he had long been, a governor of the college.



In his long educational career in Nova Scotia Dr. Eaton made himself a recognized power. There was no general movement in public education in which he was not importantly concerned. At the inception of a now extinct "paper university" known as "Halifax University," he was appointed examiner in physics and mathematics, and twice he held the office of president of the Nova Scotia Summer School of Science, an institution he had helped organize. During his connection with educational work in Nova Scotia he contributed greatly by his public addresses, his published articles, and his works on important committees, toward the achievement of the present excellence of the school system of that province.

In August, 1897, Dr. Eaton was called to the superintendency of the schools of Victoria, British Columbia, a post then newly created, and in spite of uncertain health, he did a work that is universally conceded to be one of unusual thoroughness and power. In education he was a man of wide vision, and his keen intelligence, firm grasp of educational forces, and great organizing ability gave him a place among the ablest educators in the Dominion of Canada. To his influence recent valuable legislation in education in the province of British Columbia is in no little measure due. In recognition of his unusual services to education on both the Atlantic and Pacific coasts of the Dominion, the University of Acadia in 1905 conferred on him the highest honor in its gift—a Doctorate of Civil Law. Among Dr. Eaton's published writings are a textbook on Practical Mathematics for the use of high schools in Nova Scotia, published in 1883, Reports of the Victoria Schools, an article in the "Popular

Science Monthly" on the "Bay of Fundy Tides and Marshes," and many editorial articles, always in clear, scholarly, vigorous English.

\*WILLIAM DANIEL ELLET \*1874

*Son of Charles and Elvira (Daniel) Ellet; born at Richmond, Virginia, August 4, 1854; prepared for college at Norwood School, Virginia.*

HE was a member of the Class of 1875 until early in Sophomore year, when ill health compelled him to discontinue his studies. Returning strength allowed him to resume his work; and he reëntered college, completing his Sophomore year with the Class of 1876. On October 11, 1874, he sailed from Baltimore for Germany, and became a student at the University of Göttingen. He died at Göttingen, November 20, 1874.

ARTHUR OSSOLI FULLER

*Son of Arthur Buckminster and Elizabeth Godfrey (Davenport) Fuller; born at Boston, Massachusetts, February 15, 1856; prepared for college at Cambridge (Massachusetts) High School.*

Took his degree of A.B. in 1877. Studied and travelled in Germany for a year. Was admitted to the bar of York County, Maine, 1880, and to the bar of New Hampshire in 1881. Practised his profession at Exeter, New Hampshire. At the date of the 1901 Report, he was an active Republican and had been delegate to several conventions. Held several town offices and was especially interested in efforts to improve the public school system of the town. Was one of the trustees of Robinson Seminary.

Represented Exeter in the Legislature of 1899,

when he was chairman of the Committee on Revision of Statutes and a member of the Committee on National Affairs in the House of Representatives. Was also member of the New Hampshire House of Representatives, chairman of Committee on Elections, and member of Judiciary Committee.

In 1908 he wrote: "Of children, Margaret and Constance have graduated from Radcliffe, Arthur is a Harvard Freshman, the others still in preparatory schools.

"To my own record, as given in the last Class Report, there is little to add. Was a member of Constitutional Convention of New Hampshire in 1903. No office of political nature since then, unless presidency of town Republican Club can be so designated. Am still interested in educational matters, am still on the board of trustees of the seminary, and still hold several town offices."

He now writes (March, 1916): "Am still practising law at Exeter, still president of town Republican Club, and holder of some town offices, such as police commissioner, town auditor, trustee of seminary, and what-not. Have again been one of the town's delegates, in 1912, to the State Constitutional Convention. So it will be seen that my life has been about the same since last previous report as before, in fact, the former report would almost serve as 'its own successor,' by merely changing the date.

"My daughter, Elizabeth Minot Fuller, died February 25, 1907. The other six children—all now *sui juris*—still live, the youngest (Kenneth) being a member of Harvard, '16, and intending to enter Harvard Law School next year.

"My wife also still lives, and deserves more than

this mere mention, but it is hardly proper for a 'dropped man' to encumber the class records with a panegyric of his wife, and so I refrain, most reluctantly."

### FREDERICK WOOD GRIFFIN

*Son of John Quincy Adams and Sarah Elizabeth (Wood) Griffin; born at Charlestown, Massachusetts, February 2, 1855; prepared for college at Concord (Massachusetts) High School.*

Took up connections in 1874. Admitted to the bar in August, 1876. In 1901 lived in Kansas City where he practised law.

Has not been heard from since the 1901 Report.

### \*ALBERT SWAN HANCOX \*1879

*Son of Albert and Angelina Betts (Swan) Hancox; born at Springfield, Massachusetts, August 1, 1853; prepared for college at the public schools of Springfield and by private instruction.*

DURING Junior year he became subject to epilepsy and was obliged to leave college. He rejoined the Class at the beginning of the next year, but again was forced to leave at the Thanksgiving vacation. He tried to complete the course with the Class of 1876, and again his health failed. At length he succeeded in graduating with the Class of 1877. Before entering upon his intended profession of the ministry, he expected to teach for a few years; and he had already undertaken his work, when his health gave way, and he died at Springfield, February 12, 1879.

### CHARLES FRANCIS HODGES

*Son of Samuel Lambert and Martha (Sargent) Hodges;*

*born at Worcester, Massachusetts, November 13, 1852; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

Took up connections, October, 1873. Was several years at San Antonio, Texas, with a sheep ranch on the Medina River, and later, in connection with his brother, Edward Hodges, went to Brackettville, Kinney County, Texas, and became engaged as contractor in the construction of a railroad with Mexican termination. After disposing of his railroad outfit in 1882 was manager of a large sheep ranch for one year. In 1883 located at Brackettville and opened an office, and ever since then has been engaged in surveying, abstract of titles, and location of lands. Elected county surveyor in 1886, and still held the office in 1901.

Has not been heard from since the 1901 Report.

#### WILLIAM LAWRENCE HUMASON

*Son of William Lorenzo and Eunetia Minerva (Eno) Humason; born at New Britain, Connecticut, June 7, 1853; prepared for college at Public High School, New Britain, Connecticut, and Williston Seminary (one year), Easthampton, Massachusetts.*

Took his degree of A.B., 1877. After graduating was with, and, after 1899, president of, the Humason & Beckley Mfg. Co., manufacturers of hardware and pocket cutlery, of New Britain, Connecticut, and New York City. Resigned as president of the Humason & Beckley Mfg. Co. in 1913, disposing of his interest and withdrawing from the company. In February, 1914, became president of the Peck & Young Mfg. Co., of Forestville, Connecticut, manufacturers of springs and special automatic screw machine work.

Member of the Saturday Night Club, the New Britain Club, the Harvard Club of New York, the Harvard Club of Connecticut, and the Maple Hill Golf Club.

Has travelled through nearly all parts of the United States and Canada, and made two trips to Europe.

Married October 15, 1884, to Florence Minerva Cole. She died September 6, 1903. Married October 14, 1915, to Mrs. Grace Langdon Sturgis, of Hartford, Connecticut.

**\*ALFRED HENRY JONES**

\*1873

*Son of Sullivan and Harriet Ann (Taylor) Jones; born at Williamsville, Vermont, December 4, 1851; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy; died in 1873.*

**\*CHARLES ABBOT KEBLER**

\*1887

*Son of John and Lucy Eliot (Abbot) Kebler; born at Cincinnati, Ohio, July 7, 1854; prepared for college by W. W. Boyd.*

GRADUATED from the Law Department of Michigan University in March, 1876, and practised law in Cincinnati, Ohio. Died in 1887.

**SAMUEL WILSON KERR**

*Son of James K. and Elizabeth Jane (McCormick) Kerr; born at Franklin, Pennsylvania, January 30, 1854; prepared for college at St. Mark's School, Southborough.*

LEFT college near the end of the Senior year. During 1877 was first engaged in the iron business, and then turned his attention for a few years to oil, selling out his interests in 1880, when he began manu-



facturing oak and hemlock tannin extracts, as senior partner in the firm of S. W. Kerr and Co., Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Later removed to Philadelphia and became a partner in firm of Joseph H. Jolley and Co. In 1901 was engaged in the coal business in Philadelphia.

Has not been heard from since the 1901 Report.

**\*CHARLES LOWELL**

\*1906

*Son of Robert Traill Spence and Marianna (Duane) Lowell; born at Newark, New Jersey, August 30, 1855; prepared for college principally at Mr. Noble's School.*

HIS ancestors in the male line for four generations were graduates of Harvard College: Rev. John Lowell, Harvard, 1721; Hon. John Lowell, Harvard, 1760; Rev. Charles Lowell, Harvard, 1800; Rev. Robert Traill Spence Lowell, Harvard, 1833. In his early boyhood he came to live in Boston, with his father's sister, Mary Lowell, widow of Samuel R. Putnam, and was fitted for college principally at the day school of G. W. C. Noble. He entered the Class at the beginning of the Sophomore year, roomed in Matthews, and was a member of the Institute of 1770. He passed satisfactorily the spring examinations, but in the summer of 1874 left college, having received an exceptionally favorable offer to enter the employ of the Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, a large French bank which had important connections with foreign countries, and especially with the East. Mr. Lowell's early training was obtained in London and Paris, where he had opportunities particularly advantageous. Later he visited, by way of business, the branches of the



bank all over the world. He was its manager in Melbourne, San Francisco, and Calcutta, and when he was about thirty years old became the head of its office in Bombay, its most important branch in the East.

His administration was successful and acceptable. Early in 1889 a dangerous illness compelled his sudden return to Europe, and more than two years were spent in regaining his health. In 1891 the Comptoir offered him his old position, but the doctors forbade his return to the East, and he wished to live in America. Coming to Boston, he became the head of the State Street Trust Company, then just established, and managed its affairs with ability and marked success until his death on May 24, 1906, after an illness of less than a fortnight. His sound judgment in business, and his wide experience as a banker brought him to the management of important private trusts; his public spirit and executive capacity made him ready for public service; his loyalty and affection renewed old friendships and gained new ones. He was trustee of the Boston Eye and Ear Infirmary, and of the Provident Institution for Savings; treasurer of the Boston Art Museum, and of Emmanuel Church; director of the Fitchburg Railway and the Boston Electric Light Company. On November 12, 1885, he married Beatrice Kate Hardcastle, who, with a daughter and a son, survives him.

#### WALTER EMERSON LUFKIN

*Son of Abram Parker and Mary Ann (Stone) Lufkin; born at Galveston, Texas, December 10, 1854; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

TOOK up connections in 1874. From the fall of 1875 to the winter of 1876 was in grain-elevator and produce commission business. In 1901 was actively engaged in railroading. Was chief clerk in the secretary's office of the Galveston, Houston, and Henderson Railroad, and has been in the secretary's office of the Gulf, Colorado, and Santa Fé Railway Company, Galveston, Texas. In November, 1890, was appointed acting auditor, and January 1, 1891, was elected auditor of the same road.

Has not been heard from since the 1901 Report.

### MELVIN EVERHART LYNN

*Son of James and Susan (Gardner) Lynn; born at McKeesport, Pennsylvania, November 20, 1852; came to Harvard from Yale College.*

LEFT college in 1873 on account of his health. In 1874 became junior member of the firm of Miller and Lynn, dealers in general merchandise, Coal Valley, Pennsylvania. In 1876 entered the coal trade in Pittsburg; was a partner and the business manager of the Alps Coal Company, whose mines are located at California, Pennsylvania, and a member of other coal firms. Removed to Cincinnati in 1886. Engaged in the wholesale coal business. In 1890 became treasurer and general manager of the Queen City Coal Company, one of the leading coal firms of Cincinnati, which position he held in 1901.

Has not been heard from since the 1901 Report.

### \*OCTAVIUS WARREN MEEKS \*1876

*Son of John and Elizabeth (Bush) Meeks; born at New York City, October 3, 1854; entered Harvard from Yale College.*

DIED July 19, 1876, on account of an injury received in jumping from a train at Manor Station, New Jersey.

### JOHN DAVIS MERCUR

*Son of Ulysses and Sarah (Davis) Mercur; born at Towanda, Pennsylvania, July 15, 1853; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

AFTER three years' study at Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, graduated and received degree of M.D., March, 1878. For a year was resident physician at the Philadelphia Hospital; then spent a year in practice in Scranton, Pennsylvania, and later studied at Vienna. Followed his profession in Philadelphia. Removed to Towanda, Pennsylvania, in 1889, where he is now located. Member of the Pennsylvania Society Sons of the Revolution. Spent the winter of 1900 in Southern California.

He writes (1916): "Have retired from the practice of medicine, owing to ill health."

### LAWRENCE VERNON MILLER

*Son of Decatur Howard and Eliza (Hart) Miller; born at Baltimore, Maryland, January 4, 1855; prepared for college by George G. Carey.*

Took up connections in June, 1874. Was with the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad for one year; then in the tobacco commission business; and from 1878 a manufacturer of tobacco, first alone, and later partner in the firm of D. H., Jr., and L. V. Miller, until his retirement from active business.

Has not been heard from since the 1901 Report.

### \*THOMAS HOLLINGSWORTH MORRIS

\*1876

*Son of Thomas Hollingsworth and Marie Bowie (John-*

son) Morris; born at Baltimore, Maryland, June 24, 1853; prepared for college by J. H. Wheeler; died in 1876.

\*WILLIAM RADCLIFFE MORRIS \*1900  
*Son of Lewis Sydney and Lucy (Tucker) Morris; born at Brooklyn, New York, September 19, 1855; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

Took his degree of A.B., 1877. From 1881 to 1883 was with the law firm of Morris & Breckenridge; in 1883 formed a partnership with James W. Savage (Harvard, 1847). The firm in 1890 was Savage, Morris & Davis, and later Morris & Marple. Died at Sheridan, Wyoming, July 3, 1900.

\*HENRY GILMAN NICHOLS \*1900  
*Son of John Taylor Gilman and Caroline Matilda (Tucker) Nichols; born at Saco, Maine, July 10, 1854; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

“HE graduated in the class of 1877, and then studied for a year in the Harvard Law School. Leaving Cambridge, he went to Philadelphia, where he studied law in an office for a year, and at the same time taught in a school, but the next year he returned to the Law School and finished his preparation for the bar. He was admitted in 1881 and immediately entered the office of Shattuck, Holmes, & Munroe, but soon left it for the office of Benjamin F. Brooks, with whom he later formed a partnership. Upon the death of Mr. Brooks in 1887 he succeeded to his large business and continued in the practice of his profession until his death at the early age of forty-six years. Such is the brief outline of a busy life.

“But though, like every lawyer whose years are

spent in active practice, Mr. Nichols perhaps did little which will give him any lasting fame, he is not likely ever to be forgotten either by his associates at the bar or by the clients who were fortunate enough to secure his services.

"His first and most striking quality was innate, unswerving honesty. His mental processes were direct, his approaches were frank, and he inspired all who met him, whether opponents or clients, with confidence in his desire to accomplish justice. While tenacious of his clients' rights, he recognized the rights of others, and his invariable purpose was so to deal with any litigation or complication as to secure results of which no one could rightly complain. His connection with a case was an assurance of fair play, and his own personal interest never influenced his advice or his action.

"To this clear-grained character, the first essential of true professional success, he added rare business judgment, untiring industry, indefatigable patience, conciliatory temper, and excellent legal attainments.

"Men and women were naturally attracted by him. They were sure that his interest in them was genuine, and he won confidence and friendship on every hand. His wholesome, unaffected, cordial, sympathetic humanity made him welcome everywhere, and the circle of his friends was constantly widened. But his was no weak nature, avoiding all occasion for dispute. His capacity for generous indignation was great, his contempt for trickery or selfishness found warm and forcible expression. He won his friends by compelling their respect, and he did not hesitate to condemn a wrong for fear of making an enemy.

"The opportunity to show his quality came to him early, and his ability was recognized at once. In the busy office of Mr. Brooks he was engaged from the outset in important matters, and he won his way steadily upward. Great trusts sought him, and he became more and more immersed in the conduct of large affairs and the solution of complicated problems. Never sparing himself, he came more than once dangerously near the limit of his physical endurance and was forced to rest, but no sooner did his strength return than he plunged with renewed vigor into his work, uninstructed by experience, and perhaps had he been more thoughtful of himself, his years might have been longer.

"When out of a clear sky came the dreadful message that his days were numbered, and that his busy and useful life with all its promise of happiness and success must soon end, he bore the blow with a cheerful courage that commanded admiration. He made such arrangements as were necessary to settle his affairs, and then, through weeks of agonizing pain, awaited the end, with no sign of weakness or unavailing regret, thinking only how he could make the inevitable easier to his family and his friends, and accepting his own fate with wonderful fortitude.

"A wise counsellor, a devoted friend, an able lawyer, an honest man, he has left a gap in our ranks which can hardly be filled, and there are none who will not always regret his untimely death. His career may teach us all the lesson too easily forgotten, that true success at the bar is won only by faithfully adhering to the high ideals of our profession." *Resolutions of the Boston Bar Association.*



\*ROBERT HENRY OLIPHANT \*1873

*Son of Robert Woodruff and Sarah Mayo (Harding) Oliphant; born at St. Louis, Missouri, September 9, 1854; prepared at G. W. C. Noble's School, Boston; died at college, February 1, 1873.*

\*HOWARD LAWRENCE OSGOOD \*1909

*Son of Howard and Caroline Townsend (Lawrence) Osgood; born at Flushing, Long Island, October 24, 1855; prepared for college at Phillips Andover Academy; died at Rochester, New York, November 3, 1909.*

He left college on account of ill health, June, 1875, and began the study of law. In January, 1882, was admitted to the bar of New York State. He studied in the office of Judge H. R. Selden, and began his practice in the office of Oscar Craig. Addison Gardner occupied part of the office at that time, and until his death in 1885. So that, in his student days, Osgood was brought under the influence of that generation of great lawyers long passed. He early developed a special interest in the general subject of patents and patent law, for which, both by temperament and extensive and thorough study, he was peculiarly fitted. Soon he devoted himself almost exclusively to this branch of the law, and acquired and maintained a large and successful practice. In 1897 he formed a partnership with C. Schuyler Davis, which continued down to the time of his death. Osgood at all times fulfilled that most essential requirement of professional ethics — unselfish devotion to his clients' interests. No amount of time and labor was ever too great for him to give in this service. He was married September 13, 1888, to Catherine Rochester Mont-



gomery. He had two sons, Howard, 2nd (Harvard, 1911), and Harvey Montgomery.

**\*EDWARD EVERETT PARKER** \*1896

*Son of John Brooks and Angelina Davis (Hall) Parker; born at Salem, Massachusetts, December 9, 1852; prepared for college by James B. Gregg; died September 5, 1896.*

LEFT college in June, 1875. In October he entered the Boston University School of Oratory, completing the course in May, 1877. In 1878 adopted the stage as his profession. He was also a dramatic reader.

**HAROLD PARKER**

*Son of George Alanson and Harriet Newhall (Felton) Parker; born at Charlestown, Massachusetts, June 17, 1854; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

LEFT the Class early in the course. Is a civil engineer and railroad contractor, and as one or the other has been pretty much all over the United States. Has had for many years a general engineering office with headquarters in Clinton, Massachusetts; also consulting engineer in New York City. Is at present member and chairman of the Wachusett Mountain State Reservation Commission and chairman of the Massachusetts Forest Commission; was member and chairman of Massachusetts Highway Commission; also member of special commission on taxation of wild and forest lands. Has been president of Massachusetts Highway Association and president of the American Road Builders Association. Was for years chairman of the Road Commissioners and Water Commissioners of Lancaster, Massachusetts. Member of

the Legislature of 1898. Member of the American Society of Civil Engineers and of the Boston Society of Civil Engineers; also of the Union Club, Boston, and Engineers Club, Boston; Albany Club of Albany; Worcester Club of Worcester, Massachusetts; Chamber of Commerce, Boston.

Married in 1885 to Elizabeth Washburn Bartol. Children are Bartol, Elizabeth, and Cornelia Conway.

#### WILLIAM HENRY PARSONS

HAS not been heard from since graduation.

#### \*NELSON WILLIAM PERRY \*1898

*Son of Aaron F. and Elizabeth (Williams) Perry; born at Columbus, Ohio, May 22, 1853; prepared for college by William H. Orcutt.*

DIED from accidental poisoning in Brooklyn, New York, on March 27, 1898. He left college in his Sophomore year, but he had made a record as captain of a very successful Freshman Nine. A severe injury to his eye, received while catching behind the bat, before the mask was used, caused his withdrawal from college. He afterwards entered the Columbia School of Mines, graduating in 1878. He later did good work in the mining regions of the West and Mexico. For several years he was editor of "Electricity," and in 1893 was the editorial representative of the "Electrical World" at the Chicago Exposition. He was the author of several papers read before scientific bodies, and of the book "Electric Railway Motors." He left a widow and three sons.

#### \*CHARLES WARNER PLUMMER \*1908

*Son of Leander Allen and Elizabeth (Merrihew) Plummer; born at New Bedford, Mass., September 19, 1853.*

DIED at Mentone, France, February 25, 1908. He had been in Europe with his wife for his health for a number of months. After leaving college he worked in the factory of the New Bedford Cordage Company for a year, and then was employed in the office of that company, of which he has been president and general manager. He was married at Washington, District of Columbia, June 2, 1886, to Mary Child Barker.

"There came in February from Mentone the sad message which to those of us who knew him well seemed impossible, for his temperament was one which by its pluck seemed almost to defy death—to typify the adage 'Never say die.' Blessed with a sense of humor developed to a very unusual degree, or, to speak more truly, born in him fully developed apparently, whether life was prosperous or fate dealt unkind blows, he was always ready to meet whatever came with a wonderful cheerfulness, and nothing seemed to daunt him. He never 'lay down,' but was ever ready to parry adversity with a jest. This spirit was entirely typical of the man, and now it seems impossible to realize that we are never to enjoy his keen and original wit again. In college he stood alone as a type, and his humor never failed him,—a humor as wholesome and genial as it was keen. Never was it exercised unkindly. It hit hard, but never hurt or left a scar, and he has left behind him to all of us the legacy of his example as the Apostle of Cheerfulness."

FRANK MORRIS PORTER

HAS not been heard from since graduation.

\*JAMES DIXON ROMAN

\*1875

*Son of James Dixon and Louisa (Kennedy) Roman; born at Hagerstown, Maryland, June 8, 1854; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

At the end of the Junior year he died, in June, 1875, at his home in Hagerstown, Maryland. Roman was a man of great wit and intelligence, and of nice literary taste. He was a delightful companion and a true gentleman.

WILLIAM HENRY SMILEY

*Son of Henry Lyman and Mina Abigail Smiley; born at Malden, Massachusetts, April 28, 1854; graduated from Melrose (Massachusetts) High School, 1872; honorary degrees LL.D., University of Colorado, 1913; Litt.D., Colorado College, 1913; LL.D., University of Denver, 1914.*

MASTER of New Salem Academy, Franklin County, Massachusetts, 1877-80; St. John's Boys' School, Boston, 1880-81; Jarvis Hall, Denver, 1882-86. June 26, 1884, married Mary Sophia Chandler, of New Salem, Massachusetts. Teacher in East Denver High School, 1886-91; principal, 1892-1911; superintendent Denver Public Schools, 1912-15.

Member, Denver Art Commission, 1904-12; University, Mile High, and Artists' clubs; various teachers' associations; National Institute of Social Sciences; Council of the Denver Civic and Commercial Association; president since 1912 of the Educational Council of Colorado.

\*WALTER TAPPAN

\*1887

*Son of John Galison and Eliza Lawrence (Trask)*

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*Tappan; born at Boston, Massachusetts, September 15, 1854; prepared for college at Boston Latin School.*

WAS on the Dodd Brown Ranch at Hugo, Colorado, for about five years. During an Indian raid he volunteered to carry the news of the outbreak to the outlying posts, and, taking his life in his hands, made a plucky ride through the night, and successfully accomplished his undertaking in 1875. Was East during the summer of 1885, but returned West to the ranch in Colorado in the same year, and died in 1887.

### NATHAN AUGUSTUS TAYLOR

*Son of Adoniram Judson and Mary Ireland (Field) Taylor; born at Somerville, Massachusetts, November 2, 1855; prepared for college at Somerville High School.*

ENTERED the law office of O. S. Knapp in May, 1877. Admitted to the Suffolk Bar, February 16, 1880; for a while practised law, then went into a business office, and recently has been farming.

Married April 11, 1883, to Sarah Frances Proctor, daughter of George Proctor and Susan (McIntosh) Proctor. One daughter, Ethel Augusta Taylor, born November 6, 1884.

Still farming (1916).

### \*GARDNER THOMAS

\*1880

*Son of Lewis Sanford and Sarah Maria (Porter) Thomas; born at New York City, New York, May 25, 1854; prepared for college at St. Mark's, Southborough, Massachusetts.*

HE left college at the end of Sophomore year and secured a clerkship in the publishing house of D. Appleton & Co. He died of consumption in

New York, April 14, 1880. "He will be remembered by all who were fortunate enough to know him at Cambridge as a true friend, quiet, honorable, whole-souled, and manly."

\*ISAIAH THOMAS

\*1890

*Son of Benjamin Franklin and Mary Ann (Park) Thomas; born at Worcester, Massachusetts, September 24, 1855; prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.*

ON leaving college went into a mill to learn manufacturing practically, but his health being bad he moved to New Hampshire and settled at Parker's Station, Goffstown, where he engaged in raising fancy stock and Jersey cattle. He made an excellent name for the Lady Patriot Stock Farm. He died in 1890.

\*FRANK PEMBERTON WARD

\*1915

*Son of George Lee and Caroline Pepoon (Jenkins) Ward; born in Cambridge, Massachusetts, September 15, 1855.*

LEFT the Class of 1875 in Junior year and spent some years in Spain, Austria, Germany, and Russia, serving as an attaché in the United States Embassies. Returning in 1883, he was engaged for several years in newspaper work on the "World," and other papers in New York City, and as editor of a local paper in Brooklyn.

Died in Brooklyn, New York, February 9, 1915. The following memorial note was sent to Mrs. Ward from the American Bar Association:

"The Executive Committee of the American Bar Association has learned with deep regret of the



death of Frank P. Ward of Brooklyn, New York, and the committee directs the secretary to express to his family the sincere appreciation of its members for the interest which Mr. Ward exhibited in the activities of the Association, and for the faithfulness with which during his attendance at meetings of the Association, and in preparation therefor, he assisted the chairman of the Publicity Committee in transmitting accurate information to the press, and securing its interest in the publication thereof, as well as for the efficiency with which at the meetings themselves, he attended to details relating to the work of the local and public press. The committee recognizes the great difficulty of procuring anyone to fill the place with the interest, patience, uniform courtesy, and efficiency which he brought to his work."

He married January 18, 1902, Katherine Kendall, of Winchendon, Massachusetts.

#### GEORGE CURWIN WARD

*Son of Richard and Mary Ann (Ingalls) Ward; born at Malden, Massachusetts, March 19, 1855; prepared for college at J. Kendall's.*

HOMŒOPATHIC physician, practising first at Oakdale, later at South Yarmouth, Massachusetts, then at Sanbornton, New Hampshire. Now engaged chiefly in fruit growing.

#### JAMES EDWARD WELCH

HAS not been heard from since graduation.

#### \*JAMES HOWARD WELLES

\*1909

*Son of Thaddeus and Emily Maria (Kellog) Welles; born at Glastonbury, Connecticut, June 28, 1853;*



*fitted for college at St. Mark's School, Southborough, Massachusetts, and Phillips Exeter Academy.*

LEFT the Class of 1875 at the close of the Freshman year, and after an absence of one year reëntered college in the Class of 1876; remained six weeks, when he was compelled to leave by reason of sickness; after another year entered the Class of 1877, and remained until the Senior year, when he left on account of the death of his father. In June, 1905, received the degree of A.B. out of course as of the Class of 1875.

Studied law in the office of Judge William W. Hammersley and was admitted to the Connecticut Bar in 1880. From 1880 to 1884 paper manufacturer; 1886 to 1889 assistant secretary and treasurer of the International Company of Mexico, until it was dissolved by the sale and transfer of its affairs to the Mexican Colonization Company of London, England. In May, 1890, became paying teller at the Uncas National Bank, Norwich, Connecticut, and in 1896, cashier, which position he held till his death. Was a trustee of the Dime Savings Bank at Norwich, the William W. Backus Hospital, the Eliza Huntington Home, and for many years vestryman of Christ's Church.

Was a member of the Harvard Club of New York, and of the Norwich Arcanum, Norwich Golf, and Chelsea Boat Clubs, of Norwich.

"He was a man in whose company others liked to be; a winning personality, manly, sympathetic, and loyal; always enthusiastic about his friends, without a trace of envy or malice. He had long wished for a college degree, which accident and misfortune had prevented him from taking in regular course, and when the degree A.B. was granted him out of

course upon the petition of his classmates and friends, he received it with the greatest joy and satisfaction."

He died suddenly after an operation for appendicitis at Norwich, June 30, 1909.

Married October 6, 1881, at Norwich, Connecticut, to Mary Elizabeth Wait, who died there in April, 1913. Children: Philip Turner, born May 8, 1883; Samuel, February 4, 1885, died March 13, 1888; Russell, November 16, 1891; Winifred, January 26, 1893.

### BENJAMIN WILLIS WELLS

*Son of Thomas Goodwin and Elizabeth Sewall (Willis) Wells; born at Walpole, New Hampshire, January 31, 1856; prepared for college in the Brookline Public Schools.*

TOOK his degree of A.B., 1877; went immediately to Berlin, studied there till 1879, and returning took a Ph.D. degree at Harvard, 1880. Was appointed fellow of Johns Hopkins University, and in 1881 instructor in modern languages at the Friends' School, Providence, Rhode Island. This position he resigned in 1887, and passed four years in study at Jena, Berlin, Munich, and Paris. Returning to America he was appointed professor of modern languages in the University of the South, Sewanee, Tennessee, a position which he resigned in 1899. From 1899 till 1912 he was on the editorial staff of "The Churchman." He then retired from active work and has devoted himself to study, chiefly in Latin and Greek life and literature. He has contributed many articles to journals, among which the following are the chief: "Translations of the American Philological Association," 1881, 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886,

1887; "Die Anglia," Leipsic; "The Evening Post," New York; "The Historical Review," London; "The Church Eclectic," Utica, New York; "Political Science Quarterly," New York; "The Sewanee Review," "Modern Language Notes," "The Bookman," "The Forum," "The Book Buyer," "The Chautauquan," "The Constructive Quarterly." He has edited the following texts with critical introductions and notes: *French*: Zola, "La Débâcle," 1894; Daudet, "Le Nabab," 1895; Labiche, "Le Voyage de Monsieur Perrichon," 1895; Augier, "Le Gendre de Monsieur Poirier," 1896; Labiche, "Moi," 1896; Scribe, "Bataille de Dames" and "La Camaraderie," 1896; Banville, "Gringoire," and Halévy, "L'Été de la Saint-Martin," 1896; Dumas fils, "La Question d'Argent," 1897; Coppée, "Le Luthier" and "Le Trésor," 1897, and others; Augier, "Le Fils de Giboyer," 1897; Labiche, "La Poudre aux Yeux," 1897. *German*: Schiller, "Die Jungfrau von Orleans," 1889; Benedix, "Plautus und Terenz" and "Die Sonntagsjäger," 1896; Moser, "Köpnickerstrasse, 120," 1897; Benedix and Wilhelmi, "Three German Comedies," 1897; Monser, "Der Bibliothekar," 1897; and others. He has published, also, three volumes of literary criticism: "Modern German Literature," 1895; "Modern French Literature," 1896; "A Century of French Fiction," 1898. He was a member of the National Committee of Twelve of the Modern Language Association, and of the Modern Language Committee of the Association of Southern Schools and Colleges.

A son, Frederic Lyman, is assistant in pathological psychology at the McLean Hospital, Waverley,

Massachusetts. Another son, Henry Willis, is a Junior at Amherst.

## BARRETT WENDELL

*Son of Jacob and Mary Bertodi (Barrett) Wendell; born at Boston, August 23, 1855; prepared for college at private schools in New York, lastly at that of Mr. John Goldthwaite Adams.*

Took his degree of A.B., 1877. Studied law one year at the Harvard Law School; one year in the office of Anderson and Howland, New York; one year in that of Shattuck, Holmes, and Munroe, Boston. In 1880 appointed instructor in English at Harvard College. Except for a part of the year 1881-82 has taught there ever since. Assistant professor of English from September, 1888; professor of English, 1898. Publications: "The Duchess Emilia," 1885; "Rankell's Remains," 1887; "English Composition" (Lowell Institute Lectures), 1891; "Cotton Mather" (Makers of America Series), 1891; "Stelligeri and Other Essays concerning America," 1893; "William Shakespeare, a Study in Elizabethan Literature," 1894; "Raleigh in Guiana," a play in the Elizabethan manner, acted by invitation of the Department of English, in Sanders Theatre, Harvard College, March 22, 1897; "A Literary History of America," 1900; "Raleigh in Guiana," 1902; "The Temper of the Seventeenth Century in English Literature," 1904; "A History of Literature in America" (with C. N. Greenough), 1904; "Liberty, Union and Democracy, the National Ideals of America" (Lowell Institute Lectures), 1906; "The France of Today" (Lowell Institute Lectures), 1907; "The Privileged Classes," 1908; "The

Mystery of Education," 1909, and a few occasional articles in "Scribner's Magazine," the "Harvard Monthly," the "Boston Transcript," and elsewhere. Trustee of the Boston Athenæum for some years; fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, 1889; member of the Massachusetts Historical Society, 1893. Clubs: Somerset, Tavern, and Wednesday Evening, in Boston; Colonial, in Cambridge; Century, in New York. Was in Europe during the summers of 1877, 1880, 1888, and 1891, and with family on "sabbatical" vacation during the academic year 1894-95. In California and elsewhere in the West during the summer of 1886. Lectured at the University of California during the summer term of 1901. In 1902-03 represented Harvard University at the 300th Anniversary of the Bodleian Library at Oxford, and was Clark Lecturer at Trinity College, Cambridge, England; during the winter of that year went to Egypt. In 1904-05 was the first of the annual lecturers in the Hyde Foundation at the Sorbonne and other French universities. In 1911 went around the world, travelling in India, China, and Japan.

Married, June 1, 1880, Edith, daughter of William Wintwell and Catharine Scollay (Curtis) Greenough, at Quincy, Massachusetts. Children: Barrett, born April 19, 1881; Mary Barrett, born February 17, 1883; William Greenough, born November 11, 1888; Edith, born September 5, 1893.

His daughter Mary Barrett Wendell was married at New Castle, New Hampshire, September 8, 1902, to Geoffrey M. Wheelock (Harvard, 1901), of Boston. Their only child, Thomas Gordon Wheelock, was born in Boston, January 22, 1904.

Since the autumn of 1904 they have lived in Shanghai, China.

His son Barrett Wendell, Jr., Harvard, 1902, who was captain of the Harvard Nine in his Senior year, is secretary of the Class of 1902. He married, at Beverly, Massachusetts, June 18, 1910, Barbara, daughter of Francis Lee Higginson, of Boston. Children: Barbara, born April 13, 1911; Barrett, born July 12, 1913; Francis Lee Higginson, born January 14, 1916.

His son William Greenough Wendell (Harvard, 1909), married, at Ipswich, Massachusetts, October 7, 1914, Ruth, daughter of Francis Randall Appleton, of New York. Child: Francis Appleton, born July 12, 1915.

His daughter Edith Wendell was married in Boston, January 18, 1913, to Charles Devens Osborne (Harvard, 1910), son of Thomas Mott Osborne, of Auburn, New York. Child: Agnes Devens, born November 6, 1915.

#### ADDISON HERBERT WETHERBEE

HAS not been heard from since graduation.

#### \*KENDRICK WHEELER

\*1912

*Son of Frederick Gridley and Katherine (Kendrick) Wheeler; born at Brooklyn, New York, February 8, 1852; prepared for college by Professor William Kinne, Ithaca, New York.*

FOR two years after leaving college his health would not permit him to engage in any active business. February, 1878, joined engineering corps engaged in constructing the western extension of the New York & New England Railroad; remained with



them until January, 1881. Then travelled for different firms until the fall of 1889, covering most of the country from New Brunswick to Kansas. In 1890 went into the electric business with the Thomson-Houston Electric Company. After constructing two roads in Pittsburg, remained with the last one, and was connected with the Pittsburg, Allegheny & Manchester Traction Company, Allegheny, Pennsylvania.

He died March 29, 1912, at Brentwood, New York.

**\*JOHN WIGGINS**

\*1894

*Son of Charles and Virginia (Mulligan) Wiggins; born at St. Louis, Missouri, August 16, 1854; prepared for college at Phillips Andover Academy.*

HE left college at the beginning of Senior year to attend the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia College), from which he was graduated in March, 1879. Was house surgeon at Charity Hospital, Blackwell's Island, New York City, from October, 1879, to April, 1881. Practised medicine in St. Louis and in Cincinnati until 1889. Was president of Tucson Land & Live Stock Company, of Texas. Died November, 1894.

**WILLIAM LE MOYNE WILLS**

*Son of John Alexander and Charlotte (Le Moyne) Wills; born at Washington, Pennsylvania, August 10, 1853; prepared for college by Samuel Brearly, Jr.*

HAD an attack of pneumonia in Freshman year which necessitated absence, but work of year was finished in September and intended continuing course in Class of 1877. Plans changed and after three years as cowboy in Colorado, with health reestablished,



studied medicine and graduated at University of Pennsylvania in 1882. After serving as interne for a year in hospital at Pittsburg, settled in Los Angeles in 1883. Was one of the pioneers of the Medical Department of the University of Southern California, established in Los Angeles in 1885, and was professor of descriptive and surgical anatomy since its foundation until 1903, then professor of clinical surgery until 1909, when connection with college ceased. Is a member of County, Southern California District, and California State Medical societies and has been president of each. Is a fellow of the American College of Surgeons. Has served on the Los Angeles City Board of Education two terms; City Board of Health, and has been a member of the State Board of Health for the past thirteen years. Is referee for Southern California for Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company of Newark, New Jersey, and examiner for other life insurance companies. Is a charter member of California and Sunset clubs, member and past president of Harvard and University of Pennsylvania clubs of Southern California, and member of University Club of Los Angeles.

Has published only medical and surgical papers, among them: "Experiments in Lung Surgery," 1892; "Hernia," 1893, 1897, 1898; "Report of Cases of External Drainage of Lung Cavities," American Medical Association, 1900, and monographs on operative bone surgery since.

In 1904 was married to Susan G. Patton of Los Angeles, California. Have no children.

#### GEORGE EDWARD WOODBERRY

*Son of Henry Elliot and Sarah Dane (Tuck) Wood-*

*berry; born at Beverly, Massachusetts, May 12, 1855; prepared for college at the Beverly High School and Phillips Exeter Academy.*

Took degree of A.B., 1877. In 1877-78 was acting professor of English literature and history in the University of Nebraska; in 1878-79 assistant editor of the "Nation" in New York City; in 1879-80 engaged in private literary work in Beverly and Cambridge; in 1880-81 professor of rhetoric and Anglo-Saxon in the University of Nebraska; in 1881-82 professor of English language and literature in the same institution; in 1882-91 engaged in private literary work in Beverly, Massachusetts; in 1891-1904 professor of literature (later title, comparative literature) in Columbia College; in 1883-1916 trustee of the Beverly Public Library; president of Beverly Historical Society. In 1885, 1888, 1891, and later years after 1904 was abroad. Has published several books and contributed to various periodicals. Has served in several Democratic conventions, and was once the Democratic candidate for representative to the Massachusetts General Court from Beverly.

Publications: "A History of Wood-Engraving," 1883; "Edgar Allan Poe," 1885; "Studies in Letters and Life," 1890; "The North Shore Watch and Other Poems," 1890; "Heart of Man," 1899; "Wild Eden," 1899; "Makers of Literature," 1900; "Nathaniel Hawthorne," 1902; "Collected Poems," 1903; "America in Literature," 1903 (translated into French, 1909); "Swinburne," 1905; "The Torch," 1905; "Great Writers," 1907; "Emerson," 1907; "Appreciation of Literature," 1907; "Edgar Allan Poe," 2 vols., 1909; "In-

spiration of Poetry," 1910; "The Flight," 1914; "North Africa," 1914.

Edited: "The Complete Poetical Works of Shelley," 4 vols. (Centenary ed.), 1894; "The Complete Works of Edgar Allan Poe," 10 vols., 1895; "The Essays of Elia," 2 vols., 1892; "Selected Poems of Aubrey de Vere," 1894; "The Essays of Bacon," 1900; "Tennyson's Princess," 1897; "The Complete Poetical Works of Shelley," 1 vol. (Cambridge ed.), 1901; "Columbia University Studies in Literature," 4 vols., 1899-1901; "National Studies in American Literature," 4 vols., 1899-1901. Also many volumes in later years.

Contributions to magazines and papers and privately printed books not included.

Either belongs, or has belonged, to Beverly Historical Society, Archæological Institute of America, Modern Language Association, Dante Society, National Institute of Arts and Letters, American Academy of Arts and Letters, American Academy of Arts and Sciences, Royal Society of Literature (honorary fellow), Dialect Society, Puritan Club, the Players, the Century Association, the City Club of New York, Harvard Club of New York. In college the Athenæum, Signet, and O. K., and the Advocate.

LAWRENCE SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL



## LAWRENCE SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

### BANCROFT CHANDLER DAVIS

*Son of Hasbrouck and Martha (Whiting) Davis; born at Watertown, Massachusetts, June 5, 1853.*

LEFT Lawrence Scientific School on account of illness and went to California. Lived for three years in California, Arizona, and the Sandwich Islands, and then for three years in Europe, making headquarters at Berlin, Germany. Studied law and admitted to practice.

« Married Anne Hubbard, of Weston, Massachusetts, November 29, 1882.

Children: Mabel Davis, born October 30, 1883; Martha H. Davis, born September 17, 1885.

### EDWARDS ROBERTS

*Son of James Adams and Mary Augusta (French) Roberts; born at Andover, Massachusetts, June 11, 1855.*

WENT to Europe in July, 1876, and contributed from there articles to "Harper's Monthly" and "Appleton's Magazine." In 1878 visited Mexico. In 1880 visited the Southern States. In 1881 moved to Colorado, and for a time was editor of Colorado Springs "Gazette." From 1882 to 1886 was correspondent of Boston "Herald," New York "Post," San Francisco "Chronicle," and contributor to "Harper's Monthly" and "Weekly," London "Art Journal" and "Graphic," and several other publications. In 1885 published "With the Invader," a study of New Mexico, Arizona, and Mexico. In 1886 published "Santa Barbara," and in 1888 "Shoshone," both descriptive of the West, and the



latter, published by Harper & Brothers, having a preface by Charles Francis Adams. Since 1886 has given but little attention to literary work beyond occasional publications in "Pall Mall Magazine" and "Harper's Weekly," but has been mostly engaged in financial operations.

ADDED BY  
VOTE OF CLASS COMMITTEE

FEBRUARY 23, 1909

ARTHUR FRENCH CLARKE

*Born at Swampscott, Massachusetts, August 14, 1849; educated in public schools; Boston English High School, Class of 1867; special student Trinity College, 1872-73, Class of 1875; special student Lawrence Scientific School, 1873-74, rated Class of 1876.*

WITH Connecticut River Survey, 1873 (summer); with C. T. Brues, Wheeling, West Virginia, 1874-81; with Priest Paget Co., Boston, Massachusetts, 1881 to date.

The latter company are agents for the Howe Scale Co., of Rutland, Vermont, and I have been concerned with the selling and construction of scales large and small.

Married on October 1, 1878, to Mary Rice Leslie, of Newton Lower Falls, Massachusetts.

Children: Read Rice, born July 20, 1879, died April 3, 1881; Hermann Frederick, born March 29, 1882.

Member of: Lawrence Scientific Association, Association Harvard Engineers, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, Harvard Musical Associa-

tion, Harvard Club of Boston, Economic Club of Boston, Bostonian Society, Massachusetts Society Sons American Revolution, Bunker Hill Monument Association, Reade Society, Brookline Historical Society, Alpha Delta Phi Fraternity (Phi Kappa Chapter).

### CHARLES FREDERIC MABERY

*Born at New Gloucester, Maine, January 13, 1831; early education in the public schools and academies in Maine.*

DURING five years taught in these institutions. In 1872 married to Frances A. Lewis. One child, who died in infancy. In 1873 came to the Harvard Summer School. Assistant in chemistry and in charge of Summer School in Chemistry 1873-83. Degree of Bachelor of Science, Harvard, 1876, and degree of Doctor of Science in 1881. Professor of chemistry, Case School of Applied Science, Cleveland, Ohio, in 1883-1911. Professor emeritus, 1911. Continuous publications during forty years in American and foreign literature on subjects of research, electric smelting, and various subjects in organic chemistry. Special subjects, petroleum, lubricants, and lubrication.

At present engaged on the chemical evidence of the origin of petroleum and its relations to coal and natural asphalts.

Member of American Academy of Arts and Sciences, American Philosophical Society, and various chemical societies at home and abroad.

### SETH PERKINS

*Lawrence Scientific School, 1876.*

AFTER graduation, joined the force of engineers

having in charge the construction of an additional water supply for the city of Boston. During the latter part of 1877 was transferred to the office of the city engineer of the city of Boston, in the department formed for the purpose of designing an improved system of sewerage. Continued at this during the designing and the construction of the system, which was completed January, 1884.

In 1884-87 was executive engineer of the Boston main drainage works.

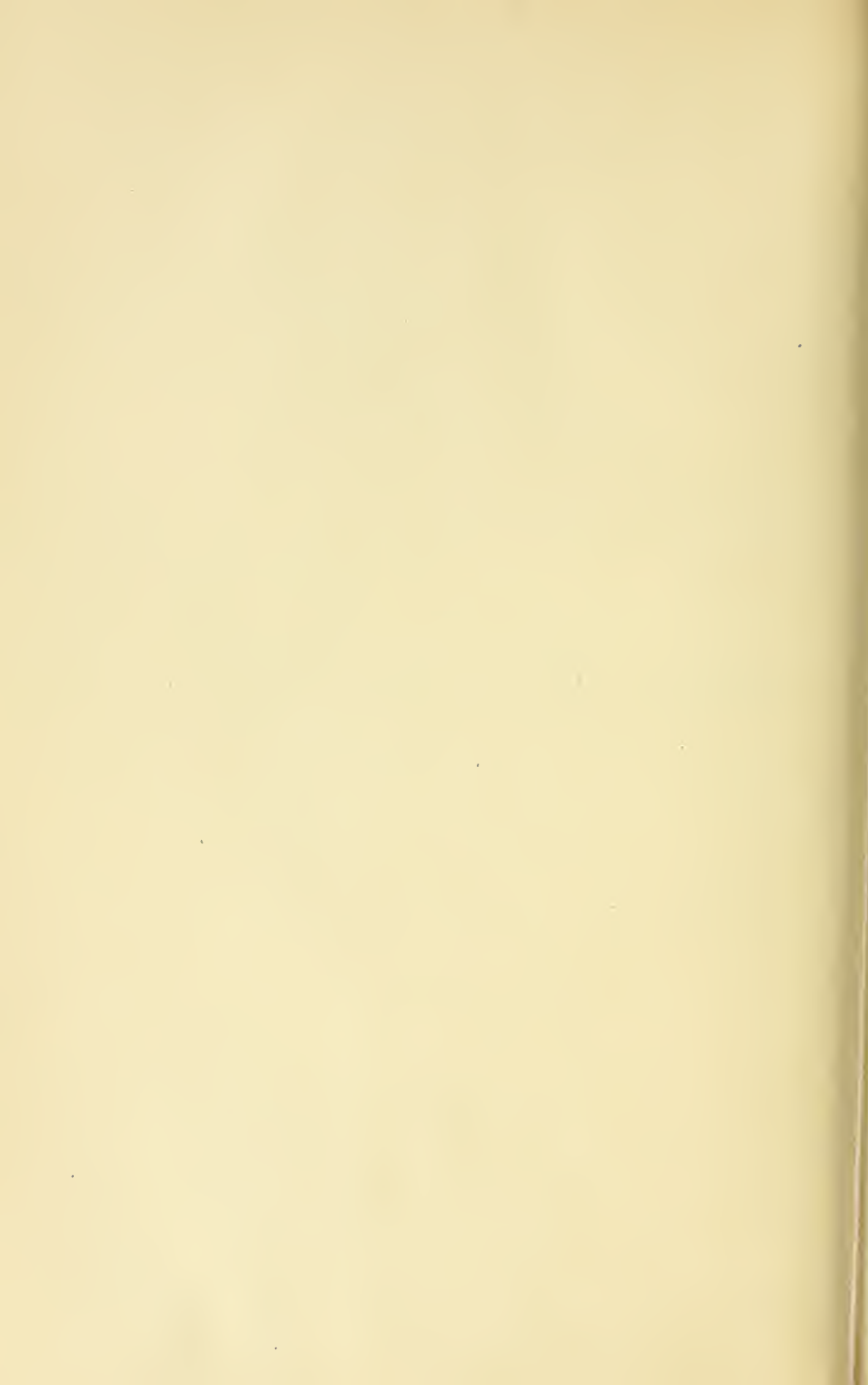
In 1887-89 was head of the sewer department, city of Boston.

In 1889-1909 was consulting engineer and contractor, having headquarters at Boston, Massachusetts, building a large number of bridges, piers, and reservoirs in and about Boston, together with railroad work and dredging operations for the United States Government.

In January, 1909, took a contract for the construction of a canal along the east coast of Florida, completed this work in the spring of 1913, since which time have been located in St. Augustine, Florida, doing business as consulting engineer and contractor.

Married Margaret Frances Scott, of St. John, New Brunswick, and have three children: Alva Harold Perkins, Harvard, 1906; Florence Genevieve (Perkins) Warnock; Seth Perkins, Jr.

## CLASS MEETINGS



## CLASS MEETINGS

AT a meeting of the Class, held at Hollis 19, on Commencement Day, June 20, 1912, a letter from John T. Wheelwright was read, resigning the office of Class Secretary. His resignation was accepted with regret. Emor H. Harding was elected to fill the vacancy.

Hollis 19 has continued to be the meeting place for the Class on Commencement Days.





## FINANCIAL STATEMENT



JOHN T. WHEELWRIGHT, Secretary, in account with  
the Class of 1876:

May 15, 1908, to November 14, 1912

*Receipts*

Balance: Cash on hand, May 15, 1908	\$407.20
Subscriptions to Class Fund	1160.00
Proceeds of sale of \$200 C. B. & Q. R.R. Co. 4% Bond	200.00
Interest from investments	121.75
Interest on deposits	22.97
	<u>\$1911.92</u>

*Payments*

Subscriptions to Harvard Alumni Association	\$200.00
Printing Class Report, 1908	268.66
Dinners: 1909	\$228.60
1911	386.08
	614.68
Commencement lunches and expenses:	
1908	\$112.14
1909	103.01
1910	109.38
1911	126.90
1912	122.51
	573.94
Sundry expenses	120.76
Cash on hand, November 14, 1912	
State Street Trust Co.	133.88
	<u>\$1911.92</u>

*Audited and approved*

HARCOURT AMORY

EMOR H. HARDING, Secretary, in account with the  
Class of 1876:

November 14, 1912, to June 1, 1916

*Receipts*

Balance: Cash on hand, Nov. 14, 1912	\$133.88
Subscriptions to Class Fund:	
49 subscribers	\$4435.00
Unpaid	275.00
	4160.00
Proceeds of sale of 5 shares Fitchburg R.R. Co., preferred	398.12
Dividends of 5 shares Fitchburg R.R. Co., preferred	50.00
Interest on deposits	20.65
	<u>\$4762.65</u>

*Payments*

Subscription to Harvard Alumni Association	\$25.00
Commencement lunches and expenses:	
1913	\$95.77
1914	96.96
1915	92.48
	285.21
Sundry expenses	55.89
Cash on hand, June 1, 1916	
State Street Trust Co.	4396.55
	<u>\$4762.65</u>

*Audited and approved*

HARCOURT AMORY

## MARRIAGES

- Abercrombie*—*Emily Foote Brainerd*, December 23, 1878  
*Amory*—*Gertrude Lowndes Chase*, April 18, 1891  
*Barnes*—\**Eda Macy Austin*, July 14, 1881; *Frances Isabel Morris*, October 13, 1887  
*Barrows*—*Jeanie Elizabeth Rayner*, September 19, 1889  
\**Bell*—*Ragna Hoegh*, December 3, 1902  
*Bennett*—*Mary Cordelia Anderson*, January 26, 1881  
*Berry*—*Ellen Mary Brown*, March 1, 1881  
*Bicknell*—*Elizabeth Healey*, June 20, 1887  
\**Black*—*Rogers*, September 12, 1876  
*Bolan*—\**Mary Eliza Willet*, July 2, 1878; *Martha Luetta Choate*, ———, 1912  
*Boutell*—*Euphemia Gates*, December 29, 1880  
*Bowditch*—\**Mary Rice*, January 8, 1880  
*Bradley, R. S.*—*Leslie Newell*, December 15, 1881  
*Bradley, W. M.*—*Anne Patience Waterhouse*, October 22, 1896  
\**Brown*—\**Margaret Coleman Peace*, October 8, 1879; *Virginia Carroll Whelen*, June 17, 1895  
\**Brownlow*—\**Emma Linda Bonney*, June 20, 1894  
*Bullard*—*Frances Emily Schmidt*, September 27, 1893  
*Burbank*—*Clara Maria Foster*, March 25, 1879  
*Burnham*—*Fanny Holcomb*, September 13, 1887  
*Chapin*—*Roberta Mott*, April 25, 1889  
*Chase, F. E.*—*Jennie Campbell Frazier*, July 2, 1912  
\**Chase, W. L.*—*Mary Greenough*, September 26, 1876  
\**Cleaves*—*Emmie S. Nelson*, July 18, 1882  
\**Clymer*—*Katharine McCall Livingstone*, June 1, 1882  
\**Collins*—*Florence Nelson Gaston*, July 5, 1883  
*Culbreth*—*Clara Snowden*, November 4, 1891  
*Cumming*—*Lucy Kittredge*, June 2, 1901  
*Curtis*—*Mrs. Lisa De Wolfe (née Colt) Rotch*, June 6, 1897  
*Davis, S.*—*Helen M. Goldthwait*, November 12, 1884

- Davis, W.*—*Sally White Holyoke*, June 26, 1878  
*DeFriese*—*Sarah Kathryn Johnson*, August 30, 1876  
 \**Dickinson*—*Esther D. Goodridge*, July 2, 1879  
*Du Bois*—*Mary Hurlbut Miles*, June 12, 1879  
 \**Duff*—*Louise Bell Shepley*, February 9, 1879  
 \**Dyer*—\*  
     \**Georgianna D. Dunham*, ———, 1912  
*Eaton*—*Adelia A. Woodman*, December 26, 1879  
*Ernst*—*Ellen Lunt Frothingham*, September 20, 1883  
*Finck*—*Abbie Helen Cushman*, October 17, 1890  
 \**Fisher*—*Marie M. Johnson*, October 9, 1889  
*Flint*—\**Abbie A. Pratt*, November 19, 1889; *Annie C. Hubbard*, March 7, 1912  
*Gaff*—*Zaidee Ellis*, November 14, 1883  
*Gardiner*—*Alice Bangs*, June 23, 1881  
*Giles*—\**Sarah Hayward Backus*, January 2, 1888; *Mary Courtland Vanderbeck*, June 18, 1903  
*Gopsill*—*Isabella S. Ross*, December 7, 1882  
*Gove*—*Aroline Chase Pinkham*, January 5, 1882  
*Grandin*—*Throckmorton*, July 15, 1880  
 \**Green, G. W.*—*Harriet Broadhead Atwater*, September 30, 1880  
*Green, H.*—*Leila M. Sacia*, July 9, 1909  
*Greene*—*Jessie Allen Hall*, December 5, 1888  
*Harding*—*Helen Beal Hall*, May 25, 1887  
 \**Harris*—*Ida Content Kibbee*, July 4, 1874  
 \**Harrison*—*Carrie Andrews*, October 27, 1880  
 \**Hastings*—\**Harriet Ferneaux Clark Bolles*, October 12, 1882  
 \**Hinkley*—*Stearns*, January 13, 1887  
 \**Hoar, R.*—*Christine Rice*, June 1, 1893  
*Hobson*—*Constance Euphemie Michel*, January 24, 1906  
 \**Holman*—\**Stetson*, September 7, 1880; *Ida Lusk*, May 10, 1893  
*Isham*—*Mary Lincoln*, September 2, 1891  
*Ives*—*May Manley Creamer*, April 10, 1879  
 \**Jackson*—*Catharine Ellis*, October 9, 1883

- Jacobs*—*Rosilla Baker Hipsen*, August 27, 1884  
*Jaques*—*Gertrude Burlingame*, August 4, 1880; *Caroline Parsons Ware*, March 5, 1889  
 \* *Jecko*—*Wynne*, June 25, 1878  
*Joy*—\* *Torrey*, June 11, 1879  
*Kendall*—*Grace Eliot Endicott*, July 14, 1897  
 \* *Kidder*—*Carrie Edith Farnsworth*, February 9, 1881  
*Kittredge*—*Mattison*, October 7, 1890  
 \* *Leland*—*Susan Gridley Alvord*, April 25, 1882  
*Long*—*Katharine Hare*, March 21, 1892  
 \* *Lowell, F. C.*—*Cornelia Prime Baylies*, November 27, 1882  
*Lowell, P.*—*Constance S. Keith*, June 10, 1908  
 \* *MacArthur*—*Rose Winston*, May 18, 1887  
*McDuffie*—*Howard*, May 19, 1881  
 \* *McMartin*—*Mary C. Cole*, November 16, 1882  
*Manning*—\* *Angeline True Clarke*, September 27, 1877  
 \* *Mills*—*Elgitha Wyckoff*, September 20, 1882  
 \* *Morgan*—*Sarah L. Cutler*, March 28, 1878  
*Morse*—*Isabella Jeannette Benn*, June 27, 1883  
 \* *Newberry*—*Emma Paige Eells*, November 11, 1880  
 \* *Nickerson*—*Ellen Floyd Touzalin*, November 12, 1892  
*Olmsted*—*Clara A. Morgan*, March 12, 1879  
*Otis*—*Alice Dexter Fay*, February 12, 1884  
 \* *Page*—*Mary Louise Pease*, December 27, 1877  
 \* *Peckham*—\* *Ayer*, January 2, 1873; *Ella S. Stanton*, July 8, 1891  
 \* *Peirce*—*Isabella Turnbull Landreth*, July 27, 1882  
*Richards, D. J.*—*Esther Coffin Loring*, February 14, 1878  
*Richards, W. P.*—*Alice Sarah Goodale*, November 9, 1881  
*Sampson*—*Agnes Yarnall*, June 12, 1890  
*Sargent, G. A.*—*Sally Prince Osgood*, April 12, 1893  
*Sargent, Henry*—*Lydia Langdon Walton Hughs*, October 24, 1877  
 \* *Seligman*—*Florence Einstein*, May 4, 1893  
*Silver*—\* *Moore*, October 3, 1883; *Hearne*, November 2, 1891  
 \* *Sleeper*—*Hyde*, July 30, 1887



- \* *Stetson*—*Edith Holland Lobdell*, April 17, 1879
- Stevens*—*Minerva F. Bennett*, August 22, 1893
- \* *Stickney*—*Genevieve Street Erwin*, September 12, 1890
- Stiles*—*Harriet Homan Goodwin*, September 10, 1884
- Stimson*—\**Elizabeth Bradlee Abbot*, June 2, 1881; *Mabel Ashhurst*, November 12, 1902
- \* *Strong*—*Mary Washburn Baker*, October 9, 1884
- Talbot*—*Alice Bradford Spring*, October 5, 1887
- Thompson*—\**Florence G. Peck*, April 11, 1889
- Thwing*—\**Carrie F. Butler*, September 18, 1879; *Mary Gardiner Dunning*, December 22, 1906
- Twombly*—*Case*, November 25, 1880
- Tyng*—\**Blanche E. Fowler*, October 24, 1889
- Wambaugh*—*Anna Sarah Hemphill*, April 7, 1881
- \* *Ward*, S. G.—*Frances Lydia Botts*, January 5, 1881
- Ware*—*Harriet Pierce Long*, June 30, 1881
- \* *Weld*—*Ellen Winchester*, June 23, 1886
- Wellman*—\**Cora Allen*, ———, 1879; \**Edith Watson*, ———, 1891; *Emma Fuch*, ———, 1894; *Katherine Gobre*, 1912
- \* *Wheelwright*, E. M.—*Elizabeth Boot Brooks*, June 18, 1887
- Wheelwright*, J. T.—*Mabel de Lano Merriam*, October 19, 1907
- \* *Williams*—*Belma Curtis Wright*, June 14, 1883
- \* *Winslow*—*Judith White Stevenson*, June 2, 1892
- Witherle*—*Caroline Muzzey Dresser*, August 1, 1901

#### TEMPORARY MEMBERS

- Andrews*—*Irene Filtsch*, April 30, 1879
- \* *Atkinson*—*Harriet Elizabeth Warfield*, January 17, 1878
- \* *Baldwin*—\**Elizabeth A. Merritt*, December 27, 1883; *Isabel E. Douglas*, April 29, 1895
- \* *Bellamy*—*Imogen Augusta Cooper*, October 14, 1879
- Boynton*—*Julia Norton Parsons*, June 11, 1891
- \* *Davis*, E. W.—*Maria Hunter Steuart*, November 30, 1880
- Fuller*—*Ellen Minot*, November 19, 1884

- Griffin—Lippmann, May 7, 1884*  
*Hodges—Maud McKnight, December 6, 1893*  
*Humason—\*Florence Minerva Cole, October 15, 1884;*  
*Mrs. Grace Langdon Sturgis, October 14, 1915*  
*\*Kebler—Leonard, November 1, 1877*  
*Kerr—Eugenia Slataper, November 4, 1877*  
*\*Lowell, C.—Beatrice Kate Hardcastle, November 12, 1885*  
*Lufkin—Bremond, November 29, 1877*  
*Lynn—Sneathen, ———, 1879*  
*Mercur—\*Jessie Corinne Hildreth, November 11, 1896*  
*\*Morris, W. R.—Mary Richardson, September 10, 1890*  
*\*Nichols—Elsie Quincy, November 3, 1891*  
*\*Osgood—Katharine Rochester Montgomery, September 13,*  
*1888*  
*Parker, H.—Elizabeth Washburn Bartol, July 29, 1884*  
*\*Perry—Stokes, December 12, 1878*  
*\*Plummer—Mary Child Barker, June 2, 1886*  
*Smiley—May S. Chandler, June 26, 1884*  
*Taylor—Sarah Frances Proctor, April 11, 1883*  
*\*Thomas, I.—Lane, December 27, 1885*  
*Ward, F. P.—Katherine Kendall, January 18, 1902*  
*Ward, G. C.—Lucy E. Gilman, October 18, 1882*  
*\*Welles—Wait, October 6, 1881*  
*Wells—Lena Lyman, July 3, 1883*  
*Wendell—Edith Greenough, June 1, 1880*  
*\*Wiggins—Jewett, December 20, 1882*  
*Wills—Susan G. Patton, ———, 1904*

#### LAWRENCE SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

- Davis, B. C.—Anne Hubbard, November 29, 1882*  
*Roberts—Beatrice Fernald, July 28, 1886*

#### ADDED BY VOTE OF CLASS COMMITTEE

- Clarke—Mary Rice Leslie, October 1, 1878*  
*Mabery—Frances A. Lewis, 1872*  
*Perkins—Margaret Frances Scott, ———, ———*

## BIRTHS

### *Abercrombie*

Edith Brainerd, October 21, 1879  
Ralph, August 28, 1881  
Esther Greenleaf, November 12, 1884 (Wellesley, 1907)  
Daniel Webster, Jr., October 31, 1887

### *Amory*

Gertrude Livingston, June 28, 1892  
Harcourt, July 7, 1894  
John Singleton, March 14, 1900

### *Barnes*

Emily Weed, April 25, 1882; \*June 16, 1882  
Emily Weed, April 2, 1889  
Jean Morris, March 17, 1893

### *Barrows*

Eunice, December 12, 1898

### *Bennett*

Helen, December 18, 1881  
Juliet, May 27, 1883  
Edith, October 5, 1884  
Mabel, February 19, 1886  
Georgia, April 15, 1887  
Marie, September 24, 1888; \*December 23, 1888  
Gladys, January 22, 1891  
Marcus Percival, Jr., September 24, 1900; \*January  
26, 1904

### *Berry*

Harold Hail, May 14, 1883 (Harvard, 1904)  
Stanton King, August 10, 1889  
Francis Brown, May 13, 1892 (Harvard, 1914)  
John King, Jr., January 17, 1898

*\*Black*

Stanley, June 20, 1877; \*August —, 1879  
Margaret, May 23, 1880  
Chester, April —, 1883; \*April —, 1884  
McCully, November 18, 1884; \*June —, 1885  
Horace, April 15, 1886

*Bolan*

Charles Joel, June 5, 1879; \*December 29, 1879  
Bertha Louise, March 20, 1881; \*August 1, 1894  
Harry Rich, September 27, 1882 (Harvard, 1905)

*Boutell*

Roger Sherman Gates, October 21, 1881  
Hugh Gates, March 9, 1890  
Alice Gates, September 3, 1891

*Bowditch*

Margaret Ingersoll, April 4, 1881  
Mary Orne, December 6, 1883  
Rosamond, May 2, 1889

*Bradley, R. S.*

Robert Stow, Jr., October 26, 1883; \*November 18,  
1907 (Harvard, 1907)  
Rosamond, July 9, 1888  
Leslie, March 24, 1890  
Frances, October 21, 1895

*Bradley, W. M.*

George, September 2, 1897  
Patience, May 7, 1899; \*March 21, 1904

*\*Brown*

Margaret Coleman, May —, 1880; \*June —, 1880  
Coleman Peace, March 21, 1883

*\*Brownlow*

Two children who died in infancy

*Bullard*

John Anson, 2d, December 30, 1902

*Burbank*

William Henry, Jr., December 28, 1880; \*———, ——  
Theodora  
Mary Augusta, September 15, 1884  
Monica  
Foster Cloyes  
Kendall Brooks

*Burnham*

Westley Saville, December 21, 1888  
Sarah Hull, April 17, 1891; \*July 30, 1897  
Mary Douglass, April 8, 1893; \*January 17, 1894  
Francis Holcomb, May 27, 1896  
Helen Cornelia, April 19, 1900  
Irving Holcomb, December 28, 1902

*Chapin*

Marion Osgood, January 2, 1891  
Eleanor Virginia Randolph, August 5, 1892

\**Chase, W. L.*

Mary Greenough, July 15, 1877; \*April 20, 1881  
Helen Leverett, November 20, 1878  
William Henry, December 17, 1881 (Harvard, 1904)  
Sarah Gilroy, July 9, 1888  
Lilian, June 11, 1889

\**Cleaves*

Ruth, May 31, 1886  
Edwin Nelson, January 23, 1890 (Harvard; 1911)  
James Hooker, January 23, 1890

\**Clymer*

George, April 13, 1883 (Harvard, 1905)

\**Collins*

Marjorie Stow, August 8, 1885  
Kenneth Gaston, January 10, 1893

*Cumming*

Emily Dana, November 20, 1904  
Edward Dilworth, July 18, 1906

*Curtis*

Sylvia, May 5, 1899

Marjorie Sargent, July 15, 1901

Ralph Wormeley, Jr., December 7, 1908

*Davis, Simon*

Helen Goldthwait, August 21, 1885

Elizabeth Goldthwait, December 9, 1888; \*August 25,  
1889

John Goldthwait, December 18, 1891

Elizabeth Brown, March 10, 1898

*Davis, William*

Helen Russell, March 30, 1879

Margaret Turner, February 5, 1881

Holyoke, March 25, 1882 (Harvard, 1904)

Mary Holyoke, December 31, 1891

*Eaton, A. J.*

Eugene Courtlandt, September 7, 1881

Mary Judson, April 28, 1885

Brenda Dorothy, April 30, 1890

Herbert Vincent, June 15, 1892

*\*Fisher*

Martin Tucker, September 14, 1890 (Harvard, 1913)

Marie Evelyn, December 1, 1892

Samuel Curtis, May 25, 1899

*Gaff*

Zaidee Forsyth, August 19, 1885

*Gardiner*

Robert Hallowell, Jr., November 5, 1882 (Harvard, 1904)

Alice, February 24, 1884

Sylvester, January 11, 1888; \*May 15, 1889

Anna Lowell, September 9, 1890

William Tudor, June 12, 1892 (Harvard, 1914)

*Giles*

Marian Bunton, August 9, 1909

*Gopsill*

Anna Ross, October 14, 1883; \*December 5, 1893  
Kenneth Munroe, December 30, 1895

*Gove*

William Pinkham, September 15, 1883 (Harvard, 1906)  
Lydia Pinkham, November 24, 1885 (Smith, 1907)  
Mary, December 14, 1892 (Wellesley, 1916)  
Caroline, May 21, 1895

*Grandin*

Francis Throckmorton, November 2, 1881; \*August  
25, 1915  
Egbert, July 21, 1883 (Columbia S. of M.)  
Edith, October 3, 1885  
Julia V., November 20, 1891

\**Green, G. W.*

Walton Atwater, November 4, 1881 (Harvard, 1904)  
Horace, October 13, 1885 (Harvard, 1908)

*Greene*

Donald, September 18, 1889 (Harvard, 1911)  
Elizabeth, November 21, 1890 (Smith, 1913)  
Lidian Hall, June 17, 1893

*Harding*

Edward, April 8, 1888 (Harvard, 1911)  
George Russell, October 10, 1889 (Harvard, 1911)  
Madeleine, October 13, 1891  
Helen Beal, December 14, 1894

\**Harris*

Harriet Esther, December 7, 1875  
Daniel Lester, July 5, 1877  
Ambia Boody, March 31, 1880  
Ida Kibbee, April 26, 1884

\**Harrison*

Learner Blackman, September 23, 1881 (Harvard, 1904)  
Marion A., June 16, 1884  
Francis G., August 3, 1887



\* *Hastings*

John Walter, July 23, 1883

Harriet Clark, September 5, 1885; \* September 4, 1886

\* *Hinckley*

Barbara, February 6, 1889

Eleanor Holmes, June 5, 1891

\* *Hoar, Rockwood*

Frances Helen, November 24, 1894

Louisa Ruth, August 22, 1898

*Hobson*

Henry Michel, September, 1907

Julian, November, 1910

\* *Holman*

Katharine, October 8, 1883

James Lusk, November 18, 1894

*Isham*

Lincoln, June 8, 1892

*Ives*

Frederic Manley, January 5, 1880 (Harvard, 1901)

Oscar Jackson, May 24, 1881 (Harvard, 1903)

\* *Jackson*

Anne Warren, February 25, 1886 (Bryn Mawr, 1908)

Eugenia Louise, March 15, 1892 (Bryn Mawr, 1914)

Charles Thomas, February 1, 1898

*Jacobs*

Pauline, October 12, 1889; \* January 4, 1913

George Stanley, February 23, 1892

Doris Cooper, November 18, 1895

*Jaques*

Francis, April 18, 1881 (Harvard, 1903)

\* *Jecko*

Lizzie Alice, August 26, 1879

Joseph, November 26, 1880

*Foy*

Emma Marion, May 7, 1883

\* *Kidder*

Edna Farnsworth, December 30, 1882

Kate Elizabeth, August 9, 1885

Ruth, January 24, 1887

Oliver Francis, January 12, 1890

\* *Leland*

Howard Alvord, August 22, 1888 (Harvard, 1909)

Richard Cutler, November 23, 1891 (Harvard, 1914)

*Long*

George Ashley, Jr., July 29, 1893

Helen, July 23, 1895

Hattie, November 19, 1897

Vinton, September 9, 1909

\* *MacArthur*

Malcolm, March 22, 1888

*McDuffie*

Anstiss Howard, October 26, 1885

Howard Clement, January 27, 1893 (Harvard, 1914,  
*Magna cum laude*)

Charles Dennett, October 10, 1894 (Harvard, 1916)

\* *McMartin*

Flora, September 25, 1883

Mary, May 1, 1885

Cole, May 8, 1887

Peter, January 26, 1889

\* *Mills*

Hiram Wyckoff, September 29, 1883

\* *Morgan*

Agnes Bangs, October 31, 1879 (Radcliffe, 1901)

James Cutler, July 20, 1881 (Lawrence Scientific  
School, 1906)

Alice Carter, September 10, 1884; \*September 27, 1884

Edward Cutler, January 6, 1891

*Morse*

Helen Benn, August 22, 1884 (Wellesley, 1907)  
Bella Russell, August 24, 1891; \* December 7, 1891  
Beulah Russell, August 24, 1891

\* *Newberry*

Winifred Eells, September 5, 1881 (Smith, 1904)  
John Strong, April 8, 1883  
Mary Witt, June 21, 1885

\* *Nickerson*

Ellen Floyd, February 10, 1896  
George Augustus, Jr., March 7, 1897  
Katherine Louisa, November 12, 1900

*Olmsted*

John Morgan, December 27, 1879 (Harvard, 1902)  
Charles Morgan, January 19, 1881 (Harvard, 1903)  
Remington, September 16, 1882 (Harvard, 1905)  
Harold LeRoy, March 28, 1886 (Harvard, 1908)  
Allen Seymour, July 9, 1888 (Harvard, 1909)  
Seymour Hatch, April 2, 1891 (Harvard, 1913)

*Otis*

Marghretta, December 17, 1888  
Rosamond Fay, January 17, 1891

\* *Page*

Mary Reynolds, June 26, 1884  
Frances Elizabeth, November 17, 1885  
John Boardman, March 19, 1888 (died in infancy)

\* *Peckham*

Fannie Lelia Gracie, February 28, 1880

\* *Peirce*

Jessie Landreth Osgood, August 2, 1885  
Emily Osgood, March 6, 1887

*Richards, D. J.*

Augustus Loring, November 15, 1879 (Harvard, 1903)  
Esther Loring, June 6, 1885 (Mount Holyoke, 1910)

*Richards, W. P.*

Ruth, December 6, 1883 (Radcliffe, 1906)  
Phillips Kent, August 21, 1887; \*April 21, 1890  
Robert Goodale, March 31, 1895 (Harvard, 1916)

*Sampson*

Edward, May 31, 1891

*Sargent, Henry*

Mary Felton, April 5, 1885  
Henry, February 13, 1887

\**Seligman*

Katharine H., December 3, 1894  
Dorothy C., January 30, 1896  
Marjorie, September 13, 1900

*Silver*

Harriet Moore, August 28, 1884  
Thomas Hammond, Jr., December 2, 1886

\**Sleeper*

Ella Louise, May 18, 1879  
Margaret, June 27, 1887

\**Stetson*

Clarence Cutting, March 11, 1884 (Harvard, 1907)

*Stevens*

Philip D., March 1, 1894 (Harvard, 1916)

*Stiles*

Russell, December 26, 1887 (Harvard, 1912)  
Edith, August 11, 1892 (Barnard, 1915)

*Stimson*

Mildred, April 23, 1882  
Elizabeth Bradlee, October 29, 1885; \*January 3, 1887  
Margaret Ashton, January 2, 1888

*Talbot*

Edith Lincoln, December 8, 1888; \*———, ——  
Samuel Spring, February 12, 1891 (Harvard, 1913)

*Thompson*

Newell Aldrich, Jr., February 3, 1890

*Thwing*

Mary Butler, October 30, 1880

Francis Butler, February 20, 1891

Aphia, August 23, 1892

*Tyng*

Blanche Elliot, November 16, 1894

*Wambaugh*

Sarah, March 6, 1882 (Radcliffe, 1902)

Miles, July 12, 1889 (Harvard, 1910)

\**Ward, S. G.*

George Cabot, November 5, 1881

Francis Randolph, March 14, 1883

Julian Botts, June 3, 1884

Caroline Fellows, February 23, 1893

*Ware*

Mary Elizabeth, August 6, 1882; \*August 8, 1882

George Long, February 14, 1884

Charles Eliot, Jr., August 20, 1885

Thornton Kirkland, December 26, 1887 (Harvard, 1910)

*Wellman*

Roderick, April 16, 1882 (Harvard, 1903)

Allen G., March 11, 1884 (Harvard, 1905)

Edith, June 8, 1892

\**Wheelwright, E. M.*

Francis Brooks, March 8, 1888; \*April 26, 1888

Louise, October 29, 1889

Edmund March, Jr., April 28, 1891

John Brooks, September 9, 1897

Frederick, July —, 1901; \*July —, 1901

*Wheelwright, J. T.*

Merriam, July 30, 1908

\**Winslow*

John White Stevenson, April 3, 1893

## TEMPORARY MEMBERS

### *Andrews*

Daisy Hardenbergh, June 5, 1880  
Ada Irene, November 17, 1884  
Walter Scott, Jr., November 7, 1886

### \* *Baldwin*

Ellen Elizabeth, December 2, 1884  
Esther Merritt, August 12, 1886  
Mary Converse, November 15, 1887  
Richard Burrill, July 11, 1891

### \* *Bellamy*

Louise Imogen, October 4, 1882  
Dorothy, May 16, 1889; \*August 1, 1889  
Charles Joseph, Jr., March 8, 1891

### \* *Davis, E. W.*

Edmund Steuart, March 15, 1882  
Horace Bloodgood, October —, 1883; \*August —, 1884

### *Fuller*

Margaret Crane, September 29, 1885 (Radcliffe, —)  
Constance, December 14, 1886 (Radcliffe, —)  
Elizabeth Minot, May 2, 1888; \*February 25, 1907  
Arthur Davenport, September 1, 1889 (Harvard, 1911)  
George Minot, August 24, 1891  
Faith Greenleaf, December 3, 1892  
Kenneth Eliot, March 9, 1894 (Harvard, 1916)

### *Humason*

Marjorie Florence, December 6, 1886  
Melicent Eno, January 11, 1889  
Lawrence Cole, May 16, 1891

### \* *Keblér*

John L., September 29, 1879  
Leonard, September 26, 1883

### *Kerr*

Betty, July 24, 1879  
Delia Raymond, November 4, 1882

*Kerr (Continued)*

Harriette Slataper, September 23, 1885

James Kingsley, April 5, 1887

Eugenia Lee, December 12, 1891

Felician Slataper, May 19, 1893; \*February 28, 1895

\**Lowell, Charles*

Mary Beatrice, December 9, 1888

Alfred Putnam, March 15, 1890 (Harvard, 1911)

*Lynn*

Bessie E., ———, ———

Charles Sumner, ———, ———

\**Morris, W. R.*

Richardson Savage, June 5, 1891

\**Nichols*

Frances Quincy, October 1, 1892

Henry Gilman, April 8, 1894

\**Osgood*

Howard, Jr., July 27, 1889 (Harvard, 1911)

Harvey Montgomery, June 10, 1891

*Parker, Harold*

Bartol, June 7, 1885 (Harvard, 1908)

Elizabeth, September 12, 1886

Cornelia Conway, May 21, 1894

*Taylor*

Ethel Augusta, November 6, 1884

\**Thomas, Isaiah*

Elizabeth, April 12, 1877

Marion, August 12, 1879; \*September 27, 1880

*Ward, G. C.*

Carrie May, August 4, 1883

Ethel Chase, July 30, 1886

Helen Louise, May 15, 1891



*\*Welles*

Philip Turner, May 8, 1883  
Samuel, February 4, 1885; \* March 13, 1888  
Russell, November 16, 1891  
Winifred, January 26, 1893

*Wells*

Frederic Lyman, April 20, 1884 (Columbia, 1903)  
Henry Willis, February 18, 1895 (Amherst, ——)

*Wendell*

Barrett, Jr., April 19, 1881 (Harvard, 1902)  
Mary Barrett, February 17, 1883  
William Greenough, November 11, 1888 (Harvard, 1909)  
Edith, September 5, 1893

*\*Wiggins*

Elizabeth, November 12, 1883  
Carl, November 24, 1885 (Harvard, 1908)  
John Gregory, November 17, 1890 (Harvard, 1912)

LAWRENCE SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

*Davis, B. C.*

Mabel, October 30, 1883  
Martha Hubbard, September 17, 1885

*Roberts*

Reginald, August 13, 1888  
Eliot, September 27, 1891

ADDED BY VOTE OF CLASS COMMITTEE

*Clarke*

Read Rice, July 20, 1879; \* April 3, 1881  
Hermann Frederick, March 29, 1882

*Perkins*

Alva Harold, ——, —— (Harvard, 1906)  
Florence Genevieve, ——, ——  
Seth, Jr., ——, ——

## DEATHS

*Frank Wheeler Barrett*, September 18, 1878  
*Roe Hasbrouck*, February 21, 1879  
*Henry Johnson Blandy*, August 9, 1879  
*Frederick Addison Blandy*, January 21, 1880  
*Robert Wheaton Guild*, June 9, 1880  
*Francis Minot*, March 4, 1883  
*John Elliott Wetherbee*, ———, 1885  
*Edmund Trowbridge Hastings*, May 8, 1886  
*Edward Brown Lefavour*, May 18, 1889  
*Frank MacArthur*, December 1, 1889  
*George Hillard Bradford*, February 17, 1890  
*Holmes Hinckley*, February 25, 1891  
*Azariah Boody Harris*, ———, 1892  
*William Mason*, ———, 1892  
*Silas Allen Potter*, ———, 1892  
*William Fletcher Weld*, January 9, 1893  
*Charles Pratt Strong*, March 15, 1893  
*Walter Stow Collins*, ———, 1893  
*Daniel Cady McMartin*, August 10, 1895  
*William Leverett Chase*, October 7, 1895  
*Stephen Henry Jecko*, March 18, 1896  
*Horace Nathaniel Hooper*, October 27, 1897  
*Frank Henry Sleeper*, February 25, 1898  
*John Charles Holman*, May 18, 1898  
*Henry Hobart Brown*, August 17, 1899  
*Samuel Gray Ward*, November 16, 1900  
*George Augustus Nickerson*, September 2, 1901  
*Daniel Carpenter Bacon*, November 4, 1901  
*Willis Daniels Leland*, May 15, 1902  
*Charles John Bell*, January 3, 1903  
*William Branford Shubrick Clymer*, May 9, 1903  
*George Walton Green*, December 13, 1903

*William Reynolds Page*, February 27, 1904  
*Charles Wade Stickney*, June 10, 1904  
*Samuel Sherwood*, June 29, 1905  
*William Fargo Kip*, July 5, 1905  
*George Homans Eldridge*, July 13, 1905  
*William Albert Brownlow*, November —, 1905  
*Cyrus Tracy Peckham*, December 10, 1905  
*Hiram Robert Mills*, May 9, 1906  
*Rockwood Hoar*, November 2, 1906  
*Charles Albert Dickinson*, January 9, 1907  
*David Theodore Seligman*, September 9, 1907  
*Arthur Stearns Eddy*, August 8, 1908  
*Samuel McCully Black*, August 23, 1909  
*Frank Hatch Morgan*, June 20, 1910  
*William Frederic Duff*, February 6, 1911  
*Francis Cabot Lowell*, March 6, 1911  
*Samuel Tucker Fisher*, July 22, 1911  
*Edmund March Wheelwright*, August 14, 1912  
*Arthur St. John Newberry*, November 30, 1912  
*Edward Stetson*, February 17, 1913  
*John Flack Winslow*, April 4, 1913  
*Edmund Pitts Harrison*, October 7, 1913  
*Benjamin Osgood Peirce*, January 14, 1914  
*Theodore Chickering Williams*, May 6, 1915  
*James Edwin Cleaves*, June 30, 1915  
*Frederic Henry Kidder*, October 13, 1915  
*Willard Knowlton Dyer*, October 18, 1915  
*Oscar Roland Jackson*, April 10, 1916

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*Alfred Henry Jones*, ———, 1873  
*Robert Henry Oliphant*, February 1, 1873  
*William Daniel Ellet*, November 20, 1874  
*James Dixon Roman*, June —, 1875  
*Octavius Warren Meeks*, July 19, 1876  
*Thomas Hollingsworth Morris*, ———, 1876  
*Albert Swan Hancox*, February 12, 1879

*Gardner Thomas*, April 14, 1880  
*George Gilbert Blymyer*, September —, 1882  
*Charles Albert Kebler*, ———, 1887  
*Walter Tappan*, ———, 1887  
*Walker Blaine*, ———, 1890  
*Isaiah Thomas*, ———, 1890  
*John Wiggins*, November —, 1894  
*Edward Everett Parker*, September 5, 1896  
*John Richard Baldwin*, May 1, 1897  
*Charles Albert Blymyer*, October 24, 1897  
*Nelson William Perry*, March 27, 1898  
*Henry Gilman Nichols*, May 21, 1900  
*William Radcliffe Morris*, July 3, 1900  
*Orrando Perry Dexter*, October 10, 1903  
*Charles Lowell*, May 24, 1906  
*Frank Herbert Eaton*, ———, 1908  
*Charles Warner Plummer*, February 25, 1908  
*Edmund Walstein Davis*, ———, 1908  
*James Howard Welles*, June 30, 1909  
*Howard Lawrence Osgood*, November 3, 1909  
*Charles Joseph Bellamy*, December 12, 1910  
*Kendrick Wheeler*, March 29, 1912  
*Frank Pemberton Ward*, February 9, 1915  
*William Herbert Atkinson*, March 11, 1915

## ADDRESSES

[Unless otherwise specified, the State is Massachusetts]

- Daniel Webster Abercrombie*, 81 Providence St., Worcester  
*Harcourt Amory*, 293 Beacon St., Box 1302, Boston  
*Thurlow Weed Barnes*, Metropolitan Club, New York, N. Y.  
*Charles Henry Barrows*, 68 Walnut St., Springfield  
*Judge Marcus Percival Bennett*, Placerville, El Dorado Co., Cal.  
*John King Berry*, 166 Devonshire St., Boston  
*Edward Bicknell*, 112 Montello St., Lewiston, Me.  
*Joel Carlton Bolan*, 36 Princeton St., East Boston  
*John Franklin Botume*, 622 Huntington Chambers, Boston  
*Hon. Henry Sherman Boutell*, 205 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.  
*Alfred Bowditch*, 111 Devonshire St., Boston  
*Robert Stow Bradley*, 411 Commonwealth Ave., Boston  
*William Mason Bradley*, 188 Middle St., Portland, Me.  
*James Hovey Bullard, M.D.*, 312 Bullard Bldg., Los Angeles, Cal.  
*Rev. William Harry Burbank*, 45 Oliver St., Malden  
*Frank Wesley Burnham*, Chiloway, Delaware Co., N. Y.  
*Frank Woodruff Chapin, M.D.*, Home Life Ins. Co., 256 Broadway, New York, N. Y.  
*Frank Eugene Chase*, 5 Hamilton Place, Boston  
*Richard Smith Culbreth*, 633 Calvert Bldg., Baltimore, Md.  
*George Miller Cumming*, 55 Cedar St., New York, N. Y.  
*Ralph Wormeley Curtis*, 40 Avenue du Trocadero, Paris, France  
*Simon Davis*, 30 Longwood Ave., Brookline  
*William Davis, M.D.*, 550 Lowry Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.  
*Lafayette Hoyt DeFriesse*, 32 Liberty St., New York, N. Y.  
*Loren Griswold DuBois*, 405 Commonwealth Ave., Boston  
*Adoniram Judson Eaton*, McGill University, Montreal, Canada

*Harold Clarence Ernst, M.D.*, 8 Greenough Ave., Jamaica Plain

*Henry Theophilus Finck*, "Evening Post," New York, N. Y.

*Judge James Henry Flint*, 24 Milk St., Boston

*Thomas Trueman Gaff*, Osterville (June 1–Nov. 1), 520 20th St., Washington, D. C. (Nov. 1–June 1)

*Robert Hallowell Gardiner*, 717 Barristers Hall, Boston

*Jabez Edward Giles, M.D.*, 156 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y.

*John Garretson Gopsill*, 58 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J.

*William Henry Gove*, 254 Lafayette St., Salem, Mass.

*Egbert Henry Grandin, M.D.*, 319 West 95th St., New York, N. Y.

*Herbert Green*, 141 St. James Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

*Frederick Lewis Greene*, 5 Park St., Greenfield

*Edward Cunningham Hall*, Jordan, Dawson Co., Montana

*Emor Herbert Harding*, 155 Bay State Road, Boston

*David Blakely Hoar*, 161 Devonshire St., Boston

*Henry Dexter Brewer Hobson*, New Brunswick, N. J.

*Charles Isham*, 27 William St., New York, N. Y.

*George Burnham Ives*, 4 Broad St., Salem

*George Edward Jacobs*, 43 Tremont St., Boston

*Henry Percy Jaques, M.D.*, Lenox

*Glidden Wood Joy*, Fanwood, N. J.

*William Mitchell Kendall*, 101 Park Ave., New York, N. Y.

*Samuel Dana Kittredge*, Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y.

*Elliot Cabot Lee*, 40 State St., Boston

*Frank Shalter Livingood*, 536 Court St., Reading, Pa.

*George Ashley Long*, Boca Raton, Dade Co., Florida

*Alexander Wadsworth Longfellow*, 1124 Tremont Bldg., Boston

*Percival Lowell*, 53 State St., Boston

*Frederick Clement McDuffie*, 653 John Hancock Bldg., Boston

*Leonard Jarvis Manning*, Woburn St., Medford

*Philippe Belknap Marcou*, 28 Quai d'Orleans, Paris, France

*Mr. Justice William Henry Moody*, 38 Saltonstall Road, Haverhill

*William Russell Morse*, 32 Aspinwall Road, Dorchester  
*John Bartow Olmsted*, 183 Bryant St., Buffalo, N. Y.  
*Walter Joseph Otis, M.D.*, 267 Beacon St., Boston  
*Rev. George Stevenson Pine*, Bishop McVickar House, 66  
 Benefit St., Providence, R. I.  
*David Jay Richards*, Sherborn  
*William Phillips Richards*, 44 Day St., West Somerville  
*William Corcoran Riggs*, Care of Sanborn & Sanborn, 141  
 Broadway, New York, N. Y.  
*Alden Sampson*, Century Club, 7 West 43rd St., New York,  
 N. Y.  
*George Amory Sargent, M.D.*, 46 Hereford St., Boston  
*Henry Sargent*, 44 Front Street, Worcester  
*Thomas Hammond Silver*, Wellsville, Ohio  
*Milan Fillmore Stevens*, 7 Water Street, Boston  
*Sumner Burritt Stiles*, 15 Wall St., New York, N. Y.  
*Hon. Frederic Jesup Stimson*, 53 State St., Boston  
*Thomas Lincoln Talbot*, 98 Exchange St., Portland, Me.  
*Newell Aldrich Thompson*, 77 Summer St., Boston  
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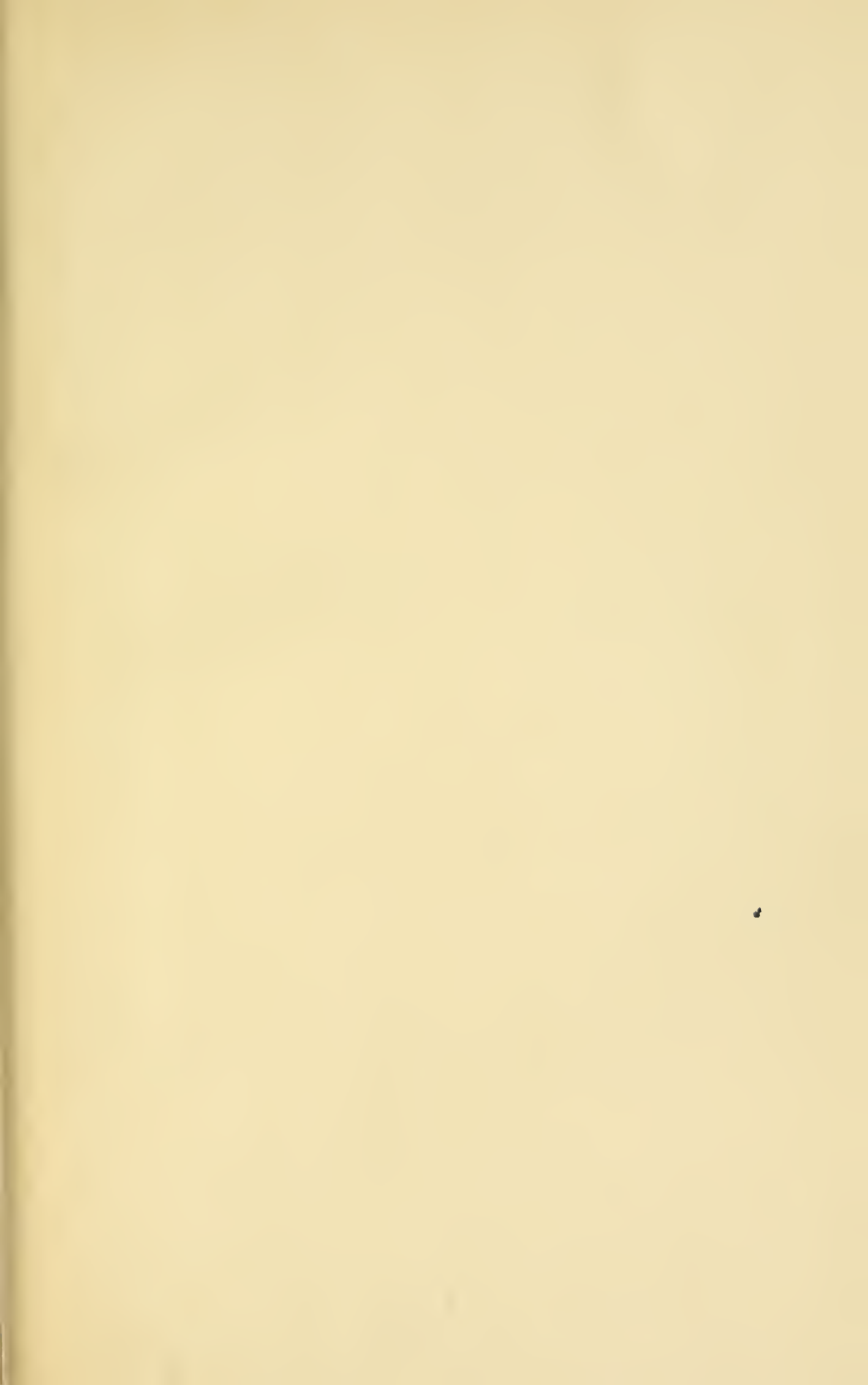
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